

Operating Instructions

MEW01457

Revision -

Fire Alarm System EBL512 ***V2.7.x***

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1 Introduction

EBL512 Operating Instructions is a document¹ intended to be used by the end-user and the fire brigade personnel as well as service / commissioning engineers.

Due to continual development and improvement, different S/W versions are to be found. This document is valid for **S/W version 2.7.x**. On the date / rev date of the document $x = 0$.

Since the EBL512 control unit (c.i.e.) is produced for many countries the look, the texts, the functions, etc. might vary.

Products

Consists of one or more parts (HW) according to a **Product Parts List**. A product has:

- a **type number** (e.g. **1548**)
- an **article number**, often = the type no. and sometimes is a country code added (e.g. **1548SE**)
- a **product name** (e.g. **EBL512 control unit, 128 addresses, without printer**)

HW

A HW (e.g. a printed circuit board) has:

- a **type number** (e.g. **1556**)
- an **article number**, often = the type no. and sometimes is a country code added (e.g. **1556SE**)
- a **product name** (e.g. **Main Board 128 addr.**)
- a **p.c.b. number** (e.g. **9261-3A**) and can also have a configuration (e.g. **CFG: 1**) and a revision (e.g. **REV: 2**)
- sometimes a **S/W**

S/W

A S/W has:

- a **version number** (e.g. **V2.7.x**)
- sometimes additional information, such as **Convention** (different functions / facilities), **Language**, **Number of addresses**, etc.

PC S/W

A PC S/W is a program used for programming, commissioning, etc. It has a **version number**.

¹ File name: L:\User documents\512\Doc\2.7.x\MEW01457 (Rev -).doc

2 Definitions / Explanations

Definitions / explanations / abbreviations / etc. frequently used or not explained elsewhere in the document.

2.1 PESN AB

Panasonic Eco Solutions Nordic AB

2.2 Alarm points

Units, which can generate a fire alarm (in the control unit), i.e. analog detectors (sensors), conventional detectors, manual call points, etc.

2.2.1 Smoke detector

Analog and conventional photoelectric (optical) smoke detectors are available.

2.2.2 Sensor

Sensor = Analog detector

2.2.3 Analog detector

Contains an A/D-converter. The Control Unit pick up the digital values ("sensor values") for each detector individually. All evaluations and "decisions" are then made in the c.i.e. Analog detectors are addressable – an address setting tool is used for detector types **33xx / 430x**. Old installations: A DIL-switch in the **ASB** (see below) is used for address setting for detectors **2xxx**.

An analog detector has to be plugged in an analog sensor base (**ASB**).

2.2.4 Analog (Sensor) Base (ASB)

A sensor is plugged in an ASB, which is connected to a COM loop (see below). Old installations: Analog sensor base types **2xxx** have a DIL-switch for the COM loop address setting.

2.2.5 Conventional detector

Detector with only two statuses, i.e. normal and fire alarm. The detector contains a closing contact and a series alarm resistor. Normally plugged in a conventional detector base **CDB** (see below) connected to a conventional zone line input, with an end-of-line device. Some types are connected directly on zone line. Old installations: An addressable detector base (ADB) for conventional detectors (see below) could be connected directly to a COM loop.

2.2.6 (Conventional Detector) Base (CDB)

A conventional detector is plugged in a CDB, connected to a conventional zone line input.

2.2.7 Addressable (Detector) Base (ADB)

Old installations: An ADB for conventional detectors (see above) could be connected directly to a COM loop.

- 2.2.8 Addressable**
A unit with a built-in address device, i.e. each unit is individually identified, handled and indicated in the c.i.e.
(The unit can be an I/O unit with a zone line input, to which one or more conventional "alarm points" can be connected.)
- 2.2.9 Old detector**
Old installations: Conventional detector with a closing contact (i.e. a short circuit; no alarm resistor), or a detector with two breaking contacts.
- 2.2.10 Conventional zone line input / External line**
Input intended for one or more conventional alarm points. End-of-line device in the last alarm point.
Old installations: ADB / Addressable zone interface input, intended for one or more conventional alarm points. End-of-line resistor in the last alarm point.
- 2.2.11 ADB input / Addressable zone interface**
Old installations: Ext. line / conventional zone line, intended for one or more conventional alarm points. End-of-line resistor in the last alarm point.
- 2.3 Output unit**
Addressable unit with programmable control outputs. Connected to a COM loop (see below).
- 2.4 Output / Control output**
Defined or programmable function. Relay output or voltage output (supervised / monitored), in the c.i.e. or an output unit.
- 2.5 Short circuit isolator (ISO)**
Addressable unit for automatic disconnection of a part (segment) of a COM loop (see below) in case of a short circuit on the loop. (According to EN54-2: One ISO is required per 32 alarm points on the COM loop.)
- 2.6 Display unit (DU)**
Addressable unit for fire alarm presentation (incl. user definable text messages, if programmed).
- 2.7 COM loop**
Loop = a cable, with two wires, to which all the addressable units can be connected. Starts in the c.i.e. and it returns back to the c.i.e.

2.8 **BS4 loop**

Loop = a cable, with two wires, to which all the addressable Autronica (BS100) units can be connected. Starts in the c.i.e. and it returns back to the c.i.e.

2.9 **Control Unit / C.U. / C.I.E.**

Control Unit = Control and Indicating Equipment = Unit to which the alarm points are connected (via a COM loop). Indicates fire alarm, fault condition, etc. Fire Brigade Panel & Control Panel (see below) included or not included. Printer included or not included.

2.10 **Fire Brigade Panel (FBP)**

Unit intended for fire alarm presentation, etc. for the fire brigade personnel. Can be a part of the control unit (front) or a separate unit (external FBP).

In the ext. FBP, a printer can be included or not included.

2.11 **Control panel (CP)**

A part of the control unit (front), intended for the building occupier, service personnel, etc., to "communicate" with the control unit / system.

2.12 **System**

Several control units connected via a TLON network (co-operating control units).

2.13 **Network / TLON[®] / LonWorks[®] / Echelon / Node / TLON Conn. board / Gateway / Sub net / Backbone net / Router / Repeater**

Brief explanations to the words/expressions to be found in connection with a "network". See also separate TLON Technical description.

TLON[®] = TeleLarm Local Operating Network = a LonWorks[®]- based network² for communication between several units/nodes. The protocol is LonTalk and the transmission works with doubly-terminated bus topology (Echelon FTT-10). To connect a control unit to the network, a TLON connection board is plugged in the control unit. (Old installations: Some control units, not prepared for network connection, could be connected via a serial interface and a Gateway).

A network can be one sub net (FTT-10) or several sub nets, connected via routers. (In the TLON Network a sub net = a channel.)

Repeaters are used to increase the maximum cable length, node to node, in a network.

² LonWorks[®] = A "summing-up-name" for the market of Echelon Corporation Inc. technology.

Router or Repeater is the same type of unit (different configuration). All network programming (configuration) are made with the PC program "TLON Manager".

2.14 LED

LED (**L**ight **E**mitting **D**iode) = Yellow, green or red optical indicator ("lamp").

2.15 External Indicator (LED)

A unit with an LED. Connected to an ASB, CDB or a detector with a built-in LED. Old installations: Also connected to an ADB. Lit when the built-in LED is lit.

2.16 Display / LCD

LCD (**L**iquid **C**rystal **D**isplay) = Display (in the c.i.e. or Display unit) for presentation of fire alarms, fault messages, etc. Normally 40 alphanumeric characters and backlight.

2.17 Door open (Door / Key switch)

In EBL512 there is a door switch, which is activated when the control unit door is open. In some other units this door switch is replaced with a key switch.

The LED "Door open" is indicating "door open" / key switch in position "open".

2.18 Site Specific Data (SSD)

The SSD is unique for each installation. All alarm points, presentation numbers, user definable text messages, programmable outputs, etc. are created in the PC program **Win512** and also downloaded in EBL512 with **Win512**.

2.19 Software (S/W) / System program

The S/W makes the control unit (the microprocessor) work. It is factory downloaded but a new version can be downloaded in EBL512 on site.

2.20 Mixed system

EBL512 units (1548 / 1549 / 1550) with software **EBL512 version 2.7.x**, together with **EBL512 G3 units** (5000 / 5001) with software **EBL512 G3 United version 2.7.x**, in a **TLON Network**, i.e. a **mixed system**.

3 Overview

3.1 The EBL512 system

EBL512 is a microprocessor controlled intelligent fire alarm system, intended for analog addressable smoke detectors, as well as conventional detectors and manual call points. Programmable control outputs and output units are available. Up to 512 addresses can be connected to each control unit (c.i.e.).

EBL512 is available in several types, versions and configurations. It can be connected to a TLON network, a "system", with up to 30 control units³. Each control unit has access to all information.

EBL512 is designed according to the European standard EN54, part 2 and 4. The front conforms to SS3654.

3.1.1 Expansion boards

In the control unit (c.i.e.) it is possible to mount up to six expansion boards. The following types are available:

1580 8 zones expansion board

1581 8 relays expansion board

1582 External FBP interface board⁴

1583 German FBP interface board⁵

1584 Autronica interface board (four BS4 loops)⁶

1587 External FBP / DU interface board⁴

Regarding the expansion boards, see also the EBL512 Planning Instructions and drawings.

3.1.2 Printer

Control unit 1549 is equipped with a printer.

In control unit 1548 it is possible to mount a Printer 1558.

In Ext. Fire Brigade Panel 1826 it is possible to mount a Printer 1535.

3.1.3 Power supply

The main power source is a built-in rectifier (1537), 230 V AC, 1.5 A / 24 V DC, 4.5 A.

The second power source is a backup battery (2 x 12 V). In the c.i.e. is space for two 24-27 Ah batteries. Larger batteries (up to 60 Ah) have to be placed outside the c.i.e.

³ The control units can be EBL512 units (1548 / 1549 or 1550) with S/W version 2.7.x and EBL512 G3 units (5000 / 5001) with S/W United version 2.7.x.

⁴ Max. two 1582 + 1587 boards (together) per control unit. 1582 will be replaced by 1587.

⁵ Max. one 1583 board per control unit. 1583 board is **not** possible to use in Swedish (SBF) convention.

⁶ Max. four 1584 boards per control unit. 1584 board is **only** possible to use in Swedish (SBF) convention.

The batteries and the rectifier are connected to the Charger board (1657)⁷, which handles the charging of the batteries, etc. Low or High current charging mode is selected depending on the wanted backup battery capacity (backup time) and/or the EBL512 current consumption. See the EBL512 Planning Instructions, chapter "Power supply" for more information.

3.2 S/W versions

Due to continual development and improvement, different S/W versions can be found. When installing a new control unit in a system with "older" control units, you might have to update the S/W in the old control units. It is **highly recommended** to have the same S/W version in all control units but as from **S/W version 2.X.x the same S/W version is required in all control units.**

In a **mixed system** (see chapter "Mixed system", page 11) the EBL512 control units have to have the S/W **EBL512 version 2.7.x** and the EBL512 G3 control units have to have the S/W **EBL512 G3 United version 2.7.x**

3.3 Documents

The following documents are available:

- Operating instructions (this document)
- Planning instructions
- Drawings (e.g. connection diagrams)

Normally information that is found in one document is not to be found in another document, i.e. the documents complement each other.

3.4 Applications

The EBL512 system is intended for small, medium and large installations. The intelligent control units offer the system designer and end user a technically sophisticated range of facilities and functions. Programming (PC S/W Win512) and commissioning of the control unit / system is very easy. Start with one control unit and then, when required, add more units. The TLON network makes it possible to install the control units in one building or in many buildings.

3.5 PC S/W

A number of PC S/Ws are used together with the EBL512 system.

3.5.1 Win512

Win512 version 2.7.x is used for programming and commissioning of one or more **EBL512 control units** (version 2.7.x) but in a mixed system (see chapter "Mixed system", page 11) it is also used for the **EBL512 G3 control units** (United version 2.7.x), i.e. to:

- create / download / backup (upload) the site specific data (SSD)

⁷ The former Charger board for EBL512 had the type no. 1557.

- program convention / configurations / C.U. & system data / etc.
- create and download the user definable text messages (alarm texts) shown in the display in the C.U. / ext. FBP and other Display units (AAU / EPU).
- download S/W & EBL512 settings.

NOTE! For the **EBL512 G3 control units** in a mixed system, **WinG3 version 1.1.x** has to be used to download S/W.

Win512 shall have the same version number as the EBL512 S/W version number regarding the two first digits (e.g. **2.7.x** and **2.7.x** respectively). Backup require the same version number (in Win512 and EBL512). Old SSD files can be opened and saved in a higher version of Win512 and thereafter downloaded.

3.5.2 TLON Manager

TLON Manager is used for the programming of network data / addresses / etc.

3.5.3 Web512 II Config tool

A PC tool, **Web512 II Config tool version 2.7.x** is used for configuration of the Web-server II (1598).

4 Control Unit



Figure 1. The EBL512 Control Unit (1548 / 1549). The look might vary according to configuration, country, etc.

The control unit is housed in a grey metal cabinet. Depending on country, convention, configuration, etc. the look, language and functions might vary, as well as the max. number of loop units (addresses).

The door has a Plexiglas ahead of the FBP part, see Figure 1. To open the door (=access level 1), a key is required (supplied). When the door is open, you fully see the front (the **Fire Brigade Panel, FBP**, and **Control Panel, CP**), see Figure 2, page 16.

To open the inner door, for the purpose of maintenance or servicing, a screwdriver is required.

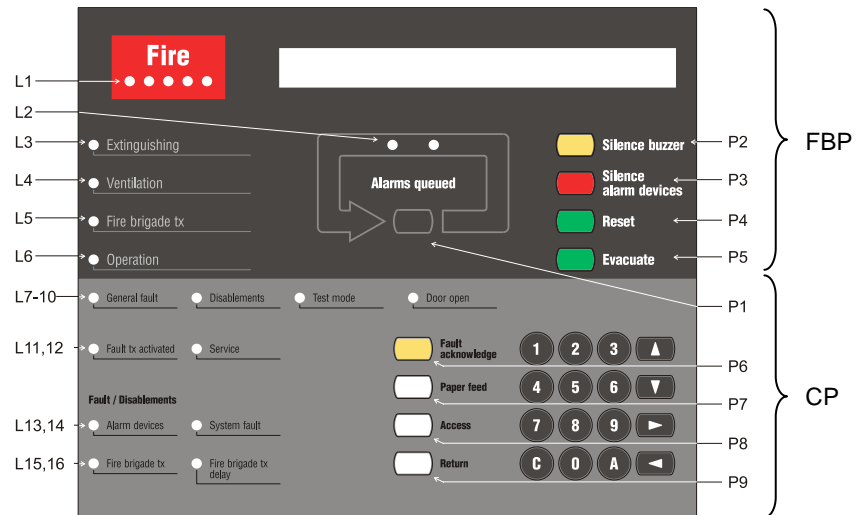


Figure 2. The EBL512 front; FBP (upper dark grey part) and CP (lower light grey part). The look might vary according to configuration, convention, etc. (e.g. English texts as in the figure). See also chapter "LED indicators and push buttons", page 17.

The fire brigade personnel use the **FBP** to take required operational control of the system and to see which alarm point / zone(s) having generated fire alarm. In the display (LCD, 2x40 alphanumeric characters), the information displayed on the first row is depending on how many alarm points / zones having generated fire alarm (and also convention). On the second row is, for an alarm point or a zone, a user definable text message (alarm text) shown, if programmed.

The **CP** is to "communicate" with the system, i.e. for commissioning, monthly tests, maintenance, etc. Access codes for different access levels are required. A keypad is used to get access to the system (a menu tree with main and sub menus) and for different manoeuvres. The CP has several system status LEDs.

5 LED indicators and push buttons

LEDs and push buttons can vary according to type and configuration (convention / country / language).

See also Figure 2, page 16.

LED indicators on the Fire Brigade Panel (FBP)		
LED indicator		Indicating
L1	Fire (5 red)	Fire alarms (also Pre-warning, Heavy smoke/heat alarm, Alert Annunciation alarm, Quiet alarm & Key cabinet alarm) ⁸
L2	Alarms queued (2 red)	More than one unit / zone have generated fire alarm. Use push button "Alarms queued" (P1) to scroll.
L3	Extinguishing (red)	Output(s) for extinguishing equipment activated ("Activated extinguishing"). ⁹
L4	Ventilation (yellow)	Output(s) for fire/smoke ventilation equipment activated ("Activated fire ventilation"). ⁹
L5	Fire brigade tx (red)	Output for fire brigade tx (routing equipment) and/or corresponding programmable output(s) (i.e. type 4 = routing equipment) activated. ⁹ ----- Test of routing equipment in progress (see menu H1).
L6	Operation (green)	The c.i.e. is powered via the rectifier or the battery.

(FBP push buttons on next page)

⁸ See chapter "Alarm types", page 39. In the New Zealand convention also "Acknowledged alarm" (ACK).

⁹ L3, L4 and L5 can as an alternative be programmed to indicate when a programmable input is activated, i.e. input trigger condition "Activated Extinguishing", "Activated fire ventilation" and "Activated routing equipment" respectively (e.g. L5 can be turned on when a programmable input is activated by an activated routing equipment output).

Push buttons on the Fire Brigade Panel (FBP)		
Push button		Operation/function
P1	Alarms queued (black)	Used, when LEDs "Alarms queued" (L2) are lit, to scroll/browse through the queued alarms (zones). Function, see chapter "Fire alarm", page 41, under LEDs "Alarms queued" .
P2	Silence buzzer (yellow)	Used to silence the buzzer in the c.i.e.
P3	Silence Alarm devices (red) ¹⁰	Used to silence the sounders (i.e. outputs for alarm devices).
P4	Reset (green) ¹¹	Has to be pressed for > 0.5 sec. Used to reset the fire alarm(s). ¹² Used to reset co-occurrence alarm. ¹³
P5	Evacuate (green) ¹⁴	Used to activate the sounders (i.e. outputs for alarm devices).

¹⁰ In the New Zealand convention = the "inside switch".

¹¹ In Belgian, British Standard and British Standard Marine Application conventions has "P3" to be activated before "P4" can be used.

¹² **Multiple reset** (Default): All fire alarms in the system will be reset simultaneously. **Single reset**: The fire alarm displayed in the LCD (first row to the left) will be reset. When more than one fire alarm is generated (LEDs "Alarms queued" are lit) each fire alarm has to be individually reset. **Single encapsulated reset**: Fire alarm reset is like "Single reset". Encapsulation function is described in EBL512 Planning Instructions, chapter "System properties (settings). (Encapsulated unit / zone = disabled unit / zone.)

NOTE (1)! When "Multiple reset" or "Single reset" is used, encapsulated reset can be done by pressing "Reset" (P4) and 0.1 sec. later also press "Alarms queued" (P1) and hold them pressed for > 0.5 sec.

By Single reset: The fire alarm displayed in the LCD (first row to the left) will be encapsulated.

By Multiple reset: The fire alarm displayed in the LCD (first row to the left) will be encapsulated **or** the points in alarm status within one zone will be encapsulated **or** the whole zone (conventional) will be encapsulated.

NOTE (2)! When "Single reset" or "Single encapsulated reset" is used you can make a "Multiple reset" by pressing "Reset" (P4) and 0.1 sec. later also press "A" (in the keypad) and hold them pressed for > 0.5 sec.

¹³ Co-occurrence alarm = One unit / zone in a 2-unit (-zone) dependence is activated.

¹⁴ In some conventions this button is not used (no designation text).

In Belgian, British Standard, Hungarian and Ukrainian conventions this button is used for the "Evacuate" function.

In "Polish" (CNBOP), "Bulgarian" and "Czech" conventions this button is used for "Alert Annunciation Acknowledge".

In "Australian" and "New Zealand" conventions this button is used to disable all zones "in alarm".

LED indicators on the Control Panel (CP)		
LED indicator		Indicating
L7	General fault (yellow)	Fault(s) (i.e. not acknowledged fault(s)) and/or acknowledged but not corrected fault(s).
L8	Disabling (yellow)	Something in the system is disabled / disconnected. NOTE! Also valid for "Single encapsulated reset" ¹² .
L9	Test mode (yellow)	One or more zones are in "test mode".
L10	Door open (yellow)	A door is open. ¹⁵
L11	Fault tx activated (yellow)	One or more not acknowledged faults in the system and the output Fault tx (routing equipment) is activated (i.e. this output must not be disabled). ----- Test of routing equipment in progress (see menu H1).
L12	Service (yellow)	One or more sensors have reached the service level. See menu H4/U6.
L13	Fault / Disabling Alarm devices (yellow)	One or more outputs (type 3 = alarm device) in the system are <u>disabled</u> . Blinking: One or more supervised outputs (type 3 = alarm device) have generated <u>fault(s)</u> . ¹⁶
L14	System fault (yellow)	EBL512 is not running (because of S/W / CPU / memory fault).
L15	Fault / Disabling Fire brigade tx (yellow)	Output(s) for fire brigade tx (routing equipment) is(are) <u>disabled</u> via menu (H8/S1 or H2/B3) or via an open door. ¹⁵ Blinking: Routing equipment power supply output ¹⁷ or one or more supervised outputs (type 4 = routing equipment) have generated <u>fault(s)</u> . ¹⁸
L16	Fire brigade tx delay (yellow)	The alert annunciation function is enabled, i.e. time channel controlling this function is "on". ¹⁹

¹⁵ See also chapter "Door open", page 35.

¹⁶ This is also valid when the c.i.e. has no "contact" with a unit with such an output, e.g. 3377, 3379, 3361, etc.

¹⁷ Connection board 1555 terminal block "P1:37-38", fuses F1 and F3.

¹⁸ This is also valid when the c.i.e. has no "contact" with a unit with such an output, e.g. 3361, etc.

¹⁹ The Alert Annunciation function is described in the EBL512 Planning Instructions, chapter "Alert annunciation". The LED "L16" will be "on" if the AA function is enabled for at least one alarm point / zone. Normally is only one time channel used for this function but two or more channels can be used. The AA function can, as an alternative, be continuously "on".

Push buttons / Keypad on the Control Panel (CP)		
Key/push button		Operation/function
P6	Fault acknowledge (yellow)	Used to acknowledge the faults shown in menu H6. Also used to acknowledge SERVICE signal, see menu H8/S4. ²⁰
P7	Paper feed (white)	Used for paper feed (when a built-in printer is available in the c.i.e.).
P8	Access (white)	Used to log on, i.e. to get access to the menu tree (via an access code) to carry out disablements, etc. In conjunction with fire alarm, some information is available and some actions are possible to perform via the "Fire alarm menu" (X1-X9) without log on, see chapter "Fire alarm", page 41.
P9	Return (white)	Used to stop input of data, leave a menu ("one step up") and to log off.
	1 – 9 and 0	Numeric keys for the figures 0-9.
	C	Used to clear /delete just written data.
	A	Used to accept a menu and accept input of data.
	← → ↑ ↓	Left / right keys are used to move the cursor in a menu. Up / down keys are used to scroll between the menus.

²⁰ In the New Zealand convention only, used to acknowledge a Fire alarm, i.e. the alarm information "ALM" in the LCD is changed to "ACK".

6 Normal operation

When the control unit / system is in normal operation (quiescent state), i.e. no fire alarms, no faults, no disablements, no service signals, no zones in test mode, no activated interlocking in / outputs, no open doors and/or Alert Annunciation function not enabled, only the LED "Operation" (L6) should be lit.

6.1 Alphanumeric display (LCD) in EBL512

In normal operation (quiescent state), some **system information** is shown in the LCD in the control unit.

6.1.1 System information on the top (first) row

The display (LCD) will in normal operation and in quiescent state show the information below.

The exact look is dependent on the convention / language:

```
YYYY-MM-DD      EBL512 CU XX      hh:mm:ss  
User programmable information text.
```

Top (first) row²¹:

YYYY = Year, 2009

MM = Month, e.g. 02 (=February)

DD = Day, e.g. 28

CU XX = Control Unit; XX = 00-29

hh = hours, e.g. 21

mm = minutes, e.g. 45

ss = seconds, e.g. 45

NOTE! The way the date is presented can be different for different languages, e.g.: **DD-MM-YYYY**.

Bottom (second) row:

The information on the bottom row (40 characters) can be created via Win512, i.e. it is user definable.

6.1.2 LCD backlight

When the information above is shown in the LCD, the backlight is OFF.

As soon as any other information (see below) is shown in the LCD, the backlight is turned ON.

²¹ The information on the top row (40 characters) is included in the text file downloaded in EBL512, i.e. the information could be different than the one showed above.

In order to reduce the current consumption, the LCD backlight will be turned OFF if the c.i.e. is powered only by the second power source, i.e. the battery.²²

6.1.3

The LCD information priority order

The different type of alarms, faults, etc. listed below are described in other parts of this document.

The LCD information priority order is as follows:

1. Fire alarms (Normal fire alarms, Heavy smoke / heat alarms and Key cabinet alarms)²³
2. Co-incident alarms
3. Pre-warnings
4. Quiet alarms (Normally used on the Australian market only.)
5. AAF zone alarms (Used in the Australian convention only.²⁴)
6. Evacuate information (only valid in some conventions)
7. ²⁵ ← Faults (not acknowledged)
8. Disablements
9. Zones in Test mode
10. Interlocking in- / outputs active

In the New Zealand convention: a. Silence switch left active b. Alarm routing equipment isolated c. Fault routing equipment isolated

²² In the Australian and New Zealand conventions, the LCD backlight will **not** be turned OFF even if the c.i.e. is powered only by the second power source.

²³ In the New Zealand convention also Acknowledged alarms (ACK) and Isolated alarms (ISO).

NOTE! A Fire alarm has a "log off function", i.e. if a menu window is open when a fire alarm is activated, the fire alarm will be presented instead.

Some information is available and some actions are possible to perform via the "Fire alarm menu" (X1-X9), see chapter "Fire alarm", page 40.

²⁴ Require special equipment available on the Australian market only.

²⁵ Require special equipment available on the New Zealand market only.

7 Access levels

EBL512 has six access levels for different kind of users.

Access level	Access code (password)	Required action	Users	Action
0	N/A	None (Door closed)	Anybody	Scroll / browse through the queued alarms
1	N/A	Fire brigade key. (to open the door)	Fire brigade personnel	Fire alarm handling Use menu X1-9.
2	****	Fire brigade key + Access code for level 2 (or 3 or 4).	Building occupier	Installation handling (daily duties), e.g. monthly tests, dis- ablements, etc.
3	****	Fire brigade key + Access code for level 3 (or 4).	Service / maintenance personnel	Service, maintenance.
4	****	Fire brigade key + Access code for level 4.	Service / maintenance / commissioning engineer	Service, maintenance commissioning the system.
5	*****	PC (Win512) connected + PC access code for level 5.	Service / commissioning engineer	Service, maintenance commissioning the system, etc. via Win512.

The access codes can be changed. To change a code you have to know the valid code or use a code for a higher access level.

Retailers are informed regarding the default access code respectively.

7.1 Access level 0

With the door closed, **anybody** has access to the push button "Alarms queued" (P1) - via a circular opening in the plexiglass - to scroll / browse through the queued alarms.

7.2 Access level 1

When the door has been opened (via the fire brigade key) and the door switch has been activated (LED "Door open" is lit), **the user / fire brigade personnel** has access to the push buttons / keypad to:

(P2) Silence the buzzer in the c.i.e. (EBL512).
(P3) Silence the alarm devices (sounders) in the system.
(P4) Reset fire alarm(s).
(P5) Evacuate (i.e. turn on the sounders). ¹⁴
(P7) Paper feed (when a built-in printer is available).
(P8) Get access (after logon) to level 2-4, i.e. menus / functions in the system.
NOTE! In conjunction with a fire alarm, the fire brigade personnel can use "P8" (without any access code) to get access to the menu X1 to scroll through all the fire alarms (e.g. see all point alarms).

From access level 1, the user can logon to access level 2, 3 and 4 respectively. See following chapters.

7.3 Access level 2

From access level 1, the user can **logon to access level 2**, which gives access to the following menus:

H1 Perform monthly test.
H2 Disable or re-enable.
B1 Disable zone
B2 Disable zone / address
B3 Disable control output
B4 Re-enable zone
B5 Re-enable zone / address
B6 Re-enable control output
B7 This menu is no longer valid. Use menu H2/B5.
B8 Control on / Control off
B9 Alarm devices on / Alarm devices off
H3 Set calendar and clock.
H4 Present system status on display and printer.
U1 Disablement
U2 Disablement by time channel.
U3 Show open doors. ²⁶
U4 Activated 2-zone / address dependent zone / address.
U5 Show sensor values.
U6 Sensors activating service signal
U7 Show event log
U8 Show configuration
H6 Acknowledge faults.
H7 Perform zone test (Test mode).
H9 Interlocking outputs and inputs
C1 Activated interlocking outputs/inputs
C2 Activate interlocking output
C3 Reset interlocking output
C4 Disable interlocking output
C5 Re-enable interlocking output
H10 Change access code for daily duties (access level 2).

²⁶ A door is open in one or more control units and/or external Fire Brigade Panels. See chapter "Door open", page 35.

7.4 Access level 3

From access level 2²⁷, the user can logon to access level 3, which gives access to the following menus, normally used by service personnel:

Same menus as in access level 2 plus the following:
H8 Maintenance
S1 Disable or re-enable outputs for routing equipment (Fire
S2 Disconnect loop.
S3 Re-connect loop.
S4 Acknowledge service signal.
S5 Clear weekly average.
S6 De-activate alert annunciation function.
S7 Test alarm devices.
S8 Safe shut down of control unit.
S9 Activate address in alarm mode.
S10 Synchronize the control units.
S11 Change access code for maintenance (access level 3).

²⁷ If code for access level 3 or 4 has been used to logon to access level 2, new logon to access level 3 is not required.

7.5 Access level 4

From access level 2²⁸, the user can logon to access level 4, which gives access to the following menus, normally used by Service / Commissioning Engineers:

Same menus as in access level 2 and 3 plus the following:
H5 Service
A1 Calibration of supervised outputs
A2 Sensitive fault detection mode
A3 Direction for communication on COM-/BS4-loop
A4 Show information about site specific data.
A5 Display current consumption in control unit
A6 Display current consumption on COM-/BS4-loop
A7 Display statistics for COM-loop
A8 Select unit on COM-loop (and BS4 loop) to use for triggering
A9 Activate address setting mode for DU
A10 Change access code for PC-communication (access level 5).
A11 Change access code for service (access level 4).

7.6 Access level 5

Used by Service / Commissioning Engineers when a PC shall be connected to the control unit, i.e. when Win512 shall be used for backup, download of Site Specific Data, S/W, settings, configurations, C.U. and system data, on-line status checking, etc.

Connect the PC and logon to EBL512 from Win512.

²⁸ If code for access level 4 has been used to logon to access level 2, new logon to access level 4 is not required.

8 "Silence Alarm devices"

In the control unit (on the FBP) there is a push button (P3) "Silence Alarm devices".

If the push button "Silence Alarm devices" is pressed during a pre-warning, a fire alarm or a Co-incidence alarm, the following will happen:

- LEDs "Fire" (L1) and "Alarms queued"²⁹ (L2) changes from blinking (0.4 / 0.4) to steady ON
- activated outputs³⁰, programmed for sounders (type 3 = alarm devices), will be turned OFF

In case of a new alarm, or if the push button "Silence Alarm devices" is pressed again, the sounders will automatically sound again and the LEDs "Fire" and "Alarms queued" starts blinking.

NOTE! This is also valid for Pre-warning and Co-incidence alarm.

8.1 Silence alarm devices (inside switch)

NOTE! The functions in this chapter are valid for the New Zealand convention only.

The button "Silence alarm devices" (P3) is called the "inside switch" and has the following function:

The inside switch toggles between two states.

- **Alarm devices disabled**
All programmable outputs of type "Alarm devices" are disabled, i.e. they cannot be activated.
- **Alarm devices not disabled**
All programmable outputs of type "Alarm devices" enabled, i.e. they can be activated.

If the inside switch is in its disabled state when the c.i.e. door is being closed the buzzer will beep once and the message "Silence switch left active" will be shown in the LCD. For priority order see chapter "Alphanumeric display (LCD) in EBL512", page 21.

NOTE! The inside switch has no function if the outside switch (see below) is activated (ON).

²⁹ When more than one fire alarm is activated.

³⁰ Including Addressable siren 3377 and Addressable sounder base 3379.

8.2 New Zealand FB Silence switch (outside switch)

NOTE! The functions in this chapter are valid for the New Zealand convention only.

The "New Zealand FB Silence switch" is also called the "outside switch" since it is placed outside the c.i.e. The outside switch is a key switch connected to a programmable input with the trigger condition "New Zealand FB Silence switch".

The outside switch can be in two states.

The outside switch is turned ON (i.e. from not activated to activated state).

- All programmable outputs of type "Alarm devices" are disabled, i.e. they cannot be activated. The "inside switch" (see above) has no function.
- LEDs "Fire" (on the front) changes from blinking to steady (continuous).³¹
- The c.i.e. built-in buzzer is silenced.
- A fault is generated³²: "FAULT: FB Silence switch active".

The outside switch is turned OFF (i.e. from activated to not activated state).

- The fault "FAULT: FB Silence switch active" will be **Serviced**.³³
- Any alarm point / zone in fire alarm state will automatically be disabled / isolated. (I.e. it has to be re-enabled via menu H2/B5.)
- Any alarm point / zone in fire alarm state will automatically change state to "Isolated alarm" and in the fire alarm list (presented in the LCD) will "**ALM**" be changed to "**ISO**".

Two examples:

```
ISO Point: 123-46 LAST: 234-56 No.: 001
This is a user defined alarm text.
```

```
ISO Zone: 123 No.: 001
This is a user defined alarm text.
```

³¹ This is valid also if the fire alarm is activated after the outside switch is turned ON.

³² Always latched, regardless of if faults are programmed to be not latched.

³³ Since this fault is always latched, it has to be acknowledged via menu H6.

9 Disable / Re-enable alarm devices

The outputs³⁰ programmed for sounders (type 3 = alarm devices) can via menu H2/B9 be collectively disabled for one, more or all control units. This is indicated by LED "Disablements" (L8) and LED **Fault / Disablements** "Alarm devices" (L13) steady ON.

In case of a fire, the sounders will **remain** disabled, i.e. the alarm devices will not sound.

They will remain disabled until they are re-enabled again via menu H2/B9.

See also chapter "Disable / Re-enable alarm devices (H2/B9)", page 107.

10 "Silence buzzer"

The EBL512 built-in **buzzer** will sound for:

- pre-warning (0.8 / 5 sec.)
- Co-incident alarm (2-zone dependent or 2-unit dependent):
When only one **zone** or one **zone / address** (alarm point) is in alarm status (0.8 / 5 sec.)
- fire alarm and acknowledged alarm³⁴ (0.4 / 0.4 sec.)
- fault (continuous)
- activated interlocking input (0.8 / 0.8 sec.), if this option is selected via Win512.
- Quiet alarm (0.8 / 5 sec.)

Press "Silence buzzer" (P2) to silence the buzzer.

In case of a new alarm or if the push button "Silence buzzer" is pressed again, the buzzer will automatically sound again.³⁵

NOTE! This is also valid for pre-warning, co-incident alarm, etc.

Silence buzzer by open door

In Win512 ("System" dialog box) can the function "Silence Buzzer by Door Switch" be selected. The buzzer will then be turned off as long as the control unit door is open. (This function is a violation to the EN54-2 standard.)

"Old" front

For the function described above, the "new" front, with the push button "Silence buzzer" (P2) is required.

The discontinued front (without the push button "Silence buzzer") results in the following function: The buzzer is silenced via the control unit door Switch, i.e. the buzzer will be silent as long as the door is open.

EBL512 c.i.e. 1550

This unit has no front. The built-in buzzer is always disabled.

Valid for the New Zealand convention only:

Silence buzzer by the "outside switch"

When the **New Zealand FB Silence switch** (outside switch)³⁶ is turned ON (i.e. from not activated to activated state) the buzzer is silenced until the outside switch is turned OFF.

³⁴ Acknowledged alarm in the New Zealand convention only.

³⁵ Not valid if the buzzer is silenced by the open door.

³⁶ See page 29.

10.1 Buzzer

If there is a fault or disablement when the door to EBL512 is being closed, the EBL512 built-in **buzzer** will give a 2 seconds beep directly after the door is closed. One fault message or disablement will be shown in the LCD but more faults and/or disablements will be indicated by the word "**more**".

NOTE! In the New Zealand convention, if any of the outputs for routing equipment ("Fire brigade tx" and "Fault tx") is disabled when the door to EBL512 is being closed the EBL512 built-in **buzzer** will give a 2 seconds beep directly after the door is closed. "Routing equipment left isolated" will be shown in the LCD. This information has higher priority than the normal fault messages and disablements.

11 Disable / Re-enable all control, extinguishing and ventilation outputs

All control outputs programmed as type:

0 = control (general)

1 = fire ventilation

2 = extinguishing system³⁷

... can via menu H2/B8 be collective disabled for one, more or all control units. This is indicated by LED "Disablements" (L8).

They will remain disabled until they are re-enabled again via menu H2/B8.

See also chapter "Disable / Re-enable all control, exting. and ventilation outputs (H2/B8)", page 106.

³⁷ Also the "Extinguish equipment output" on the German FBP interface board 1583.

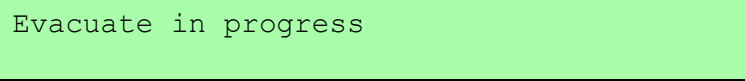
12 Evacuate, LED Test, Alert Annunciation Acknowledge and Disable

- These functions are only valid in some conventions.
- A front with the push button (P5) is required.

See also chapters "Control Unit", page 15 and "LED indicators and push buttons", page 17.

12.1 Evacuate

When the push button "Evacuate" (P5) is pressed³⁸, all outputs programmed for sounders (type Alarm devices)³⁰ will be collectively turned ON steady (continuous). This is indicated by the following information in the EBL512 display:



Evacuate in progress

The sounders will remain ON until they are turned OFF by pressing the push button "Evacuate" (P5) again.

NOTE! The alarm devices (sounders) will in this case be activated steady (continuous) irrespective of the fact that the outputs can be set to something else for fire alarm (e.g. intermittent).

12.2 LED Test

When the push button "LED Test" (P5) is pressed, all LEDs on the front, the LCD back light and all LCD pixels are lit.

12.3 Alert Annunciation Acknowledge

The button "Alert Annunciation Acknowledge" (P5) has the same function as the Acknowledge button on an AA unit 1735 / 1736.

12.4 Disable

When the push button "Disable" (P5) is pressed, all zones in fire condition will be disabled.

³⁸ As from version 2.3.x one programmable input per c.i.e. can, as an alternative, be used to turn ON / OFF the "Evacuate" function.

13 Door open

A special key is used to open the control unit door to get access to the front / system, see chapter "Access levels", page 23. The same type of key is also used to open the ext. FBP door. Door open is indicated by LED "Door open" (L10)³⁹. In Win512 ("System" dialog box, "Door open" tab), the following can be programmed (default settings shown):

13.1 LED "Door open"

Indication door open affected by

- ☉ **Door in any control unit or any external FBP:** Door open in a C.U. is indicated by LED "Door open" in all C.U:s and in all ext. FBPs. Door open in an ext. FBP is indicated by LED "Door open" in all C.U:s and in all ext. FBPs.
- **Door in any control unit:** Door open in a C.U. is indicated by LED "Door open" in all C.U:s and in all ext. FBPs. Door open in an ext. FBP is indicated by LED "Door open" in that ext. FBP only.
- **Door in control unit or external FBP connected to own control unit:** Door open in a C.U. is indicated by LED "Door open" in that C.U. and all ext. FBPs connected to that C.U. Door open in an ext. FBP is indicated by LED "Door open" in the C.U. it is connected to and all ext. FBPs connected to that C.U.
- **Door in control unit:** Door open in a C.U. is indicated by LED "Door open" in that C.U. and in all ext. FBPs connected to that C.U. Door open in an ext. FBP is indicated by LED "Door open" in that ext. FBP only.

13.2 Outputs for routing equipment (Fire brigade tx and Fault tx)

Disablement of routing equipment

- ☉ **No disablement:** Door open in a C.U. or an ext. FBP will **not** disable the output(s) for routing equipment (Fire brigade and fault tx).
- **Disable by door in any control unit:** Door open in any C.U. will disable the output(s) for routing equipment (Fire brigade and fault tx) in all C.U:s.
- **Disable by door in any control unit or any external FBP:** Door open in any C.U. or any ext. FBP will disable the output(s) for routing equipment (Fire brigade and fault tx) in all C.U:s.

Disabled outputs for routing equipment are indicated by the LED "Disablements" (L8) and "**Fault / Disablements** Fire brigade tx" (L15) and listed in menu H4/U1.

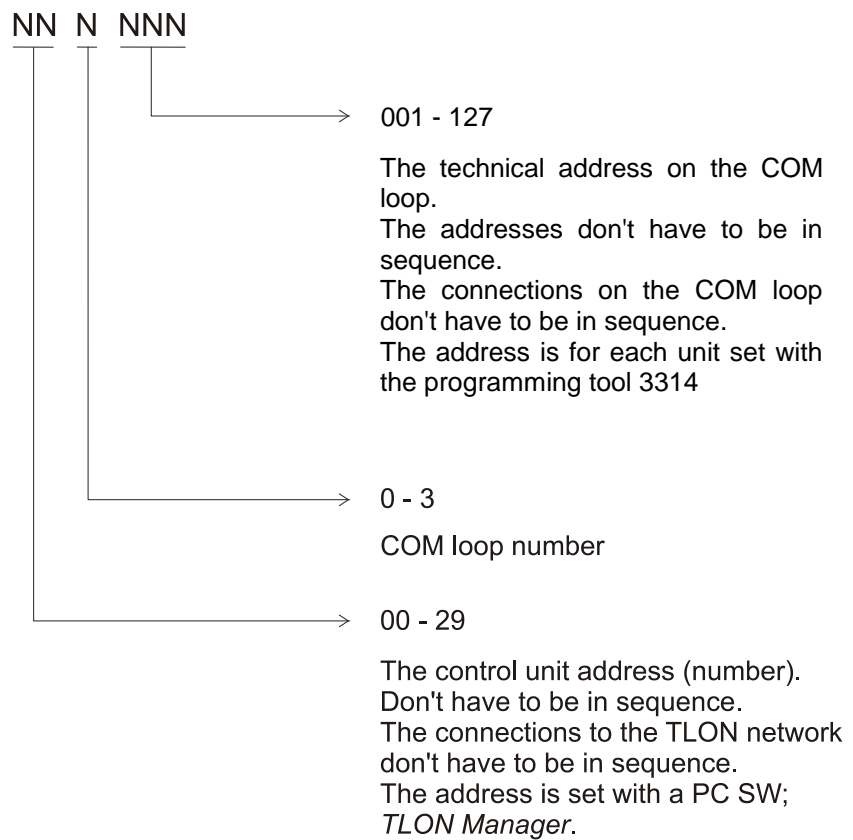
³⁹ In the ext. FBP 1828: when the key is turned to the "position open".

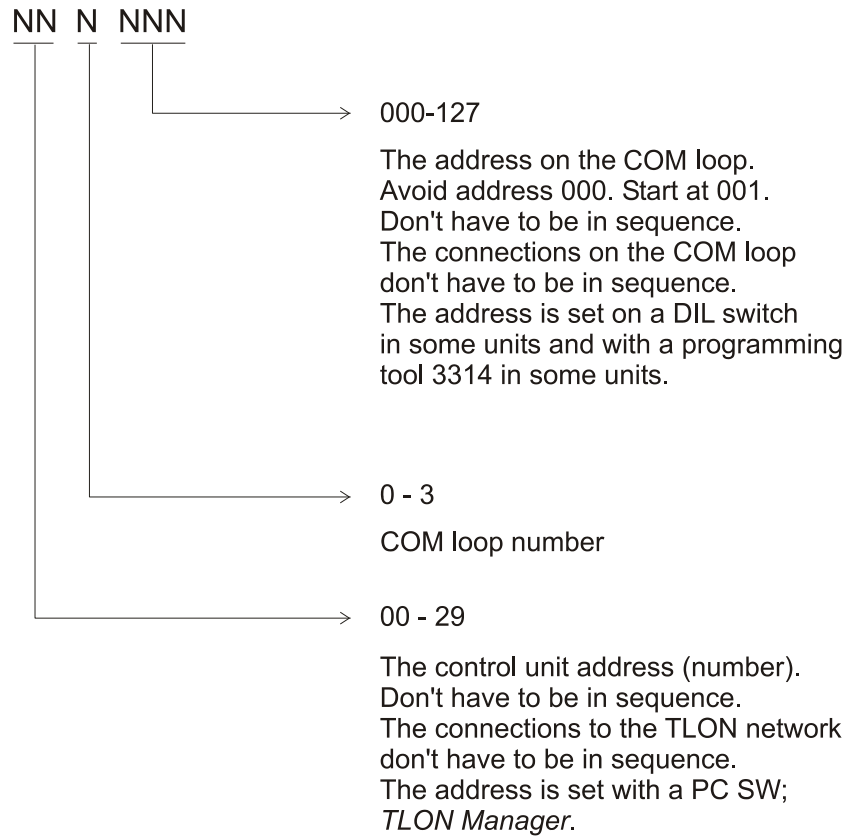
14 Technical number / Presentation number

14.1 Technical number for COM loop units

The technical number, NNNNNN, is used when programming all units connected to the COM loops.

Technical number is also used to identify which unit has generated a fault.





Regarding DIL-Switch address setting on some old units, see dwg 512-71.

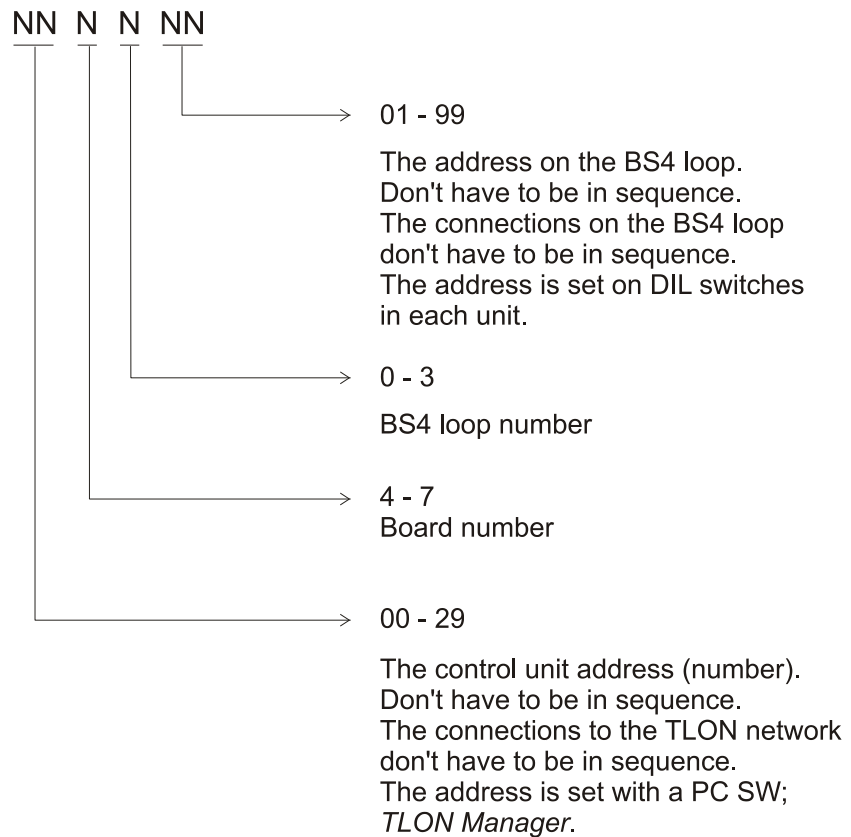
Regarding the address 000: Address 000 cannot be set with the Address setting tool 3314, i.e. only addresses 001 – 127 can be used. A brand new detector has the address 000 factory set. Connected on the COM loop, the LED will start blinking every second as information that an address has to be set before the detector will work.

14.2 Technical number for BS4 loop units

Autronica interface board 1584⁴⁰ (four BS4 loops) is required in the control unit.

The technical number, NNNNNN, is used when programming all units connected to the BS4 loops.

Technical number is also used to identify which unit has generated a fault.



NOTE! In the technical number for unit connected to a BS4 loop, the board number 4 = Autronica interface board 0, the board number 5 = Autronica interface board 1, the board number 6 = Autronica interface board 2 and the board number 7 = Autronica interface board 3 in the control unit.

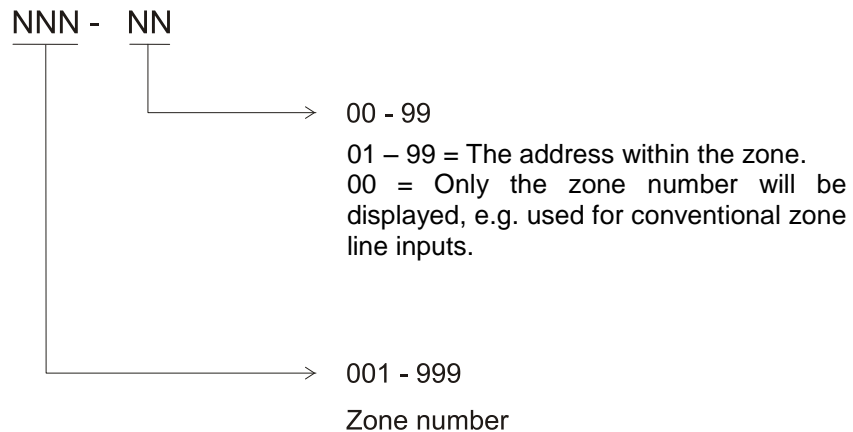
In fault messages for the Autronica interface boards, the following information is shown: Control unit (00-29), BS4 board (0-3) and if required BS4 loop (0-3)

⁴⁰ Can normally be used in Swedish (SBF) convention only.

14.3 Presentation number

For each fire alarm point / input / zone, a presentation number, NNN-NN, has to be programmed. The presentation number is shown in the c.i.e. and ext. FBP display(s)⁴¹, to identify the point / zone generating fire alarm. It is also used to disable / re-enable fire alarm points / zones and as trigger conditions in control expressions to activate the programmable outputs.

Together with the presentation number, a user definable 40 characters text message (alarm text) can be displayed (if programmed).



NOTE 1! Zone numbers 001-999 can be used but more than 512 alarm points or zones per c.i.e. is a violation to the EN54-2 standard.

NOTE 2! When the function "Redundancy in distributed system" is used, it is presented as **999-xx**. The zone number 999 is indicating that it is an alarm from a **Control Unit** and the address **xx** is indicating from which CU (xx). xx could be an individual CU (xx=00-29) or several CU:s (xx=99).

⁴¹ Also in the Alert Annunciation Units and Presentation Units ("Display Units").

The presentation number (or a user definable 40 characters text message) can also be shown in the old type of display units connected to the COM loops.

15 Alarm types

In case of a fire, analog detectors (sensors), conventional smoke and/or heat detectors, manual call points and programmable inputs can generate **fire alarm**.⁴² If somebody illegally breaks into a key cabinet, this will also generate a "fire alarm" (a key cabinet alarm).

A fire alarm could be an **Alert Annunciation alarm**, i.e. the activation of the routing equipment (fire brigade tx) is delayed during an acknowledgement time and an investigation time respectively.

In the Australian convention only, an **Alarm Acknowledgement Facility** function can be used. During the Acknowledgement Period and the Investigation Period respectively, there will be an indication in the c.i.e. display.

The analog detectors can also generate two other types of "alarm", i.e. **Pre-warning** and **Heavy smoke alarm / Heavy heat alarm**.

"Two unit dependent" addressable alarm points (normally only smoke detectors) and "2-zone dependent" zones, can generate a **Co-incident alarm**.

Quiet alarm is normally used for fan control only.

EBL512 can present up to 512 fire alarms (alarm points and/or zones). Zone numbers 001-999 can be used and in each zone the alarm point (address) numbers 01-99 can be used. The fire alarms will be shown in the EBL512 display (LCD) and in Ext. FBP 1826 / 1828, Alert Annunciation unit 1735 / 1736 and Ext. Presentation unit 1728.

Regarding the different alarm types, etc., see the following chapters.

15.1 Pre-warning

Activation of Pre-warning is an option that has to be enabled (via Win512) for the c.i.e. respectively. **Note!** Pre-warnings activated in any control unit in the system will be presented in all control units and all programmable outputs in the system (with trigger condition pre-warning) will be activated (if not disabled).

An analog detector will generate a pre-warning for a lower alarm level than the fire alarm level.⁴³ Pre-warning can be used when an early alarm and/or an early action is required (e.g. a "soft" computer shut down). Normal alarm devices, routing equipment, etc. will not be activated.

In case of a pre-warning, the following will happen:

⁴² In the New Zealand convention only, a Fire alarm (ALM) can be "changed" to an Acknowledged alarm (ACK) or an Isolated alarm (ISO).

⁴³ See EBL512 Planning Instructions. Any programmable input can also be used to activate a pre-warning.

Regarding the BS4 exp. board 1584 for Autronica devices (BS4 loops), pre-warning can also be generated by detector(s) connected to address units.

- The buzzer in the control unit sounds 0.8 sec. each 5th sec. (0.8 / 5 sec.).
- LEDs "Fire" (L1) are blinking (0.4 / 0.4 sec.).
- Outputs programmed for pre-warning are activated.⁴⁴
- On the first row in the c.i.e. display, the presentation number (zone/address) is shown (for the first pre-warning).
- On the second row, a user definable text message (= that for fire alarm) will be shown (if programmed).

Example; pre-warning zone 123, address 45 (within zone 123):

```
Pre-warning detector 123/45
(user definable text message)
```

Example; pre-warning zone 123:

```
Pre-warning zone 123
(user definable text message)
```

If more than one pre-warning is generated, the LEDs "Alarms queued" (L2) are blinking and the pre-warnings will be automatically scrolled (each five seconds).

Pre-warning is automatically reset see chapter "Alarm reset", page 51.

15.2

Fire alarm

The system can handle up to 15360 fire alarms. Up to 512 fire alarms will be shown in the c.i.e. display. No more fire alarms will be shown until one or more of the 512 alarms are reset.

See also chapter "Alphanumeric display (LCD) in EBL512", page 21. Regarding **POINT: 999-nn** (nn = 00-29, 99), see "NOTE!" at the end of this chapter.

According to the EN54-2 standard⁴⁵, in case of a fire alarm, the following will happen:

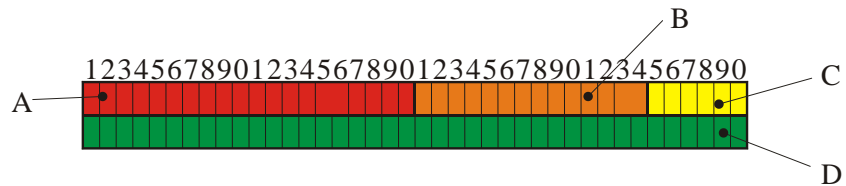
- The buzzer in EBL512 sounds 0.4 sec. each 0.4th sec. (0.4 / 0.4 sec.).
- LEDs "Fire" (L1) are blinking (0.4 / 0.4 sec.).
- Output for routing equipment (Fire brigade tx) and outputs type 4 = routing equipment are activated.
- Outputs for fire alarm are activated.⁴⁶
- In the c.i.e. display (and ext. FBP⁴⁷ display), the fire alarms are presented as follows.

⁴⁴ Outputs programmed for General pre-warning and outputs programmed for the activated pre-warning(s).

⁴⁵ Via Win512 can "Point alarm presentation" be selected (which is a violation to the EN54-2 standard).

⁴⁶ Outputs programmed for General fire alarm and outputs programmed for the activated fire alarm(s).

Fire alarm presentation in the EBL512 display⁴⁸:



- A: Field for the **first alarm point or zone** in alarm.
By **scrolling** each alarm will be shown in this field.
- B: Field for **the most recent (last) zone** in alarm.
- C: Field for total **number of zones** in alarm.
- D: Field for alarm text. (User definable.)

Only one alarm point activated in a zone is presented as **zone-address (POINT: or LAST:)**

Two or more alarm points activated in a zone is presented as **zone** only (**ZONE: or LAST:**).

One alarm point

```
POINT: 123-45          No.:001  
User definable text message for 123-45
```

More than one alarm point in a zone or
One conventional zone (zone line input)

```
ZONE: 123             No.:001  
User definable text message for zone 12349
```

More than one zone

```
ZONE: 234           LAST: 567       No.:002  
User definable text message for zone 234
```

Only one alarm point in each zone

```
POINT: 123-45     LAST: 789-01     No.:003  
User definable text message for 123-45
```

LAST = The most recent zone-address that has activated fire alarm.

No. = The total number of zones where fire alarm is activated.

User definable text message (alarm text) For an alarm point it is the individual (free) text for the alarm point (if programmed) or the default control unit text (if programmed).

⁴⁷ Plus Alert Annunciation and Ext. Presentation units. In the "old" ext. FBPs 2425, 2426 and 2428 only the ten first fire alarms will be displayed.

⁴⁸ In New Zealand convention the presentation is different and described in separate documents.

⁴⁹ More than one alarm point in the same zone: If no user definable text message is programmed, the text "Many alarms in zone" will be shown.

User definable text message For a zone it is the individual (free) text for the zone (if programmed) or the text "Many alarms in zone".

LEDs "Alarms queued" (L2) blinking (0.4 / 0.4 sec.). More than one fire alarm is activated.⁵⁰ To scroll through the zones, use the push button "Scroll" (P1). The fire alarms are stored in a circular buffer and when scrolling from the last to the first alarm, the LEDs "Alarms queued" will be turned off for three seconds.

The first alarm will be automatically displayed again, 20 seconds after the latest time the "Scroll" button was used.

The printer will print each fire alarm⁵¹, e.g.:

```
*** Fire Alarm ***
Point: 123-45   Time HH.MM   Date MM-DD
User programmable text message (if progr.)
or
Zone: 123      Time HH.MM   Date MM-DD
User programmable text message (if progr.)
```

Reset of the fire alarms, see chapter "Alarm reset", page 51.

NOTE! NOTE! NOTE! NOTE! NOTE! NOTE! NOTE!

POINT: 999-nn and **POINT: 999-99**.

Zone number 999 could indicate that the alarm is activated by one or more **control units** in the system. In this case, **nn=00-29** is indicating a single "slave" unit and **nn=99** is indicating several "slave" units connected in parallel.

Normally the user definable text message (alarm text) on the second row will indicate if it is a normal alarm point or a "slave" unit (units).

For more information, see Planning Instructions, chapter "Redundancy in distributed systems".

NOTE!

1. The fire alarm presentation in the EBL512 display is for the **New Zealand convention** only, different than described above.

The serial number for the displayed alarm is replaced with the information "ALM" as follows (two examples):

```
ALM Point: 123-46 LAST: 234-56 No.: 001
This is a user defined alarm text.
```

```
ALM Zone: 123                               No.: 001
This is a user defined alarm text.
```

⁵⁰ Up to 512 alarms can be presented in the display. Alarm = ZONE and/or ZONE-ADDRESS (depending on zone or point alarm presentation) but all possible alarms (15360) can be stored.

⁵¹ When printer is available (e.g. control unit 1549). The alarms will be printed like they are presented in the display, i.e. as point alarms or zone alarms.

If the fire alarm is acknowledged (see page 54), "ALM" will be replaced with "ACK".

If the fire alarm or the acknowledged alarm is isolated (see page 54), "ALM" will be replaced with "ISO".

15.2.1 Fire alarm type A and B

Normally the c.i.e. relay output "Fire brigade tx" is used as output for Routing equipment. This output will be activated for fire alarm from any alarm point or zone line input.

If the fire alarm routing equipment has provision for transmission of several fire alarm signals and the alarm receiver has provision for reception of several fire alarm signals, the alarm receiver can take different actions depending on if it is a fire alarm type A or B.

If a **fire alarm type B** is received, it will indicate that only **one** analog addressable smoke, heat or multi detector is activated, which could be a nuisance alarm.

If a **fire alarm type A** is received, it is probably a real fire since fire alarm is then activated from:

- **Two or more** analog addressable smoke, heat or multi detectors.
- **Any** manual call point
- **Any** zone line input
- **Any** programmable input with the trigger condition "General Fire"

15.2.2 Fire alarm menu (X1-X7)

The special fire alarm menus X1-X7-can only be used if at least one fire alarm is activated. (If this fire alarm menu is disabled via Win512, it is a violation to the EN54-2 standard).

Press "Access" (no access code) and **the user definable text message** will be replaced as follows:

```
ZONE: 123          LAST: 789          No.:003
Display alarms    ACCEPT? X1
```

"A", "↓", "↑", "→", "←" and "Return" are used like in the normal menu tree, see chapter "Access", page 92.

The original presentation (the user definable text message) will be automatically displayed again, 20 seconds after the latest time any of the push buttons "A", "↓", "↑", "→", "←" and "Return" was used.

Scroll ("↓", "↑") to the wanted menu and press "A".

15.2.2.1 Display alarms (X1)

```
ZONE: 123          LAST: 789          No.: 003
Display alarms    ACCEPT? X1
```

First row: Explanations in chapter "Fire alarm", page 41.

Second row: All fire alarms, also several alarm points in one zone, will be displayed in **zone - address order** (i.e. up to 15360 alarms).

Press "A". E.g.:

```
ZONE: 123          LAST: 789          No.: 003
Point: 123-45                00001 of 00005
```

Point: Zone-address for alarm no. 00001.

"↓"

```
ZONE: 123          LAST: 789          No.: 003
Point: 234                00002 of 00005
```

Point: Zone no. for alarm no. 00002.

...and so on.

15.2.2.2 Display faults (X2)

```
ZONE: 123          LAST: 789          No.: 003
Display faults                ACCEPT? X2
```

Press "A". E.g.:

```
ZONE: 123          LAST: 789          No.: 003
FAULT: Battery not connected CU xx
```

Only the fault message, for the fault respectively, is displayed here, not date, time and "status" information.

15.2.2.3 Display disablements (X3)

```
ZONE: 123          LAST: 789          No.: 003
Display disablements          ACCEPT? X3
```

Press "A". E.g.:

```
ZONE: 123          LAST: 789          No.: 003
Zone XXX address XX disabled
```

15.2.2.4 Disable zone (X4)

```
ZONE: 123          LAST: 789          No.: 003
Disable zone                ACCEPT? X4
```

Press "A". E.g.:

```
ZONE: 123          LAST: 789          No.: 003
Disable zone: 000                ACCEPT?
```

Write zone number and press "A". If more zones are to be disabled, repeat the procedure.

15.2.2.5 Re-enable zone (X5)

```
ZONE: 123          LAST: 789          No.: 003
Re-enable zone                ACCEPT? X5
```

Press "A". E.g.:

```
ZONE: 123          LAST: 789          No.: 003
Re-enable zone: ZZZ          ACCEPT?
```

This is a list of disabled zones. Scroll to or write the wanted zone number and press "A". If more zones are to be re-enabled, repeat the procedure.

15.2.2.6 Disable / Re-enable control (X6)

```
ZONE: 123          LAST: 789          No.: 003
Disable/Re-enable control ACCEPT? X6
```

Press "A". E.g.:

```
ZONE: 123          LAST: 789          No.: 003
Dis(=0) or re-en(=1) control? 1 ACCEPT?
```

To disable, press "0" and "A". (To re-enable, press "1" and "A"). For more information, see chapter "Disable / Re-enable all control, exting. and ventilation outputs (H2/B8), page 106.

15.2.2.7 Disable / Re-enable alarm devices (X7)

```
ZONE: 123          LAST: 789          No.: 003
Disable/Re-enable alarm dev. ACCEPT? X7
```

Press "A". E.g.:

```
ZONE: 123          LAST: 789          No.: 003
Dis(=0) or re-en(=1) alarm dev?1 ACCEPT?
```

To disable, press "0" and "A". (To re-enable, press "1" and "A"). For more information, see chapter "Disable / Re-enable alarm devices (H2/B9), page 107.

15.2.3 Alert Annunciation (AA alarm)

When the AA function is enabled, indicated by the LED "Fire brigade tx delay" (L16), the indications, print-outs, actions etc. are as for a normal fire alarm **except the c.i.e. output for routing equipment (fire brigade tx) will not be activated.** The AA alarm has to be acknowledged within an acknowledge time and reset within an investigation time, otherwise the output(s) for routing equipment (fire brigade tx) will be activated. See EBL512 Planning Instructions for more information regarding the AA function. Acknowledgement⁵² and reset of the AA alarm can be done on a Display unit 2235⁵³, an AA unit 1735 / 1736 or an AA controller 1740. See also chapter "Alarm reset", page 51.

⁵² In the "Polish" (CNBOP) and "Czech" conventions, the push button "Evacuate" (P5) can be used for "AA Acknowledge".

⁵³ LED "Acknowledge" on 2235 is indicating that the push button "Acknowledge" has been activated. A busy system can cause a time delay (up to 10 seconds) before the fire alarm is acknowledged.

15.2.4 Co-incident alarm (2-zone / address dependence)

When only one **zone** or one **zone / address** (alarm point) is in alarm status⁵⁴, the buzzer sounds (0.8 / 5 sec.) and there is a **Co-incident alarm** presentation in the display.

```
Co-incident alarm detector ZZZ/AA  
(user definable text message)
```

or

```
Co-incident alarm zone ZZZ  
(user definable text message)
```

See also chapter "Activated 2-zone/address dependent zone/address (H4/U4)", page 113.

If more than one Co-incident alarm are generated, the LEDs "Alarms queued" (L2) are blinking and the Co-incident alarms will be automatically scrolled (each 5th second).

A Co-incident alarm can be manually reset with the "Reset" button (P4) on the c.i.e. front **or** automatically reset after 5 minutes (i.e. if the zone / alarm point is no longer in alarm status), see chapter "Alarm reset", page 51.

The function "2-zone / -address dependence" can be turned on / off via a time channel.

15.3 Heavy smoke alarm / Heavy heat alarm

An analog detector generates heavy smoke / heat alarm for a higher alarm level⁵⁵ than the fire alarm level, i.e. fire alarm is already activated by the same detector.

Heavy smoke / heat alarm is a confirmation on that the smoke or heat is increasing and can be used for special actions, e.g. activation of smoke ventilation, etc.

In case of a heavy smoke / heat alarm, the following will happen:

- Outputs programmed for heavy smoke / heat alarm are activated.⁵⁶
- Each heavy smoke / heat alarm is printed⁵⁷, e.g.:

⁵⁴ If two or more zones or units (zone / addresses), dependent on each other, are in alarm status at the same time, normal fire alarm will be activated in the system. See also EBL512 Planning Instructions.

⁵⁵ See EBL512 Planning Instructions.

⁵⁶ General heavy smoke / heat alarm and individual alarm points / zones.

⁵⁷ When printer is available (e.g. control unit 1549).

*** Heavy smoke ***

Point: 123-45 Time HH.MM Date MM-DD
User programmable text message (if progr.)

or

Zone: 123 Time HH.MM Date MM-DD
User programmable text message (if progr.)

*** Heavy heat ***

Point: 123-45 Time HH.MM Date MM-DD
User programmable text message (if progr.)

or

Zone: 123 Time HH.MM Date MM-DD
User programmable text message (if progr.)

Heavy smoke / heat alarm will be reset when the fire alarm respectively is reset, see chapter "Alarm reset", page 51.

15.4 Key cabinet alarm

One programmable input⁵⁸ per c.i.e. can be used to connect a key cabinet.

The fire brigade uses a key cabinet to store a key to the building.

NOTE! In the DBI (Danish) convention the key cabinet alarm function is a little different, see below.

15.4.1 Key cabinet opened before a fire alarm

If the key cabinet is opened before a fire alarm (e.g. if somebody illegally breaks into the key cabinet), a key cabinet alarm, i.e. a "fire alarm" will be generated.

Example; Key cabinet alarm (xx = control unit number):

```
POINT: KEY-xx           No.:001  
Alarm from key cabinet
```

It will be printed like a normal fire alarm (when printer is available), see chapter "Fire alarm", page 41.

Key cabinet alarm is reset like a normal fire alarm, see chapter "Fire alarm reset, page 51.

This alarm will also generate a fault message, see chapter "Key cabinet alarm reset", page 53. It is indicated by LED "Fault" (L8).

NOTE! The "Fault tx" output(s) will not be activated by this fault.

15.4.2 Key cabinet opened in conjunction with a fire alarm

The fire brigade personnel can open the key cabinet if a fire alarm already is activated in the c.i.e. In this case there will be **no** key cabinet alarm or fault generated when the key cabinet is opened.

⁵⁸ Input I0-I3 or COM loop input unit can be used.

15.4.2.1 Restoring the key after a fire alarm

When **all** fire alarms (in the system) are reset (see chapter "Alarm reset", page 51), the key has to be restored in the key cabinet **within 5 minutes**. If not, a fault will be generated, see chapter "Key cabinet alarm reset", page 53.

15.4.3 Key cabinet alarm, DBI convention

NOTE! Valid for the DBI (Danish) convention only.

When the key cabinet is opened, the "Fault tx" output(s) will be activated and a "key cabinet fault" will be generated:

```
FAULT: Key cabinet, control unit: xx  
Date: MM-DD Time: HH:MM
```

(In Danish: "FEJL: Nøgleskab, central xx")

When this fault is acknowledged (see chapter "Acknowledge FAULTS (H6)", page 138), there is a 5 minutes delay before a new "key cabinet fault" can be generated again.

15.5 Alarm Acknowledgement Facility (AAF)

One or more Alarm Acknowledgement Facility Controls⁵⁹ are used in the system.

During the Acknowledgement Period (10-60 sec.) there is an indication in the c.i.e. display:

```
AAF zone zz, activated
```

During the Investigation Period (0-3 min.) there is an indication in the c.i.e. display:

```
AAF zone zz, investigation in progress
```

See EBL512 Planning Instructions chapter "Alarm Acknowledgement Facility (AAF)" for more information regarding the AAF function.

15.6 Quiet alarm

Mostly used on the Australian market only.

One or more smoke detectors, programmed for quiet alarm, e.g. used for fan control (stop / start depending on the type of fan), have passed the fire alarm level. **No normal fire alarm will be activated.**

```
Quiet alarm is normally used in conjunction with the I/O Matrix board 4582 plus an application board for fan control and an I/O unit 3361 for fan control.
```

⁵⁹ The AAF Control is available on the Australian market only.

Indications and actions:

LEDs "Fire" (L1) are blinking (0.4 / 0.4 sec.), the buzzer sounds (0.8 / 5 sec.) and there is a **Quiet alarm** presentation in the display:

```
Quiet alarm detector ZZZ/AA  
(user definable text message)
```

Programmable outputs for quiet alarm, e.g. 3361 outputs controlling supply air fans and standard fans, i.e. any output with a control expression containing the trigger conditions no. 42 = Quiet Alarm Zone or no. 43 = Quiet Alarm Zone Address.

16 Alarm reset

16.1 Pre-warning reset

Pre-warning is automatically reset.

16.2 Fire alarm reset

In the New Zealand convention **fire alarms** = normal fire alarms (ALM), acknowledged alarms (ACK) and isolated alarms (ISO).

NOTE! The detectors having activated fire alarm shall, after reset, be inspected, tested and replaced when required.

One of the following alarm reset alternatives is valid. This is selected via Win512. "Multiple reset" is default.

NOTE! In the Belgian, British Standard and British Standard Marine Application conventions the alarm devices have to be silenced (P3) before the reset button (P4) can be used.

16.2.1 Multiple reset

All the fire alarms will be reset by pressing "Reset" (P4). (According to the EN54-2 standard).

NOTE! The push button has to be pressed in for min. 0.5 sec.

When all fire alarms are reset, LEDs "Fire" (L1) and "Alarms queued" (L2) are turned OFF and the display is empty.⁶⁰

All outputs (for fire alarm) have also been reset, i.e. de-activated.

If a key cabinet is installed, the key (to the building) has to be put back into the key cabinet **within 5 minutes**. If not, a fault will be generated and a fault message will be shown in the display, see chapter "Key cabinet alarm reset, page 53.

16.2.2 Single reset

Each fire alarm has to be reset one by one. (This function, set in Win512, is a violation to the EN54-2 standard.)⁶¹

Press "Reset" (P4) to reset the fire alarm, shown in the display, on the first row to the left

NOTE! The push button has to be pressed in for min. 0.5 sec.

Output(s) programmed for this fire alarm will also be reset, i.e. de-activated.

⁶⁰ If there is a fault condition (e.g. caused by the fire), a fault message will now be shown in the display.

⁶¹ When "Single reset" or "Single encapsulated reset" is used, you can make a "Multiple reset" by pressing "Reset" (P4) and 0.1 sec. later also press "A" (in the keypad) and hold them pressed for > 0.5 sec.

If more than one fire alarm is activated (i.e. LEDs "Alarms queued" (L2) are lit) the next fire alarm in the queue is now shown in the display, on the first row to the left. It has to be reset the same way as the first one.

When all fire alarms are reset, LEDs "Fire" (L1) and "Alarms queued" (L2) are turned OFF and the display is empty.⁶⁰

All outputs (for fire alarm) are now also reset, i.e. de-activated.

If a key cabinet is installed, the key (to the building) has to be put back into the key cabinet **within 5 minutes**. If not, a fault will be generated and a fault message will be shown in the display, see chapter "Key cabinet alarm reset, page 53.

16.2.3 **Single encapsulated reset**

Like "Single reset" but with an encapsulation function as well:

Normally when an alarm point or zone (having activated fire alarm) is reset when still in alarm status, it will activate a new fire alarm within 20 seconds. (According to the EN54-2 standard.)

When "Single encapsulated reset" is performed, an alarm point or zone still in alarm status, will not only be reset but also disconnected, i.e. it will not activate a new fire alarm within 20 seconds. It has to be re-enabled via menu H2/B5 before it can activate a new fire alarm. (This function, set in Win512, is a violation to the EN54-2 standard.)

LED "Disablements" (L8) is indicating one or more disablements in the system.

NOTE!

When "Multi reset" or "Single reset" is used, encapsulated reset can be done by pressing "Reset" (P4) and 0.1 sec. later also press "Alarms queued" (P1) and hold them pressed for > 0.5 sec.

By Single reset and by Multiple reset: The fire alarm displayed in the LCD (first row to the left) will be reset and disabled **or** the points in alarm status within one zone will be reset and disabled **or** the whole zone (conventional) will be reset and disabled.

16.2.4 **Alert Annunciation**

Regarding the function, see chapter "Alert Annunciation (AA alarm)", page 46 and EBL512 Planning Instructions, chapter "Alert annunciation". Reset of the **AA** alarm(s) can be done via push button "Reset" on an **AA** unit 1735 / 1736 or an **AA** controller 1740 (or in the c.i.e.). If more than one **AA** alarm is activated, they will be reset all at a time.

NOTE! Reset via an external unit is only possible to do during the investigation time and **AA** alarm(s) only (not normal fire alarms).

16.2.5 **Co-incidence alarm**

A Co-incidence alarm can be manually reset with the "Reset" button (P4) on the c.i.e. front **or** automatically reset after 5 minutes (i.e. if the

zone / alarm point is no longer in alarm status). See also chapter "Coincidence alarm (2-zone / address dependence)", page 47.

16.3 Heavy smoke / heat alarm reset

If a heavy smoke / heat alarm has been activated, it will be reset at the same time as the corresponding fire alarm is reset. Also the output(s) will be reset, i.e. de-activated.

16.4 Key cabinet alarm reset

Not valid for the DBI (Danish) convention, see chapter "Key cabinet alarm, DBI convention", page 49.

After reset of the key cabinet alarm ("fire alarm"), a fault message is shown in the display to inform the user that the key cabinet has been opened.

```
FAULT: Key cabinet, control unit: xx  
Date: MM-DD Time: HH:MM
```

NOTE! The date is in the Ukrainian and the Australian conventions (S/W version $\geq 2.2.3$) shown as **DD-MM**.

If the key cabinet is closed again, the "status" information "Serviced" is added.

This key cabinet fault message is to be acknowledged the same way as a "normal" fault, see chapter "Fault acknowledge", page 76.

When the key cabinet fault is acknowledged, the LED "General fault" (L7) will be turned OFF (if the key cabinet is closed and if there are no other faults in the system).

16.5 Quiet alarm reset

Quiet alarms are non-latching, i.e. they will be automatically reset when the alarm point / zone is no longer above alarm level. Outputs activated by quiet alarm will be de-activated. (In some cases after a programmable delay time.)

16.6 Alarm Acknowledgement Facility (AAF) reset

NOTE! The AAF function is used in conjunction with an AAF Control, which is available on the Australian market only.

The indication in the control unit display, during the Acknowledgement Period (10-60 sec.) and the Investigation Period (0-3 min.) respectively, will automatically disappear when:

- the **AA process** ends because no detector in the **AAF zone** is over the fire alarm level
- the **AA process** ends up in a fire alarm, which has higher priority. (Regarding Fire alarm reset, see above.)

16.7 Acknowledged alarm

NOTE! Valid for the New Zealand convention only.

A fire alarm presented in the LCD can be acknowledged by pressing the button "Acknowledge fault" (P6).

Acknowledged alarms are indicated in the fire alarm list in the LCD by "ACK" in front of the alarm, see page 44. This indication is the only difference between a fire alarm and an acknowledged alarm.

Acknowledged alarms ("ACK") have to be reset like normal fire alarms ("ALM").

16.8 Isolated alarm

NOTE! Valid for the New Zealand convention only.

A fire alarm ("ALM") or an acknowledged alarm ("ACK") presented in the LCD can be isolated as follows:

When the "New Zealand FB Silence switch" (outside switch) is turned OFF (from activated to not activated), any fire alarm and acknowledged alarm will be isolated (=disabled).⁶²

Isolated alarms are indicated in the fire alarm list in the LCD by "ISO" in front of the alarm respectively, see page 44.

Isolated alarms do not activate any control outputs, do not activate the output for routing equipment (Fire brigade tx), do not activate the c.i.e. buzzer and do not activate the LED:s "Fire" in the c.i.e.

Isolated alarms ("ISO") have to be reset like normal fire alarms ("ALM").

Isolated alarms have to be re-enabled via menu H2/B5 before they can activate a new fire alarm again.

⁶² LED "Disablements" (L8) is indicating that one or more zones / alarm points are isolated (disabled).

17 Fault

In order not to generate any faults unnecessarily, all faults are delayed, e.g. for COM loop and zone line input faults the delay time is approx. 45 seconds.⁶³

In case of a fault condition, the following has happened / will happen in the control unit:

- The buzzer in the c.i.e. sounds continuously (steady ON).⁶⁴
- Output for routing equipment (Fault tx) is activated.
- Programmable output(s) for general fault is (are) activated and output(s) for general charge fault might be activated.
- LED "Fault tx activated" (L11) is turned ON (indicating that the output for routing equipment (Fault tx) is activated).
- LED "General fault" (L7) is turned ON.
- LEDs "**Fault / Disablements** Alarm devices" (L13), "System fault" (L14) and/or "**Fault / Disablements** Fire brigade tx" (L15) might be turned ON as well.
- A fault message incl. date and time is shown in the display.
NOTE! The way the date is presented could be different for different languages, e.g. **DD-MM**.

Example of a fault message:

```
FAULT: No reply techn.no. xxxxxx  
Date: MM-DD Time: HH:MM
```

- If more than one fault is activated, the text: "**More faults**" is added after the time.
- If a fault has been corrected before it has been acknowledged, the "status" text: "**Serviced**" is added after the time.⁶⁵
- Fire alarm presentation has higher priority than the fault messages. During fire alarm presentation the faults can be shown via the special fire alarm menu X1, see page 45.

Faults have to be acknowledged, which is done via menu H6 (see page 138). This menu is a list of all not acknowledged and acknowledged but not corrected faults.

⁶³ Some units may also have an internal delay time, which makes the delay time even longer, e.g. the Multipurpose I/O unit 3361 has an internal delay time of 30 seconds, which results in 45+30=75 seconds delay time in total.

⁶⁴ For faults generated in other control units, the buzzer can be suppressed. Suppressed / not suppressed is set via Win512 (Control Unit Properties).

⁶⁵ In Win512, fault latching or not fault latching can be set for the whole system.

Fault latching (default) = each fault has to be acknowledged.

No fault latching = corrected faults will automatically be removed from the fault list (menu H6), i.e. they don't have to be acknowledged.

If a fault cannot be corrected, it is important to contact service personnel / engineer immediately.

NOTE!

As a warning, faults (and disablements) are also indicated by a 2-sec. beep when an open c.i.e. door is being closed.

17.1

Fault messages

Some of the fault messages are valid only for faults in EBL512 G3 control units in a mixed system.

Below follows a list of all fault messages, in alphabetical order:

FAULT: 1580 8 zones board x, CU xx

(8 zones expansion board, DET8)

Fault on / no communication to 1580 board No. x in control unit No. xx. Check address setting and connections on the board. Check programming (Win512).

FAULT: 1581 Relay board x, CU xx

(8 relays expansion board)

Fault on / no communication to 1581 board No. x in control unit No. xx. Check address setting and connections on the board. Check programming (Win512).

FAULT: 1582 FBP interface board x, CU xx

(External Fire Brigade Panel interface board)

Fault on / no communication to 1582 board No. x in control unit No. xx. Check address setting and connections on the board. Check programming (Win512).

FAULT: 1583 Extinguishing system, CU xx

Fault in the extinguishing system / equipment connected to the 1583 German Fire Brigade Panel interface board, in control unit No. xx.

FAULT: 1583 GFBP interface board, CU xx

(German Fire Brigade Panel interface board)

- Fault on / no communication to 1583 board in control unit No. xx. Check address setting and connections on the board. Check programming (Win512).
- Check the fuses F1 and F2 on the 1583 board.

FAULT: 1584 Autronica board x, CU xx

(Autronica interface board)

Fault on / no communication to 1584 board No. x in control unit No. xx. Check address setting and connections on the board. Check programming (Win512).

FAULT: 1587-board x, CU xx

(External Fire Brigade Panel / DU interface board)

Fault on / no communication to 1587 board No. x in control unit No. xx. Check address setting and connections on the board. Check programming (Win512).

FAULT: 24 V for ext. equipment, CU xx

Check the fuses F2 and F4 on the connection board 1555. (Supervised output S2 is also supplied via F2 and F4).

FAULT: 24 V for routing equipment, CU xx

512

Check the fuses F1 and F3 on the connection board 1555. (Supervised output S3 is in some conventions / configurations supplied via F1 and F3). Indicated by LED "L15" blinking.

512 G3

Check the fuse F8 (Output 0) on the 512 G3 main board 5010.

FAULT: 24 V out, output unit xxxxxx

The output current is > 4A. (The output might also be turned off.)

FAULT: 24 V output number x, CU xx

Check the fuses F9 - F12 (Output 1-4) on the 512 G3 main board 5010.

FAULT: AAU xx, 1587-board x, CU xx

AAU=1735 / 1736

The unit is programmed as another type of unit than the SSD says or

fault in the unit.

FAULT: AAU xx, CU xx

AAU=1735 / 1736

The unit is programmed as another type of unit than the SSD says or fault in the unit.

FAULT: Alarm input x, 1580 board x, CU xx

The zone line input x on the 1580 board placed in control unit xx ("master") is used for a single "slave" unit (control unit) or several control units connected in parallel, i.e. the board is used for "Redundancy in distributed system".

The input x is in "fire alarm state" but there is no activated fire alarm in any control unit and no fault on the TLON Network. Check the connections (e.g. of the alarm resistor) in the "slave" unit (units).

FAULT: Alarm input, tech.no. xxxxxx

The zone line input (Input 0) on the 3361 unit with technical number xxxxxx is used for a single "slave" unit (control unit) or several "slave" units connected in parallel, i.e. the unit is used for "Redundancy in distributed system".

The Input 0 is in "fire alarm state" but there is no activated fire alarm in any control unit and no fault on the TLON Network. Check the connections (e.g. of the alarm resistor) in the "slave" unit (units).

FAULT: ASF COM-loop x, control unit xx

(ASF=2370, Addressable short circuit isolator)

This message is only shown when the control unit works in Sensitive fault detection mode (menu H5/A2).

A short circuit, shorter / faster than the time delay for an ordinary fault, has occurred on the COM loop. Can be used for commissioning / maintenance purposes.

FAULT: Battery not connected CU xx

- Batteries (2 x 12 V) are missing or not connected correctly.
- Fuse(es) F2, F3 on the charger board 1557 / 1657 is(are) blown.
- Other battery fuse is blown (e.g. when the batteries are

placed outside the control unit).

- In the New Zealand convention only:
Battery voltage is below 24.4 V).

This check is done every 14th minute (every 30th second in the New Zealand convention), i.e. after correcting the fault it might take up to 14 min. (30 seconds) until it disappears from the fault list.

FAULT: Battery output unit xxxxxx

Check the output unit battery / connections / fuse F3 (on the power supply board) in the output unit.

FAULT: Charger, control unit xx

The battery charging function is not OK. The main board 5010 may have to be replaced.

FAULT: Charging ext. power supply CU xx

The fault is to be found in the external power supply equipment.

FAULT: Charging, output unit xxxxxx

The charging function in the external power supply unit is not OK. The p.c.b. has to be replaced.

FAULT: Checksum system program, CU xx

A fault in the control unit xx S/W. The main board 1556 might have to be replaced. This is a very serious fault. Call for service personnel/engineer immediately.

FAULT: Comm. AAU xx, 1587-board x, CU xx

AAU=1735 / 1736.

- The contact with the AAU is interrupted. Check the cable, all connections and the 1587 board. Is correct / complete SSD downloaded (via Win512)? Check the address setting (1587 board / the AAU), SW mode setting, etc.
- If there is a program memory fault in the AAU, there will be a fault message in the AAU display: "**Memory fault in program area (n)**" (n=1 or 2). The AAU will not work.

FAULT: Comm. AAU xx, CU xx

AAU=1735 / 1736.

- The contact with the AAU is interrupted. Check the cable, and all connections. Is correct / complete SSD downloaded (via Win512)? Check the address setting, SW mode setting, etc.
- If there is a program memory fault in the AAU, there will be a fault message in the AAU display: "**Memory fault in program area (n)**" (n=1 or 2). The AAU will not work.

FAULT: Comm. EPU xx, 1587-board x, CU xx

EPU=1728.

- The contact with the EPU is interrupted. Check the cable, all connections and the 1587 board. Is correct / complete SSD downloaded (via Win512)? Check the address setting (1587 board / the EPU), SW mode setting, etc.
- If there is a program memory fault in the EPU, there will be a fault message in the EPU display: "**Memory fault in program area (n)**" (n=1 or 2). The EPU will not work.

FAULT: Comm. EPU xx, CU xx

EPU=1728.

- The contact with the EPU is interrupted. Check the cable and all connections. Is correct / complete SSD downloaded (via Win512)? Check the address setting, SW mode setting, etc.
- If there is a program memory fault in the EPU, there will be a fault message in the EPU display: "**Memory fault in program area (n)**" (n=1 or 2). The EPU will not work.

FAULT: Comm. FBP xx, 1587-board x, CU xx

FBP=1826 / 1828.

- The contact with the ext. FBP is interrupted. Check the cable, all connections and the 1587 board. Is correct / complete SSD downloaded (via Win512)? Check the address setting (1587 board / the ext. FBP), SW mode setting, etc.
- If there is a program memory fault in the ext. FBP, there will be a fault message in the ext. FBP display: "**Memory fault in program area (n)**" (n=1 or 2). The ext. FBP will not work.

FAULT: Comm. FBP xx, CU xx

FBP=1826 / 1828.

- The contact with the ext. FBP is interrupted. Check the cable and all connections. Is correct / complete SSD downloaded (via Win512)? Check the address setting, SW mode setting, etc.
- If there is a program memory fault in the ext. FBP, there will be a fault message in the ext. FBP display: "**Memory fault in program area (n)**" (n=1 or 2). The ext. FBP will not work.

FAULT: Configuration control unit xx

Fault in the SSI = EBL512 settings downloaded from Win512.

FAULT: CU xx has no contact with CU xx

Can be shown in conjunction with new S/W download.

- Check the TLON network cable / connections.
- Faulty TLON connection board. 1590.
- No power supply to the control unit.

FAULT: CU xx has wrong information

Can be shown in conjunction with new S/W download and/or when commissioning a system.

One or more control units might have data stored that is not the same in all control units. If a control unit restarts in conjunction with this fault, a synchronization will start automatically, otherwise a synchronization has to be started via menu H8/S10 (or via Win512).

NOTE! It is important that all control units that are supposed to exist (SSD downloaded via Win512) are running and are connected to the TLON network. The TLON network programming has to be done.

FAULT: CU xx high current consumption

The control unit current consumption is > 2.5A (> 3.6A in alarm state) and because of this, the battery charging is turned off and will be so until the current consumption has decreased to ≤ 2.5A (≤ 3.6 A) again.

FAULT: Cut-off COM-loop x, CU xx

This is indicating a single break on the loop. Communication has to be

performed in both directions, to find all the units.
It might also be shown after a short circuit on the loop when short circuit isolators are used (= communication in both directions).
(A double break will give the message: FAULT: No reply).
It can also be indicating a too long COM loop cable (i.e. all units are not found until the communication is performed in both directions).
NOTE! Communication in both directions lasts for about ten minutes, before a new attempt to communicate in one direction is performed. If the break remains, a new ten minutes period starts, and so on. If the fault is acknowledged and the break is corrected during a ten minutes period, it will not disappear from the list until the end of the ten minutes period.

FAULT:Cut-off input x,1580 board x,CU xx

(8 zones expansion board, DET8)

This is indicating a break (cut-off) or a missing end-of-line resistor on input x (zone line) on the 1580 board placed in control unit xx. (It can also be a detector that has been removed (stolen) from its base.)
NOTE! The input can, as an alternative, be used for a single "slave" unit (control unit) or several control units connected in parallel, i.e. it is used for "Redundancy in distributed system". In such a case the output for routing equipment (fire brigade tx) in the "slave" unit respectively works as a "detector".

FAULT: Cut-off loop x, BS4 x, CU xx

(1584 Autronica interface board, BS4)

Cut-off (break) on the BS4 loop. This is indicating a single break on the loop. Communication has to be performed in both directions, to find all units.
Each 10th minute is an attempt made to comm. in one direction again.

FAULT:Cut-off loop x,CU xx, CU<->ASF0
FAULT:Cut-off loop x, CU xx,ASF 0<->ASF 1
FAULT:Cut-off loop x, CU xx,ASF 1<->ASF 2
FAULT:Cut-off loop x, CU xx,ASF 2<->ASF 3
FAULT:Cut-off loop x, CU xx,ASF 3<->ASF 4
FAULT:Cut-off loop x, CU xx,ASF 4<->ASF 5
FAULT:Cut-off loop x, CU xx,ASF 5<->ASF 6
FAULT:Cut-off loop x, CU xx,ASF 6<->ASF 7
FAULT:Cut-off loop x, CU xx,ASF 7<->CU


```
FAULT:Cut-off loop x, CU xx,ASF 6<->CU  
FAULT:Cut-off loop x, CU xx,ASF 5<->CU  
FAULT:Cut-off loop x, CU xx,ASF 4<->CU  
FAULT:Cut-off loop x, CU xx,ASF 3<->CU  
FAULT:Cut-off loop x, CU xx,ASF 2<->CU  
FAULT:Cut-off loop x, CU xx,ASF 1<->CU  
FAULT:Cut-off loop x, CU xx,ASF 0<->CU
```

This is indicating a single break on the COM loop "x" **when one or more short circuit isolators are connected on the loop.**

Communication has to be performed in both directions, to find all units. The break is to be found in the specified segment (e.g. ASF 3<->CU = between short circuit isolator no. 3 and the control unit). Each 10th minute is an attempt to comm. in one direction made again.

```
FAULT: Display unit xxxxxx
```

Display unit out of work. Fault in the display unit EEPROM ("site specific data"). Download the data again or change the EEPROM and download the data again.

```
FAULT: Double addresses techn. no.: xxxxxx
```

Two (or more) units, connected to a BS4 loop (1584 board), have been given the same address. Check the units.

```
FAULT: Earth fault (plus), CU xx
```

```
FAULT: Earth fault (minus), CU xx
```

Earth fault is detected. System voltage is normally 24 V DC. +24 V to earth is normally 12.5 V. 0 V to earth is normally 11.5 V. Voltage to earth < 3.4 V = Earth fault (minus). Voltage to earth > 18.3 V = Earth fault (plus). Check all cables (for damage, etc.). The function of the control unit cannot be guaranteed. Call for service personnel/engineer.

```
FAULT: Earth fault, output unit xxxxxx
```

Check all cables connected to the output unit.

```
FAULT: EPU xx, 1587-board x, CU xx
```

```
EPU=1728
```

The unit is programmed as another type of unit than the SSD says or fault in the unit.

FAULT: EPU xx, CU xx

EPU=1728

The unit is programmed as another type of unit than the SSD says or fault in the unit.

FAULT: Expansion board x, CU xx

This is valid for the expansion boards 4580, 4581 & 4583, i.e. no. x, mounted in the control unit no. xx.

There is some internal fault on the board, which has to be replaced.

FAULT: Expansion board x, loop x, CU xx

This is valid for the I/O Matrix board (4582) no. x, connected on COM loop x in the control unit no. xx.

There is some internal fault on the board.

FAULT: External FBP x, board x, CU xx

The control unit (i.e. the 1582 board) cannot communicate with the ext. FBP (or data converter).

- Check the connections.
- Check the cable (break?).
- Check the address DIL-Switch in the ext. FBP. Is correct address set?
- Several ext. FBPs have the same address.
- Faulty ext. FBP.

FAULT: External fuses, control unit xx

The fault is to be found in the external power supply (blown fuses, etc.).

FAULT: External power supply, CU xx

The fault is to be found in the external power supply connected to

input in control unit xx.

FAULT: Fan xx, control unit xx

The LED "Fault" is lit on a fan control module connected to control unit xx. Fan no. xx has been activated but the corresponding I/O unit 3361 input has not been activated within 30 seconds.

- Check the fan and the cables / connections.

FAULT: FB Silence switch active

Only valid in the New Zealand convention.

New Zealand FB Silence switch ("outside switch") is turned ON, i.e. from not activated to activated state.

FAULT: FBP xx, 1587-board x, CU xx

FBP=1826 / 1828

The unit is programmed as another type of unit than the SSD says or fault in the unit.

FAULT: FBP xx, CU xx

FBP=1826 / 1828

The unit is programmed as another type of unit than the SSD says or fault in the unit.

FAULT: Fuse, 1580 8 zones board x, CU xx

(DET8=1580, 8 zones expansion board)

Check for blown fuse on the 1580 board.

FAULT: Fuse, 1582 FBP board x, CU xx

(External Fire Brigade Panel interface board 1582)

Check for blown fuses on the 1582 board.

FAULT: Fuse, 1584 Autron. board x, CU xx

(BS4=1584 Autronica interface board)

Blown fuse on the 1584 board. The fuse is not replaceable. The

board has to be replaced.

FAULT: Fuse, 1587-board x, CU xx

(External Fire Brigade Panel / DU interface board 1587)

Check for blown fuses on the 1587 board.

FAULT: Fuse on COM-loop x, CU xx

The fuse is not replaceable. More components might also be broken.
The main board 1556 has to be replaced.

FAULT: Fuse, output unit techn no xxxxxx

Fuse F9 (on the output unit p.c.b.) is blown.

FAULT: High Current loop x, 1584 x CU xx

(Autronica interface board, BS4)

The current consumption is >60 mA on the BS4 loop.

FAULT: High Voltage, 1584 board x, CU xx

(Autronica interface board, BS4)

The BS4 loop voltage is >16V (normally it is 14V ±0.1V).

FAULT: ID fault display unit xxxxxx

The display unit is not the same type as programmed. Change the programming **or** the unit.

FAULT: Interlocking input AAA/PP

An interlocking input is not activated within the time set for fault activation (5-255 seconds). The time is counted from the activation of the output (in the interlocking combination, area / point).

FAULT: Key cabinet, control unit xx

The key cabinet has been opened without a prior fire alarm (i.e. if somebody has opened the key cabinet illegally).

or

The key cabinet has not been closed within 5 minutes after reset of all fire alarms in the system.

FAULT: L-C mixed COM-loop x, CU xx

The two wires L (SA) and C (SB) have been mixed (alternated). Check so that the wire connections are correct according to drawing 512-41.

FAULT: LON-board 1590, control unit xx

(TLON connection board, 1590)

No communication / connection with the TLON network. The board has to be changed.

FAULT: Loop unit technical number xxxxxx

The communication with the unit is **not** all right, i.e. the unit is out of order / faulty.

FAULT: Low battery capacity, CU xx

Battery internal resistance is too high. The check is performed every 12th hour.

- The battery might be too old.
- Cables, fuses etc. for externally placed batteries might cause a voltage drop.
- Check / adjust the rectifier (power supply) voltage (24 V DC).
- Check the charging voltage over the battery respectively (13.5-13.8 depending on the actual charging step).
- Check the voltage over a disconnected battery (fully charged \geq 13 V).

In the New Zealand convention only:

The battery charging is turned off 60 minutes every 24th hour. A battery voltage $<$ 24.4 V during these 60 minutes will generate a fault. If a fault is generated it will automatically be **Serviced** after these 60 minutes.

FAULT: Low main PWS, control unit xx

- Mains voltage below 187 V AC. Blown fuse (230 V AC) or no

voltage.

- Rectifier voltage below 21 V DC. Fuse F1 on the charger board 1557 / 1657 is blown.

FAULT: Low voltage, control unit xx

System voltage < 21 V DC. Check / adjust so that the rectifier output voltage is 24 V DC or replace the power supply.

FAULT: Low voltage, output unit xxxxxx

The external power supply's system voltage < 21 V DC. Check / adjust so that the rectifier output voltage is 24 V DC or replace the power supply.

FAULT: Mains, control unit xx

The fault is activated 1-300 minutes⁶⁶ after:

- Loss of mains, i.e. no 230 V AC
- Blown fuse (230 V AC).
- Blown fuse "F1" on Charger board 1557 / 1657
- Battery charging has been turned off for some security reason, e.g. too high current consumption. (Valid for Charger board 1657.)

FAULT: Mains, ext. power supply, CU xx

The fault is activated after 1-300 minutes⁶⁶ because of:

- Loss of mains, i.e. no 230 V AC to the ext. power supply equipment
- Blown fuse (230 V AC).

FAULT: Mains, output unit xxxxxx

The fault is activated after 1-300 minutes⁶⁶ because of:

- Loss of mains, i.e. no 230 V AC
- Blown fuse (230 V AC).

⁶⁶ The time is programmable in Win512. Max. 30 min. according to the EN54-2 standard. Default value depending convention.

- Blown fuse (F1 or F5) on the output unit rectifier p.c.b.
- Battery charging is turned off, i.e. the total current consumption incl. the battery charging current is too high (> 4.5 A). Valid for the Ext. power supply unit 3366.
- "/Mains OK" output in 3366 is high.
- "/Mains OK" input in 3364 is high.

FAULT: Multiple faults COM-loop x, CU xx

Break (cut-off) / short-circuit in more than one segment on the COM loop x in control unit no. xx.

FAULT: No connection to MMI board, CU xx

This fault message cannot be shown in the control unit's display, only via Win512 version 2.7.x, via Web-server and in other control units in the system.

Fault in the MMI board 5011 software or the MMI board. Check the cable between the boards. This is a very serious fault. Call for service personnel/engineer immediately.

FAULT: No reply expansion board x, CU xx

Valid for the 8 zones exp. board 4580, the 8 relays exp. board 4581 and the Inputs and outputs exp. board 4583, mounted in the control unit no. xx.

- EBL512 G3 cannot communicate with the board. Check / change the address. Check the cables / connections.
- Check if the Main board fuse F13 is broken. Fuse: T4A L 250V (TR5).

FAULT: No reply board x, loop x, CU xx

This is valid for the I/O Matrix board (4582) no. x, connected on COM loop x in the control unit no. xx.

- Check the board's address, i.e. the I/O Matrix board no. (Jumpers JP1 and JP2 on the board).
- Check if the board is disconnected from the loop.

FAULT: No reply techn.no. xxxxxx

In spite of the control unit is communicating in both directions, one or more units cannot be found.

- Check the unit's address. (DIL-Switch in some unit or with programming tool 3314 in some units).
- Faulty unit.
- Detector removed from its base.
- Double break on the COM / BS4 loop. (Note! Single break gives the fault message: FAULT: Cut-off).

FAULT: Output unit techn. no. xxxxxx

- Fault in the output unit RAM
- Fault in the output unit EPROM
- Fault in the output unit EEPROM ("site specific data")

Replace the output unit / output unit p.c.b.

FAULT: Printer, control unit xx

This is valid for an EBL512 G3, type 5000 with printer. Control unit no. xx.

- Faulty printer
- Printer not correctly connected.
- No paper.

FAULT: Read/write site data (SSW), CU xx

SSW = data that is changed during operation, i.e. sensor values, access codes, etc.

- If the C.U. was made powerless (i.e. no mains and no the battery) without first doing a Safe shut down of control unit via menu H8/S8 (see page 149), this fault might be generated when the C.U. is powered again. After fault acknowledge the SSW will get default values and the fault will be corrected (serviced).
- Some external influence has caused a fault in the SSW. This is very serious. Call for service personnel/engineer.

FAULT: Restart CU nn code xx YYYYYYYYYY

Control unit restart has occurred. See also page 88.

nn: Control unit number (00-29) NOTE! nn = 55 =

TLON conn. board **1590 not programmed** (e.g. after it has been replaced). See TLON Manager Operating Instr.

xx=00: Power On Restart. (Power supply connected)
xx=01: Watchdog Restart.
xx=02: Accidental jump to reset vector.
xx=03: External restart caused by external watchdog/user e.g. after SSD download or jumper JP4 (RESET) on the main board 1556, has been used.
xx=4-19: Unexpected interrupt.
xx=20: S/W monitoring fault
xx=00 or 03 is normal. If xx=01,02 or 04-20 appear often, call for service personnel/engineer.
yy - y = memory address (before restart)

FAULT: Sensor techn. no. xxxxxx

- The sensor 22xx / 23xx is removed from its sensor base 2210 / 2312.
- Faulty sensor.
- The analog detector 33xx / 43xx (in NORMAL mode): The built-in self verification function has reported a fault status. (Detector removed from its base generates FAULT: No reply

FAULT: Short-circ int. COM-loop x, CU xx

Short-circuit on the connection (ribbon cable) to or between the expansion boards (458x) in the control unit xx (EBL512 G3).

FAULT: Short-circuit COM-loop x, CU xx

Short circuit on COM loop "x" (**short circuit isolator is not connected on the loop**). Check the loop
NOTE! As long as there is a short circuit, the COM loop is disabled. Each 10th minute is an attempt made to re-enable the loop again.

FAULT: Sh-circ input x, 1580 board x, CU xx

(8 zones expansion board, DET8)

This is indicating short-circuit on input x (zone line) on the 1580 board. The wires (cable) might have been damaged.
NOTE! As long as there is a short circuit, the zone is disabled. Each minute is an attempt made to re-enable the zone again.

FAULT: Short circ. loop x, BS4 x, CU xx

(1584 Autronica interface board, BS4)

Short circuit, or current consumption >167mA, on the BS4 loop
(**short circuit isolator is not connected on the loop**). Check the loop

NOTE! As long as there is a short circuit, the BS4 loop is disabled.
Each 10th minute is an attempt made to re-enable the loop again.

FAULT:Sh-circ loop x, CU xx, CU <->ASF0

FAULT:Sh-circ loop x, CU xx, ASF0<->ASF1

FAULT:Sh-circ loop x, CU xx, ASF1<->ASF2

FAULT:Sh-circ loop x, CU xx, ASF2<->ASF3

FAULT:Sh-circ loop x, CU xx, ASF3<->ASF4

FAULT:Sh-circ loop x, CU xx, ASF4<->ASF5

FAULT:Sh-circ loop x, CU xx, ASF5<->ASF6

FAULT:Sh-circ loop x, CU xx, ASF6<->ASF7

FAULT:Sh-circ. loop x, CU xx, ASF7<->CU

FAULT:Sh-circ. loop x, CU xx, ASF6<->CU

FAULT:Sh-circ. loop x, CU xx, ASF5<->CU

FAULT:Sh-circ. loop x, CU xx, ASF4<->CU

FAULT:Sh-circ. loop x, CU xx, ASF3<->CU

FAULT:Sh-circ. loop x, CU xx, ASF2<->CU

FAULT:Sh-circ. loop x, CU xx, ASF1<->CU

FAULT:Sh-circ. loop x, CU xx, ASF0<->CU

Short circuit on the COM loop "x" (**one or more short circuit isolators are connected on the loop**). Check the specified and isolated segment on the loop (e.g. CU <->ASF0 = between the control unit and short circuit isolator no. 0). Each 10th minute is an attempt made to re-enable the isolated segment again.

FAULT: Site specific data (SSD), CU xx

Some external influence (or after download) has caused a checksum fault in the (from *Win512*) downloaded Site Specific Data (SSD). (An SSD download is required.). This is very serious. Call for service personnel/engineer immediately.

FAULT: SSD, AAU xx, 1587-board x, CU xx

AAU=1735 / 1736

There is no SSD (Site Specific Data) downloaded to the unit or

something is wrong in the downloaded SSD.

FAULT: SSD, AAU xx, CU xx

AAU=1735 / 1736

There is no SSD (Site Specific Data) downloaded to the unit or something is wrong in the downloaded SSD.

FAULT: SSD, EPU xx, 1587-board x, CU xx

EPU=1728

There is no SSD (Site Specific Data) downloaded to the unit or something is wrong in the downloaded SSD.

FAULT: SSD, EPU xx, CU xx

EPU=1728

There is no SSD (Site Specific Data) downloaded to the unit or something is wrong in the downloaded SSD.

FAULT: SSD, FBP xx, 1587-board x, CU xx

FBP=1826 / 1828

There is no SSD (Site Specific Data) downloaded to the unit or something is wrong in the downloaded SSD.

FAULT: SSD, FBP xx, CU xx

FBP=1826 / 1828

There is no SSD (Site Specific Data) downloaded to the unit or something is wrong in the downloaded SSD.

FAULT: Supervised output x, CU xx

If the output is programmed for sounders (type 3 = alarm devices), it is also indicated by LED "**Fault / Disablements** Alarm devices" (L13) blinking.

If the output is programmed for fire brigade tx (type 4 = routing equipment), it is also indicated by LED "**Fault / Disablements** Fire brigade tx" (L15) blinking.

x=0 (S0): Short circuit/break on the connected cable/ equipment and/or blown fuse F5 or F6, on the connection board.

x=1 (S1): Short circuit/break on the connected cable/ equipment and/or blown fuse F7 or F8, on the connection board.

x=2 (S2): Short circuit/break on the connected cable/ equipment

x=3 (S3): Short circuit/break on the connected cable/ equipment

- Connected equipment might be "stolen".
- Resistor(s) missing or not correct value (see dwg. 512-42).

FAULT: Superv. output x tech.no. xxxxxx

If the output is programmed for sounders (type 3 = alarm devices), it is also indicated by LED "**Fault / Disablements Alarm devices**" (L13) blinking. If the output is programmed for fire brigade tx (type 4 = routing equipment), it is also indicated by LED "**Fault / Disablements Fire brigade tx**" (L15) blinking.

- Check fuses F1–F8 on the output unit p.c.b.
- Short circuit / break on the connected wires.
- Wrong / no end of line resistor.
- One or more connected units have been removed (stolen).

FAULT: System program, MMI board, CU xx

A fault in the control unit no. xx MMI board 5011 software. LED "System fault" is turned on. This is a very serious fault. Call for service personnel/engineer immediately.

FAULT: Temperature sensor control unit xx

The sensor is not correctly connected or is missing in control unit no. xx.

FAULT: Wire to exting. system, CU xx

Short circuit / cut-off on the wires from the 1583 German Fire Brigade interface board, in control unit No. xx, to the connected extinguishing system / equipment.

FAULT: Wrong type board x, loop x, CU xx

This is valid for the I/O Matrix board (4582) no. x, connected on COM loop x in the control unit no. xx.

- Check the board type, set with jumpers JP4 and JP5 on the I/O Matrix board. The type should be the same as programmed

via Win512.

FAULT: Wrong type exp. board x, CU xx

Valid for the 8 zones exp. board 4580, the 8 relay outputs exp. board 4581 and the Inputs and outputs exp. board 4583, mounted in control unit no. xx.

Check the type of board, which should be the same as programmed via Win512 version 2.7.x.

FAULT: Wrong type of unit tech no xxxxxx

The unit is not the same type as programmed. Change the programming **or** the unit.

FAULT: Zone line input, tech no xxxxxx

Detector mounted in an ADB 2330: faulty / removed detector

or

Ext. line (input) to an ADB 2330: break on a wire or wrong / no end-of-line resistor

or

Zone interface 2335 / 2226 (input): break on a wire or wrong / no end of line resistor.

or

Zone interface 2226: No ext. power supply.

or

Multi purpose I/O unit 3361, monitored zone line (input Z): break on a wire or wrong / no end-of-line capacitor / short circuit (if not programmed for fire alarm at short circuit).

(User programmable text; External fault)

Programmable input is used for an external fault; see fault message.

17.2 Fault acknowledge

The LEDs "Fault tx activated" (L11) and "General fault" (L7) are turned ON⁶⁷.

(LEDs "**Fault / Disabling** Alarm devices" (L13), "System fault" (L14) and/or "**Fault / Disabling** Fire brigade tx" (L15) might be turned ON as well.

Output(s) for routing equipment (Fault tx) is (are) activated.

Output(s) for general fault is (are) activated.

Output(s) for general charge fault might be activated.

A **fault message, date and time** is shown in the EBL512 display(s).

After the **time** might be shown "**More faults**" = more than one fault is generated in the system.

After the **time** might be shown "**Serviced**" = the fault is already serviced / corrected. "**Serviced**" will never be shown if the faults are set to be "Not latched".

- Login, according to chapter "Access", page 92.
- Use **menu H6** (access level 2) for fault acknowledge, see chapter "Acknowledge FAULTS (H6)", page 138. Menu H6 is a list showing a maximum of 200 faults (not acknowledged faults and/or acknowledged but not corrected faults). The first fault in the list is the most recent fault. When a fault is acknowledged and corrected it will be removed from the list and a new fault can be shown. Corrected faults are shown in the event log (menu H4/U7).
- All faults have to be individually acknowledged one by one (push button "Fault acknowledge" (P6). Use ↑ or ↓ keys to scroll.
- If a fault has been corrected before it has been acknowledged, the text "**Serviced**" is added after the time.⁶⁸ It still has to be acknowledged.
- When a fault is corrected and acknowledged, it will disappear from the list (H6).
- When **all** faults have been acknowledged, output(s) for routing equipment (Fault tx) is (are) reset (i.e. the LED "Fault tx activated" (L11) will be turned off).
- As long as there are faults (i.e. not acknowledged faults and/or acknowledged but not corrected faults) the LED "General fault" (L7) will be lit and general fault (and maybe general charge fault) output(s) are activated.

⁶⁷ Indicating that output for routing equipment (Fault tx) is activated.

⁶⁸ Via Win512 version 2.7.x the faults can be set to be **not latched**. Corrected faults will in this case automatically disappear from the list without being acknowledged before.

18 Commissioning an installation

Before you connect the power supply to a control unit, all other cable connections shall be made. Check once more that they are correct.

18.1 Single Control Unit

1. Take away the rectifier fuse (F1) and a battery fuse (F2 or F3) on the charger board 1557 / 1657.
2. Connect the batteries to the charger board 1557 / 1657.
3. Connect the rectifier to the mains (230 V AC).
4. Replace the rectifier fuse (F1) and the battery fuse (F2 or F3) on the charger board 1557 / 1657.
5. LED "Operation" (L6) indicate that the 24 V DC power supply (rectifier and/or battery) is okay.
6. An automatic restart will now take place (see chapter "Restart", page 88).
7. The site specific data (SSD) can now be downloaded, see chapter "Programming (SSD download)", page 81. (The SSD is created via the PC program **Win512**.)
8. See also chapter "Calibration of supervised outputs (H5/A1)", page 127.

18.2 Control Units in a TLON network

In a TLON network there is two or more control units connected. A **TLON connection board 1590** is required in each control unit connected to the network.⁶⁹ When the 1590 board is on place and the cables are connected⁷⁰, **for each control unit**, do as follows:

1. Take away the rectifier fuse (F1) and a battery fuse (F2 or F3) on the charger board 1557 / 1657.
2. Connect the batteries to the charger board 1557 / 1657.
3. Connect the rectifier to the mains (230 V AC).
4. Replace the rectifier fuse (F1) and the battery fuse (F2 or F3) on the charger board 1557 / 1657.
5. LED "Operation" (L6) indicate that the 24 V DC power supply (rectifier and/or battery) is okay.

⁶⁹ In a mixed system (see chapter "Mixed system", page 12) the EBL512 c.i.e. **has to have** the software version **2.7.x**.

⁷⁰ The TLON connection board is mounted on the main board 1556. Network cable connections are made on the connection board 1555 (T.B. P1).

6. An automatic reset/restart will now take place (see chapter "Restart", page 88).
7. When all control units are power supplied, the TLON network installation have to be done **before** the site specific data (SSD) can be downloaded, see chapter "Programming (SSD download)", page 81.
8. See also chapter "Calibration of supervised outputs (H5/A1)", page 127.

If you know that one or more of the control units are to be started-up later, do as follow:

- Create in Win512 the SSD only for the control units that shall be connected now. Wait to download the SSD until the TLON Network installation is ready.
- In TLON Manager, do the TLON Network programming for the project, i.e. only the control units that shall be connected now.
- Start-up the control units according to chapter "Control Units in a TLON network", page 77 (i.e. turn power on and do the TLON Network installation of the control units).
- Download the SSD.

Later, when one or more control units shall be stated-up:

- Open the project in **TLON Manager**, add the control unit(s) and install (download) it according to the separate TLON network documentation.
- Open the SSD in Win512 and add the control unit(s) and download the SSD to all control units.

NOTE!

For highest security the function **Redundancy in distributed system** can be used in a system with a TLON Network. One control unit is a "master" unit and the other control units in the system are "slave" units that are connected to the "master" unit via a separate network and a 1580 board in the "master" unit.⁷¹

For more information see Planning Instructions, chapter "Redundancy in distributed system".

18.2.1 TLON network installation

A project (a system with two or more control units) has to be created in the PC program **TLON Manager** or has been created earlier. A PC is connected to the modular connector J2 in the control unit (main board 1556). Open the project in **TLON Manager** and install (download) the project, see separate TLON network documentation.

⁷¹ In a mixed system (see chapter "Mixed system", page 12) an EBL512 c.i.e. **has to be** the "master" and any EBL512 G3 unit has to be a "slave".

18.3 Add a Control Unit in a TLON network

When adding a control unit to a "running" installation you have to have the same software (S/W) version in all control units. Often the new control unit has a newer version than the existing control units. Normally the latest version is the best to use, i.e. the control units in the "running" installation have to be upgraded.⁷² As an alternative, it is possible to download an earlier S/W version in the new control unit. Both alternatives are described in chapter "New system program (S/W) version download", page 84.⁷³

Open the current project in **TLON Manager**, add one control unit and install (download) it according to the separate TLON network documentation.

Open the SSD for the current system via Win512. Add one control unit (and the units connected to it) and download the new SSD according to chapter "Programming (SSD download)", page 81.

18.4 Make two TLON networks one.

It is very important that two or more presentation numbers (Zone-Address) in the systems are not the same. The system properties have to be the same.

Use one of the systems and add to it the control units etc. from the other system.⁷⁴

If it is known from the beginning that two systems shall be one in the future, it is possible to give the control units in the system respectively, the "final" control unit numbers right from the beginning in order to get the correct technical numbers in the system documents.

NOTE! Two or more presentation numbers (Zone-Address) in the systems must not be the same.

18.5 Delete a Control Unit in a TLON network

Physically disconnect the control unit, which will generate faults in the other control units. Acknowledge the faults.

⁷² If the added unit is an **EBL512 G3** control unit it has to have the software **EBL512 G3 United version 2.7.x** and all **EBL512** control units in the network have to have the software **EBL512 version 2.7.x**.

⁷³ If you after S/W download get "FAULT: Configuration control unit xx", read the EBL512 settings (menu Tools | EBL512 settings) and download them again. They will then be downloaded with the same Win512 version as the S/W and the fault will normally be corrected.

⁷⁴ It is not possible to merge two TLON Networks into one or copy one system and paste into another system.

Open the current project in **TLON Manager**, delete one control unit according to the separate TLON network documentation.

Open the SSD for the current system via Win512. Delete one control unit (and the units connected to it) and download the new SSD according to chapter "Programming (SSD download)", page 81.

19 Programming (SSD download)

The PC program **Win512** is used for programming of the site specific data (SSD) and to download it into the **EBL512** control unit(s) and/or 1728, 1735 / 1736 & 1826 / 1828 units connected to an Ext. FBP/DU interface board 1587.

Win512 version 2.7.x also has to be used for **EBL512 G3** control unit(s) connected in a TLON Network with **EBL512** control unit(s), i.e. a **mixed system**. In such a case the software **EBL512 version 2.7.x** and **EBL512 G3 United version 2.7.x** have to be used.

NOTE! The function "Fault latching / No fault latching" is in Win512 version 2.7.x a Control unit properties setting but in a **mixed system** all control units have to have the same setting.

When the units are running, i.e. the power is turned on and the TLON network is running, the SSD download can take place.

The PC has to be connected to the "D" connector J1 in an EBL512 control unit (main board 1556).⁷⁵

Start Win512.⁷⁶ Now you have to log on to the control unit.⁷⁷

In Win512 (menu "Tools" | "Download"), you select the unit(s) to which the SSD is to be downloaded.⁷⁸ For security reasons the SSD (i.e. the installation) will be automatically saved after the download.

19.1 Check All Loop Units

In the Win512 COM loop icon pop-up menu select "Check All Loop Units". This function can be used after (or before) the download of SSD. The function is as follows:

The control unit will find all units that are connected on the COM loop. The addresses (0-127) will be reported to Win512. For all 430x / 33xx units and some of the other units, the type of unit will also be reported. All differences compared to the Win512 SSD will be listed in the Win512 log view and can be saved and/or printed out.

NOTE! During this check the COM loop will be disconnected

⁷⁵ In a mixed system it is **not possible** to connect to an EBL512 G3 control unit.

⁷⁶ It is very important that the two first digits in the EBL512 S/W version and the Win512 version are the same, e.g. for EBL version **2.7.1** shall Win512 version **2.7.x** be used.

⁷⁷ Access code for level 5 shall be entered via the PC (Win512).

⁷⁸ In a mixed system SSD will also be downloaded to the selected EBL512 G3 control units. After the download to a control unit an automatic reset/restart will take place. A number of faults might then be generated, e.g. due to not connected units. This will cause "heavy traffic" on the network, which might affect (delay) the SSD download to the other units.

(disabled) and no alarms or faults can be activated. Disconnected COM loop is indicated by the LED "Disablements" (L8).

19.2 Single Control Unit

Start the downloading from Win512. A text message will be shown in the alphanumeric display in the control unit:

```
Download in progress.....  
Block nnnn out of xxxx
```

When the download is completed the following text message will be shown:

```
Download completed successfully.  
Control unit will now restart
```

Now, an automatic reset/restart will take place (see chapter "Restart", page 88).

If the download was not okay the following text message will be shown:

```
Checksum fault in downloaded data.  
Control unit will now restart
```

Now, an automatic reset/restart will take place (see chapter "Restart", page 88).

After the reset/restart another text message will be shown in the display:

```
FAULT: Site specific data (SSD), CU nn  
Date: MM-DD Time: HH:MM
```

This text message means that the SSD have not been downloaded, i.e. a new download has to be performed.

19.3 Control Units in a TLON network

The SSD for all control units can be downloaded via one control unit. Start the download from Win512. The download will now be performed to the control units, one at a time, according to the chapter "Single Control Unit" above.⁷⁹

When the download to a control unit is completed, that control unit will automatically restart, see chapter "Restart", page 88.

⁷⁹ Downloading is performed in a consecutive order, i.e. 0-1-2-3-4-.....-29 amongst the selected control units **but** the control unit where the PC is connected will automatically be the last one to get the SSD downloaded.

19.4 User definable text messages download

When a fire alarm is activated (e.g. an addressable alarm point), the presentation number (Zone & Address) will be shown on the first row in the control units' and the ext. FBPs' display respectively.⁸⁰ On the second row will be shown a user definable text message (alarm text) if programmed.

Each alarm point can have a unique text message. When several alarms are activated (in one or more zones) and only the zone numbers are shown, each zone can have a unique text message.

Each zone line input can have a unique text message.

The user definable text messages will be printed out when a printer is available.

See also chapter "Fire alarm", page 41.

Unique user definable text messages for each alarm point and each zone line input can also be shown in Display units (2235 / 2236) connected on the COM loops.

All user definable text messages, up to 40 alphanumeric characters each, are created and downloaded via **Win512**. See Planning Instructions, chapter "User definable text messages".

(An "older" DOS based PC program NEWTEXT can also be used, see Planning Instructions, chapter "Display units (addressable)").

19.5 Using "old" SSD

Site Specific Data (SSD) created in an earlier Win512 version can be opened in e.g. the latest Win512 version, edited if required, saved and downloaded to an EBL512 with the latest version.

⁸⁰ Also valid for the Ext. Presentation unit 1728 and the Alert Annunciation units 1735 / 1736.

20 New system program (S/W) version download

The latest software (S/W) version of the EBL512 system program is factory downloaded before the delivery. Due to continual development and improvement, different S/W versions can be found.

The valid S/W version can be read in menu H3 or via Win512. New S/W can on site be downloaded via Win512.⁸¹

New S/W for the 1728, 1735 / 1736 & 1826 / 1828 units (connected to an Ext. FBP/DU interface board 1587) can also on site be downloaded via Win512. See the "Technical Description" for the unit respectively.

20.1 A single control unit (c.i.e.)

A single c.i.e. must not have a TLON connection board 1590 mounted.⁸²

To download a new software (system program) version, a PC and **Win512** are used. Before download, the PC has to be connected to the "D" connector J1 in the control unit main board 1556 in question.

1. Start Win512. In the "Tools" menu open the "Download software" dialog box and do the required settings, e.g. the path for the S/W (*.BIN) file and/or the language (*.SST) file⁸³. Do not forget to mark the checkbox respectively.
2. Set the c.i.e. in "Bootstrap mode", i.e. set jumper "JP1 (BOOT)" in position on the main board 1556.
3. Do a reset/restart, i.e. set jumper "JP4 (RESET)" in position momentarily (approx. 1 second).
4. The buzzer will now sound intermittent and LED "LD101" starts blinking⁸⁴, indicating that the control unit is in "Bootstrap mode".
5. Start the downloading (click "Download"). The buzzer will now be silenced and LED "LD101" is turned on (continuously).
6. During the download of the S/W and/or text file, some information will be shown in the Win512 log view and when the download is ready, "Downloading completed successfully." will

⁸¹ It is recommended that the two first digits in the EBL512 S/W version and the Win512 version are the same, e.g. for EBL version 2.7.x shall Win512 version 2.7.x be used.

⁸² When a c.i.e. has a TLON connection board 1590 mounted, it is expected to be one c.i.e. in a TLON network and TLON network programming is required.

⁸³ If the new S/W file comes together with a text file, download it as well.

⁸⁴ Also the LED "System fault" (L14) starts blinking.

be shown for the S/W and text file respectively. Close the dialog box.

7. Open the "Tools" menu and open the "EBL512 settings" dialog box. See "3" & "4" above. Click "Read". In the log view will be shown: "System information has been uploaded". Check the settings, change when required. See "3" & "4" above. Click "Download". In the log view will be shown: "System information has been downloaded". Close the dialog box.
8. Remove jumper "JP1 (BOOT)". Do a reset/restart, see "3" above. Regarding the reset/restart, see chapter "Restart", page 88.

Follow the same procedure in each control unit.

20.2 Control Units in a TLON network

All control units connected to a TLON network **shall** have the same S/W version. If the EBL512 control units shall be used in a mixed system (see chapter "Mixed system", page 11.), the software version has to be **EBL512 version 2.7.x**. In the EBL512 G3 control units the software has to be **EBL512 G3 United version 2.7.x**, which has to be downloaded via **Win512 version 2.7.x**.

For download of new S/W in each EBL512 control unit, follow the procedure described above.

Since some control units do not have contact with some control units during the downloading, the following faults might be generated:

"FAULT: CU xx has no contact with CU xx"

"FAULT: CU xx has wrong information"

The faults have to be acknowledged.

20.3 Earlier S/W version download

For some reason⁸⁵ it might be required to download an earlier S/W version. This is done the same way as for a new S/W version but with the following additions:

1. The Win512 version designed for the S/W version to be downloaded has to be used.
2. After the download, the "EBL512 settings" shall be read, edited (if required, e.g. the no. of addresses) and then downloaded again.
3. The dialog box "Please enter your password" might be displayed.

⁸⁵ E.g. if a new control unit, with the latest S/W version downloaded by delivery, shall be added to a system with an older S/W version downloaded.

4. If so, the PC program "Key512" is used to get a "Password" for the number specified in the "Key" field. (Only authorised personnel have access to "Key512".)

5. When the password is typed, click "OK".

NOTE! If a running EBL512 system shall be "downgraded", bear in mind that the Site Specific Data (SSD) created in a "new" Win512 version (e.g. 2.7.x) cannot be opened in an "earlier" Win512 version (e.g. 2.2.5). New SSD has in this case to be created in the "earlier" Win512 version.

21 EBL512 settings download

EBL512 settings are normally factory downloaded in the EBL512 control unit before the delivery. It is however, possible to download the following on site:

- The number of addresses (max. loop units)⁸⁶
- Serial number (normally not changed)
- Date (normally not changed)
- Adhesive type (Type 1 = "old", **Type 2 = "new"; acc. to EN54**)

If you wish to download new EBL512 settings, a PC and **Win512** are used. Before download, the PC has to be connected to the "D" connector J1 in the control unit main board 1556 in question.

1. Start Win512. In the "Tools" menu open the "EBL512 settings" dialog box.
2. Set the c.i.e. in "Bootstrap mode", i.e. set jumper "JP1 (BOOT)" in position on the main board 1556.
3. Do a reset/restart, i.e. set jumper "JP4 (RESET)" in position momentarily (approx. 1 second).
4. The buzzer will now sound intermittent and LED "LD101" starts blinking⁸⁴, indicating that the control unit is in "Bootstrap mode".
5. In the "Win512 settings" dialog box, click "Read". The buzzer will be silenced, the actual settings shown and in the Win512 log view will be shown: "System information has been uploaded."
6. Write the new settings in the fields respectively.
7. Do like 3 & 4 above. Click "Download". The buzzer will be silenced and a "Win512" box will be displayed. Click "OK".
NOTE! If "Max. loop units" are changed, a "Please enter your password" dialog box will be shown.⁸⁶
8. When the download is ready, in the Win512 log view it will be shown: "System information has been downloaded".
9. Read, see 3, 4 & 5 above, to verify the new settings.
10. Remove jumper "JP1 (BOOT)". Do a reset/restart, see 3 above.
Regarding the reset/restart, see chapter "Restart", page 88.

Follow the same procedure in each control unit.

21.1 Control Units in a TLON network

All control units connected to a TLON network have the same convention (via the SSD download) but the number of addresses (max. loop units) and the language can vary if required.

⁸⁶ To change the "Max. loop units", a separate password for download is required. This password is in conjunction with a "Key" (eight digits) and is available from the producer if you are authorized. The Key is shown in Win512.

22 Restart

A restart⁸⁷ will delete or not delete the data in the control unit. Here follow an explanation of the different data, abbreviations and a table showing how the data respectively is affected.

FFD = Fire alarms, faults and disablements.

SSW = Week average sensor values, access codes, supervised output calibration values and log buffers. (Alarm counter when applicable.)

SSD = Site specific data, i.e. all the installation programming downloaded from Win512.

SSI = EBL512 settings downloaded from Win512.

S/W = Software, i.e. the control unit system program.

Safe shut down of control unit (menu H8/S8) will save the **SSW** data in a Flash ROM **before you power off** (de-energize)⁸⁸ the control unit. Before the first "Safe shut down" this memory is empty. After each "Safe shut down", the latest SSW data is saved. When the power supply returns, the control unit RAM (working memory) will, after the restart, read the SSW data saved in the Flash ROM.⁸⁹

Action	Data, etc. which will be <u>deleted</u>	Data, etc. which will be <u>not deleted</u>
Control unit power OFF ⁹⁰ and then power ON again.	SSW ⁹⁰ FFD	SSD, SSI, S/W
RESET jumper JP4 on the main board 1556.	FFD (SSW) ⁸⁸	SSD, SSI, S/W, SSW
Reset command from Win512 or TLON Manager	FFD	SSD, SSI, S/W, SSW
Automatically due to <u>external disturbance</u> . ⁹¹	FFD (SSW) ⁸⁸	SSD, SSI, S/W, SSW
Automatically after <u>download of site specific data (SSD)</u> via a PC & Win512.	FFD	SSD, SSI, S/W, SSW

NOTE! During restart, the following will happen:

-- The Fault tx relay output will be "activated".

⁸⁷ Restart affects the control unit where it is performed and that control unit's data in a system.

⁸⁸ A restart via jumper JP4 or an external disturbance might also delete the SSW if the restart is in the middle of an un-controlled process.

⁸⁹ If this memory is empty when the power supply returns, new week average sensor values will be calculated within two minutes. During the two minutes all fire alarms from analog smoke detectors will be suppressed.

⁹⁰ See "Safe shut down of control unit" above.

⁹¹ If this happens often, call for service personnel / engineer.

-- The S0-S3 voltage outputs programmed as normally high / supervised will be low / not supervised for a few seconds. The "restart" begins and might last up to 2 minutes. During the restart, no fire alarm can be activated and the following text messages will be show in the alphanumeric display:

```
Checking program memory.....
```

And after that (if everything is all right, else see Memory fault below):

```
Booting.....
```

A **fault** is now generated in the system and the following text message will be shown in the display:

```
FAULT: Restart CU nn code xx  YYYYYYYYYY  
Date: MM-DD   Time: HH:MM
```

Regarding code xx and yy - y, see page 70. This fault is also indicated by LEDs "Fault tx activated" (L11) and "General fault" (L7).

After fault acknowledge (menu H6), the LEDs will be turned OFF if there are no other faults.

After reset, a synchronization of the control units starts automatically. See also chapter "Synchronize the control units (H8/S10)", page 152.

After reset, required disablements have to be done.

Memory fault

In case of a fault in the S/W (system program) the following text message will be shown in the display:

```
Memory fault in program area: xxx
```

This is also indicated by LED "System fault" (L14) and the buzzer (sounds steady). The Fault tx output is activated.

A new download of S/W (system program) is required.

NOTE! After the **SSD download** (see chapter "Programming (SSD download)", page 81), the following might be shown in the display:

```
Checksum fault in downloaded data.  
Control unit will now restart
```

After the restart (see above) and the text message:

```
FAULT: Restart CU nn code xx  YYYYYYYYYY  
Date: MM-DD   Time: HH:MM   Serviced
```

Another text message will be shown in the display:

```
FAULT: Site specific data (SSD), CU nn  
Date: MM-DD   Time: HH:MM
```

This text message means that the SSD have not been downloaded. A new download has to be performed.

22.1 Boot menu

The Boot menu should be used by **authorised personnel only!**

NOTE! Vital data can be erased via this menu.

The Boot menu is opened as follows:

Perform a reset / restart:

- Power off / power on
or
- Jumper JP4 on the main board

The following text messages will be show in the LCD:

```
Checking program memory.....
```

And after that:

```
Booting.....
```

When the text "Booting....." appears, press "**Access**" and 0.1 sec. later also press "**1**" and the **Boot menu** will be shown:

```
1:Reset, 2:Clear mem, 4:Read AD, 5:MSClo  
ck, 6:Checksum, 7:Cursor, 8:Texts
```

Press "**1**" to perform a reset / restart (you will also leave the Boot menu).

Press "**2**" to open the Clear memory menu, see below.

The alternatives 3-8 are for R & D use only!!

The **Clear memory menu**:

```
1 = SSD, 2 = SSW, 3 = SysInfo, 4 = Echel  
oninfo, 5 = Texts
```

Press "**1**" to clear the SSD memory.⁹²

Press "**2**" to clear the SSW memory.

The alternatives 3-5 are for R & D use only!!

"Erasing SSD" and "Erasing SSW" respectively will be shown and then the Clear memory menu will be shown again.

Press "**Return**" to go back to the Boot menu.

⁹² Can also be done in Win512, EBL512 settings dialog box, "Clear SSD".

NOTE! After clearing the SSW, perform a "Power off / power on" reset / restart directly.

23 Access

To use the key pad in the control unit (to get access to the menu tree), it is necessary to logon with an access code for level 2, 3 or 4. See also chapter "Access levels", page 23.

Open the door in the control unit (= level 1), press the "Access" button (P8) and continue as follows:

Action	Text in display	Comments
	YYYY-MM-DD EBL512 CU XX hh:mm:ss A user definable text.	
"Access"	Access code: _	
Enter the code (4 digits)	Access code: ****	The digits are replaced (****) in the display.
	NO ACCESS!	The access code was not correct. Try again.
	Perform monthly test ACCEPT? H1	The access code was correct. This is menu H1. Press "A" to accept (to perform monthly test) or scroll / jump to the following menus (H2-H10).

Explanations:

Action (in the table) = use push button / key (e.g. signed "Access").

Text in display (in the table) = what is shown in the alphanumeric display in the control unit (c.i.e.).

Comments (in the table) = Comments to the text in the "Action" and "Text in display" columns.

Use "↑" and "↓" to scroll between the main menus H1-H10.

Use "A" to accept.

Some main menus have sub menus. Use "↑" and "↓" to scroll between the sub menus (e.g. B1-B9). Use "A" to accept.

NOTE! The menus are circular, i.e. if you scroll with "↓" and the last menu is reached, the first menu comes up next.

Quick jump can be used within each menu, e.g. in menu H1 press "6" for a quick jump to menu H6. "1" and "0" (within 1 sec.) = 10.

Instead of a menu identification (e.g. B1), the letter L can be shown, which means that it is a List. Use "↑" and "↓" to scroll in the list.

Use "←" and "→" to move the cursor in a menu.

Use "Return" to return from a sub menu to the main menu (H1-H10).

Use "Return" to log off from a main menu (H1-H10).

There will be an automatic log off 60 minutes after the last action (i.e. if the key pad or a push button has not been used for 60 min.).

24 Perform monthly test (H1)

The control unit and the installation shall be tested on a regular basis. If one twelfth of the alarm points are tested each month, the whole installation will be tested after one year.

In test mode, only the alarm points are tested, i.e. no outputs (no sounders) will be activated during the test. (Alarm devices can be tested via menu H8/S7.)

If a real fire alarm is activated, for example by **an alarm point not in test mode**, the normal fire alarm functions will be activated, i.e. fire alarm presentation, outputs (sounders) activated, routing equipment (fire brigade tx) activated, etc.

See also chapter "Alphanumeric display (LCD) in EBL512", page 21.

NOTE! If the control unit door is left open, the output(s) for routing equipment (fire brigade tx) might be disabled (if set so in Win512).

There will be an automatic ending of the test mode one hour after the latest tested alarm point / zone.

See also chapter "Perform ZONE TEST (test mode) (H7)", page 139.

Action	Text in display	Comments
"Access"		According to chapter "Access", see page 92.
	Perform monthly test ACCEPT? H1	
"A"	Check that all LEDs light up! ACCEPT	
"A"	<pre> ██ ██ </pre>	The buzzer (in the C.U.) sounds and all dots in the display are shown. All LED:s light up, incl. LED:s in units connected via I/O Matrix board 4582. When printer is available, it will print out: ABCDE.....Z abcde.....z
"A"	Zone to be set in TEST MODE: _?? ??? ??? ??? Start test: ACCEPT	
Write zone numbers (e.g. 001, 002, 003, 004)	Zone to be set in TEST MODE: 001 002 003 004 Start test: ACCEPT	Press "A" to start the test mode.

NOTE_1! During the test, the following information will be shown in all other c.i.e. displays:

Zones in test mode: 001, 002, 003, 004

NOTE_2! If an alarm point (e.g. a manual call point) is in alarm state when the test mode is ended, there will not be a fire alarm activated. Instead the alarm point will be disabled and has to be re-enabled again via menu H2/B5.

When the "Fire door closing" function is used, the fire door will be closed when the detectors controlling the door are tested via the test mode.

25 Disable or re-enable (H2)

A whole zone, one or more alarm points within a zone and/or control outputs can be disabled via menus H2/B1-B3. This possibility can be used when a temporary disablement is wanted (e.g. craftsmen working in the premises, etc.).

The function **Enhanced disablement** is enabled as default i.e. disabled alarm points will not activate Pre-warning, fire alarm or fault. If this function is not enabled (via Win512), fault can be activated but not pre-warning or fire alarm. (This is a violation to the EN54-2 standard.

Addressable manual call points can be disabled (but shall normally not be disabled). However, when a whole zone is disabled, the addressable manual call points will not be disabled for safety reasons.

Up to 512 whole zones can be disabled via menu H2/B1.

Up to 200 alarm points (zones / address) can be **individually** disabled via menu H2/B2 and/or COM / BS4 loops, zone interface inputs and/or MIO inputs can be disabled via menu H8/S2. (Alarm points disabled via time channels are not limited and must not be counted!)

Up to 200 outputs can be **individually** disabled via menu H2/B3. Disabled output will stay in (or return to) the normal condition for the output respectively. (Disabled outputs via menu H2/B8 and menu H2/B9 are not limited and must not be counted!)

Up to 200 Interlocking outputs can be **individually** disabled via menu H9/C4. (All interlocking outputs disabled via "000/00" are not limited and must not be counted!)

It is not possible to exceed the limits. A warning will be shown:

```
Max. disablements reached!  
Disablement not performed. ACCEPT?
```

Don't forget to re-enable (via menus H2/B4-B6, B8 or B9, H8/S3, H9/C5 or use automatic re-enablement for zones and alarm points. Disablements are indicated by LED "Disablements" (L8) and are also shown in the display⁹⁴. An example:

```
Zone 001 is disabled  
More...
```

More... is indicating two or more disablements.

Disablements (and faults) are indicated by a 2-sec. beep when an open control unit door is being closed.

⁹⁴ NOTE! See chapter "Alphanumeric display (LCD) in EBL512", page 22 regarding priority order.

25.1 Disable zone (H2/B1)

When a whole zone is disabled, all alarm points within the zone are disabled except the addressable manual call points.

Disabled zones are listed in menu H4/U1 from which it is also possible to get a print-out.

Action	Text in display	Comments
"Access"		According to chapter "Access", see page 92.
Scroll to menu H2.	Disable or re-enable ACCEPT? H2	
"A"	Disable zone ACCEPT? B1	
"A"	Disable zone: 000 ACCEPT?	
Write zone number (e.g. 001)	Disable zone: 001 ACCEPT?	Press "A" to accept.
"A"	Automatic re-enabling: 0 (0=No, 1=Yes) Time: HH:MM (Default is current time + 3 hours) ACCEPT?	Press "1" for aut. re-enabling and accept or change the time (max. 24 hours). Press "A" to accept. LED "Disablements" (L8) will light up.
"A"	Disable zone: 000 ACCEPT?	If more disablements shall be done, continue like above. If not, press "Return" to menu B1. Scroll or press "Return" to menu H2. Scroll or press "Return" to log off.

25.2 Disable zone / address (H2/B2)

Addressable alarm points (also addressable manual call points), connected to the COM loop, can be individually disabled.

Disabled alarm points, zone / addresses, are listed in menu H4/U1 from which it is also possible to get a print-out.

Regarding disabled analog smoke detector: The sensor values will not be saved, i.e. only the values saved before and after the disablement will be used when calculating the week average sensor value.

Disabled alarm points, zone / addresses, have to be re-enabled via menu H4/B2.

Action	Text in display	Comments
"Access"		According to chapter "Access", see page 92.
Scroll to menu H2.	Disable or re-enable ACCEPT? H2	
"A"	Disable zone ACCEPT? B1	
Scroll to menu B2.	Disable zone / address ACCEPT? B2	
"A"	Disable zone: <u>0</u> 00 Address: 00 ACCEPT?	
Write zone number and address (e.g. 001 / 01)	Disable zone: 001 Address: 01 ACCEPT?	Press "A" to accept.
"A"	Automatic re-enabling: <u>0</u> (0=No, 1=Yes) Time: HH:MM ACCEPT? <i>(Default is current time + 3 hours)</i>	Press "1" for aut. re-enabling and accept or change the time (max. 24 hours). Press "A" to accept. LED "Disablesments" (L8) will light up.
"A"	Disable zone: <u>0</u> 00 Address: 00 ACCEPT?	If more disablements shall be done, continue like above. If not, press "Return" to menu B2. Scroll or press "Return" to menu H2. Scroll or press "Return" to log off.

25.3 Disable control output (H2/B3)

Control outputs can be individually disabled. Disabled output will stay in (or return to) the normal condition for the output respectively.

Disabled outputs are listed in menu H4/U1 from which it is also possible to get a print-out.

Action	Text in display	Comments
"Access"		According to chapter "Access", see page 92.
Scroll to menu H2.	Disable or re-enable ACCEPT? H2	
"A"	Disable zone ACCEPT? B1	
Scroll to menu B3.	Disable control output ACCEPT? B3	
"A"	Disable output control unit: <u>0</u> Type: 0 0=Loopunit 1=S 2=R 3=RE 4=ES ACCEPT? <i>(4=ES not valid in Swedish (SBF) convention)</i>	Write C.U. No. and press: "0"=RU4 (2265) or SU4 (2262 / 2263) or MIO (3361) or AOU (3364) or ASI (3377) or ASB (3378) "1"=S0-S3 "2"=R0-R1 "3"=Relay board 1581 "4"=1583 board output "Extinguishing system". Press "A" to accept.
"A" Depending on the chosen type, 0, 1, 2, 3 resp. 4, the following will be shown:	Disable <u>00</u> 0000 control output 0 ACCEPT? Disable <u>S0</u> ACCEPT? Disable <u>R0</u> ACCEPT? Disable relay board <u>0</u> output 0 ACCEPT? Disable output for extinguishing system on 1583 board, CU <u>00</u> ACCEPT?	Regarding the AOU (3364) unit's output 2: The fire door functions will not be disabled. Regarding the ASI (3377) & ASB (3378) units: Control output 0=high priority 1=medium priority 2=low priority Write the data. Press "A" to accept. LED "Disablesments" (L8) will light up.

"A"	Disable output control unit: <u>0</u> Type: 0 0=Loopunit 1=S 2=R 3=RE 4=ES ACCEPT?	If more disablements shall be done, continue like above. If not, press "Return" to menu B3. Scroll or press "Return" to menu H2. Scroll or press "Return" to log off.
-----	---	---

25.4 Re-enable zone (H2/B4)

Disabled zones are listed in menu H4/U1.

Re-enabling via this menu has higher priority than automatic re-enabling.

When all zones have been re-enabled, The LED "Disablesments" (L8) will be turned OFF, if there are no other disablesments in the system.

NOTE! It is not possible to collectively re-enable a number of alarm points (zone-address) that are individually disabled via menu H2/B2.

Action	Text in display	Comments
"Access"		According to chapter "Access", see page 92.
Scroll to menu H2.	Disable or re-enable ACCEPT? H2	
"A"	Disable zone ACCEPT? B1	
Scroll to menu B4.	Re-enable zone ACCEPT? B4	
"A"	Re-enable zone: <u>000</u> ACCEPT? L	If there are no zones to re-enable, menu B4 will be shown again. L=a list in which you can scroll. If it's the correct zone to re-enable, press "A" to accept. If not, scroll or write the wanted zone and press "A" to accept.
"A"	Re-enable zone ACCEPT? B4	If more re-enabements shall be done, continue like above. If not, scroll or press "Return" to menu H2. Scroll or press "Return" to log off.

25.5 Re-enable zone / address (H2/B5)

Disabled alarm points, zone / addresses, are listed in menu H4/U1.

Alarm points and/or zones disabled via the function "Single encapsulated reset" (see page 52) have to be re-enabled via this menu. A **zone** will be displayed as ZZZ-00 (i.e. zone number and address 00).

Alarm points and/or zones disabled when the "New Zealand FB Silence switch" (outside switch) is turned OFF, have to be re-enabled via this menu before they can activate a new alarm.

Re-enabling via this menu has higher priority than automatic re-enabling.

When all alarm points / zones have been re-enabled, The LED "Disablements" (L8) will be turned OFF, if there are no other disablements in the system.

Action	Text in display	Comments
"Access"		According to chapter "Access", see page 92.
Scroll to menu H2:	Disable or re-enable ACCEPT? H2	
"A"	Disable zone ACCEPT? B1	
Scroll to menu B5.	Re-enable zone / address ACCEPT? B5	
"A"	Re-enable zone: <u>00</u> Address: 00 ACCEPT? L	If there are no zone / addresses to re-enable, menu B5 will be shown again. L =a list in which you can scroll. If it's the correct zone / address to re-enable, press "A" to accept. If not, scroll or write the wanted zone / address and press "A" to accept.
"A"	Re-enable zone / address ACCEPT? B5	If more re-enabements shall be done, continue like above. If not, scroll or press "Return" to menu H2. Scroll or press "Return" to log off.

25.6 Re-enable control output (H2/B6)

Disabled outputs are listed in menu H4/U1 from which it is also possible to get a print-out.

When all control outputs have been re-enabled, The LED "Disablements" (L8) will be turned OFF, if there are no other disablements in the system.

Action	Text in display	Comments
"Access"		According to chapter "Access", see page 92.
Scroll to menu H2.	Disable or re-enable ACCEPT? H2	
"A"	Disable zone ACCEPT? B1	
Scroll to menu B6.	Re-enable control output ACCEPT? B6	
"A"	Re-enable control output type: 0 0=Loopunit 1=S 2=R 3=RE 4=ES ACCEPT? <i>(4=ES not valid in Swedish (SBF) convention)</i>	Press: "0"=RU4 (2265) or SU4 (2262 / 2263) or MIO (3361) or ASI (3377) or ASB (3378) "1"=S0-S3 "2"=R0-R1 "3"=Relay board 1581 "4"=1583 board output "Extinguishing system". Press "A" to accept.
"A" Depending on the chosen type, 0, 1, 2, 3 resp. 4, the following will be shown:	Re-enable 00 0000 output 0 ACCEPT? L Re-enable control unit 00 S0 ACCEPT? L Re-enable control unit 00 R0 ACCEPT? L Re-enable control unit 00 relay board 0 output 0 ACCEPT? L Re-enable output for extinguishing system on 1583 board, CU 00 ACCEPT? L	If there are no outputs to re-enable, menu B6 will be shown again. L=a list in which you can scroll. Regarding the ASI (3377) & ASB (3378) units: Output: 0=high priority 1=medium priority 2=low priority If it's the correct output to re-enable, press "A" to accept. If not, scroll or write the wanted output and press "A" to accept.

"A"	Re-enable control output type: <u>0</u> 0=Loopunit 1=S 2=R 3=RE 4=ES ACCEPT?	If more re-enablements shall be done, continue like above. If not, press "Return" to menu B6. Scroll or press "Return" to menu H2. Scroll or press "Return" to log off.
-----	---	---

25.7 Re-enable non-reset zone / address (H2/B7)

NOTE!

This menu is no longer valid. See chapter "Single encapsulated reset", page 52.

Menu H2/B5 shall be used instead.

Action	Text in display	Comments
"Access"		According to chapter "Access", see page 92.
Scroll to menu H2:	Disable or re-enable ACCEPT? H2	
"A"	Disable zone ACCEPT? B1	
Scroll to menu B7.	Re-enable non-reset zone / address ACCEPT? B7	
"A"	This menu is no longer valid. Use menu H2/B5. ACCEPT?	
"A"	Re-enable non-reset zone / address ACCEPT? B7	Scroll or press "Return" to menu H2. Scroll or press "Return" to log off.

25.8 Disable / Re-enable all control, exting. and ventilation outputs (H2/B8)

Outputs⁹⁵ programmed as type 0 = control (general), type 1 = fire ventilation and/or type 2 = extinguishing system⁹⁶ can be disabled all at the same time. **Disabled control output** means that even if the control expression (trigger condition) for the output respectively is fulfilled, the output will not be activated.

Disabled control outputs are indicated by LED "Disablesments" (L8) and is shown in menu H4/U1.

The outputs in one or more control units can be disabled or the outputs in all control units.

The outputs will be disabled until re-enabled again (via this menu).

Action	Text in display	Comments
"Access"		According to chapter "Access", see page 92.
Scroll to menu H2.	Disable or re-enable ACCEPT? H2	
"A"	Disable zone ACCEPT? B1	
Scroll to menu B8.	Disable / Re-enable all control, exting. and ventilation outputs ACCEPT? B8	
"A"	Disable (=0) or Re-enable (=1) outputs? <u>1</u> CU 99 (99 = All) ACCEPT?	Press "1" or "0", write the CU number (or "99" for all CUs) ⁹⁷ and press "A" to accept.
"A"	Disable / Re-enable all control, exting. and ventilation outputs ACCEPT? B8	Scroll or press "Return" to menu H2. Scroll or press "Return" to log off.

⁹⁵ Including Addressable siren 3377 and Addressable sounder base 3378.

⁹⁶ Also the "Extinguish equipment output" on the German FBP interface board 1583.

⁹⁷ **NOTE!** Outputs disabled for a specific control unit (e.g. CU 03) can not be collectively re-enabled via CU 99. You have to re-enable the outputs for the specific control unit(s), e.g. CU 03.

25.9 Disable / Re-enable alarm devices (H2/B9)

Outputs⁹⁵ programmed as type 3 = alarm device (sounder) can be disabled all at the same time. **Disabled alarm devices** means that even if the control expression (trigger condition) for output respectively is fulfilled, the output will not be activated.

Disabled alarm devices are indicated by LED **Fault / Disablements** "Alarm devices" (L13) and LED "Disablements" (L8) and is also shown in menu H4/U1.

The outputs in one or more control units can be disabled or the outputs in all control units.

The outputs will be disabled until re-enabled again (via this menu).

NOTE! This function is **not** the same as push button "Silence alarm devices" (P3), see chapter ""Silence Alarm devices", page 28. This function has higher priority than "Silence alarm devices".

Action	Text in display	Comments
"Access"		According to chapter "Access", see page 92.
Scroll to menu H2.	Disable or re-enable ACCEPT? H2	
"A"	Disable zone ACCEPT? B1	
Scroll to menu B9:	Disable / Re-enable alarm devices ACCEPT? B9	
"A"	Disable (=0) or Re-enable (=1) alarm devices? <u>1</u> CU 99 (99 = All) ACCEPT?	Press "1" or "0", write the CU number (or "99" for all CUs) ⁹⁷ and press "A" to accept.
"A"	Disable / Re-enable alarm devices ACCEPT? B9	Scroll or press "Return" to menu H2. Scroll or press "Return" to log off.

26 Set calendar and clock (H3)

The RTC component has a capacitor as a backup power supply. Normally, date, day of the week and time only have to be set when the power is turned on the control unit for the first time.⁹⁸ If required, the clock might be corrected, so that the "time stamps" for fire alarms, faults, etc. will be correct.

In this menu is also the S/W (system program) version shown.

The calendar and clock can be set in any c.i.e. for the whole system. Every day (at midnight) the calendar and clock will be synchronised.

NOTE! The information shown in the display will be saved when you press "A". **If you don't want to change anything** (e.g. if you only want to see the S/W version), **press "Return"** (instead of "A") **to return to menu H3.**

Action	Text in display	Comments
"Access"		According to chapter "Access", see page 92.
Scroll to menu H3.	Set calendar and clock ACCEPT? H3	
"A"	Date: <u>YY</u> -MM-DD Time: hh:mm:ss Weekday:W (1=M, 7=S) VER:vvvvvvvvvvvvv NOTE! The date is in some conventions / languages shown as DD-MM-YY .	Here is the S/W version shown (e.g. VER: 2.4). The time shown, is the time when "A" was pressed (in menu H3). Change the date, time and/or weekday. <u>The "clock" starts again from the date, time, etc. shown in the display.</u> <u>NOTE! Press "Return" instead of "A" if no changes are to be done.</u>
"A" or "Return"	Set calendar and clock ACCEPT? H3	Scroll or press "Return" to log off.

⁹⁸ The capacitor can supply the RTC for a couple of days. When the power has been turned off, it is recommended to check / set the date and time in menu H3.

26.1 Daylight saving time

"Use daylight saving time" is selected via Win512.

If selected, the time is automatically changed when the Daylight saving time period starts and stops respectively.

- Forward 1 hour the last Sunday in March, 02:00 → 03:00.
Backward 1 hour the last Sunday in October, 03:00 → 02:00.

27 Present system status on display and printer (H4)

A printer is factory mounted in control unit 1549. Printer 1558 is an option for control unit 1548.

27.1 Disablement (H4/U1)

A list of all disablements in the system. Also alarm point(s) and/or zones disabled via the function "Single encapsulated reset" (see page 52) is shown in the list. In this case a **zone** will be displayed as ZZZ-00 (i.e. zone number and address 00).

Disablements by time channels are listed in menu H4/U2.

From this menu, it is also possible to get a print-out.

Action	Text in display	Comments
"Access"		According to chapter "Access", see page 92.
Scroll to menu H4.	Present system status on display and printer ACCEPT? H4	
"A"	Disablement Printout: (1=yes) U1	Press "1" for an automatic print-out of all disablements in the system. Press "A" for presentation in the display.
"A" or "1"	<p><i>When "A" is pressed, the disablements will be shown in the display. Some examples:</i></p> <p>Zone XXX address XX disabled a) L</p> <p>or</p> <p>Zone XXX is disabled a) L</p> <p>or</p> <p>Alarm points are disabled by time channel in CU XX^{a)}</p> <hr/> <p>Printing started. To stop printing press C and 0 simultaneously ACCEPT?</p>	L = a list in which you can scroll. If there are no disablements and if "Return" is pressed, menu U1 will be shown again. a) On this row can be shown adding information, e.g.: Automatic re-enablement HH:MM or (by open door in CU xx)
"Return" or "A"	Disablement Printout: (1=yes) U1	Scroll or press "Return" to menu H4. Scroll or press "Return" to log off.

27.2 Disablement by time channel (H4/U2)

A list of all disablements by time channel(s) in the system. From this menu, it is also possible to get a print-out.

NOTE! Other disablements are listed in menu H4/U1.

Action	Text in display	Comments
"Access"		According to chapter "Access", see page 92.
Scroll to menu H4.	Present system status on display and printer ACCEPT? H4	
"A"	Disablement Printout: (1=yes) U1	
Scroll to menu U2.	Disablement by time channel Printout: (1=yes) U2	Press "1" for an automatic print-out of all disablements in the system. Press "A" for presentation in the display.
"A" or	<i>When "A" is pressed, the disablements will be shown in the display, e.g:</i> Zone XXX address XX disabled (by time channel) L	L = a list in which you can scroll. If there are no disablements and if "Return" is pressed, menu U2 will be shown again.
"1"	Printing started. To stop printing press C and 0 simultaneously ACCEPT?	Press "A" and menu U2 will be shown again.
"Return"	Disablement by time channel Printout: (1=yes) U2	Scroll or press "Return" to menu H4. Scroll or press "Return" to log off.

When scrolling in the list the message "No more zone/addresses disabled by time channel found in the system" can be shown.

27.3 Doors open (H4/U3)

The LED "Door open" (L10) is lit, to indicate that one or more doors are open. See chapter "Door open", page 35.

This menu is a list of all open doors and it is also possible to get a print-out.

Action	Text in display	Comments
"Access"		According to chapter "Access", see page 92.
Scroll to menu H4.	Present system status on display and printer ACCEPT? H4	
"A"	Disablement Printout: (1=yes) U1	
Scroll to menu U3.	Doors open Printout: (1=yes) U3	Press "1" for an automatic print-out of all "open doors". Press "A" for presentation in the display.
"A" or	<i>When "A" is pressed, "open doors" will be shown in the display. Two examples:</i> Door open CU 00 L or Door open FBP x board x CU xx L -----	L = a list in which you can scroll. If there are no "open doors" and if "Return" is pressed, menu U3 will be shown again.
"1"	Printing started. To stop printing press C and 0 simultaneously ACCEPT?	Press "A" and menu U3 will be shown again.
"Return"	Doors open Printout: (1=yes) U3	Scroll or press "Return" to menu H4. Scroll or press "Return" to log off.

27.4 Activated 2-zone/address dependent zone/address (H4/U4)

("Two unit dependent" in Win512): When only one **zone** or one **zone / address** (alarm point) is in alarm status⁹⁹, the buzzer (in the c.i.e.) sounds (0.8 / 5 sec.) and there is a **Co-incidence alarm** presentation in the c.i.e. display.

The unit(s) or zone(s) in Co-incidence alarm status is (are) shown in this menu, from which it is also possible to get a print-out.

Action	Text in display	Comments
	Co-incidence alarm detector ZZZ/AA User definable text message (if progr.) or Co-incidence alarm zone ZZZ User definable text message (if progr.)	One alarm point or zone has activated a Co-incidence alarm. ZZZ = zone number AA = address
"Access"		According to chapter "Access", see page 92.
Scroll to menu H4.	Present system status on display and printer ACCEPT? H4	
"A"	Disablement Printout: (1=yes) U1	
Scroll to menu U4.	Activated 2-zone/address dependent zone/address Printout: (1=yes) U4	Press "1" for an automatic print-out. Press "A" for presentation in the display.
"A" or	<i>When "A" is pressed, the active zone & address (or zone) will be shown in the display, e.g:</i> Co-incidence alarm detector ZZZ/AA L or Co-incidence alarm zone ZZZ L	This is a list in which you can scroll. If there are no "alarms" and if "Return" is pressed, menu U4 will be shown again.
"1"	Printing started. To stop printing press C and 0 simultaneously ACCEPT?	Press "A" and menu U4 will be shown again.
"Return"	Activated 2-zone/address dependent zone/address Printout: (1=yes) U4	Scroll or press "Return" to menu H4. Scroll or press "Return" to log off.

⁹⁹ When two or more zones or units (zone / addresses), dependent on each other, are in alarm status at the same time, normal fire alarm will be activated in the system.

27.5 Sensor values (H4/U5)

The very first week average sensor value is calculated within 2 minutes after SSD download & restart. During these 2 minutes can no fire alarm be activated and the sensor value "000" will be shown.

The "Performance factor" and "Min. / Max." values are updated each night (00:00), i.e. the values shown are from the previous day.

Regarding the "British Standard Marine Application" convention, see chapter "Algorithm setting via menu H4/U5", page 117.

	Text in display	Comments
"Access"		According to chapter "Access", see page 92.
Scroll to menu H4.	Present system status on display and printer ACCEPT? H4	
"A"	Disablement Printout: (1=yes) U1	
Scroll to menu U5.	Sensor values Printout: (1=yes) U5	Press "A" (or "1") to accept.

Here follows the **alternative "A"** (= no printout). The alternative "1" (= printout) follows below.

"A"	Start Sensor : 000000	Write the sensor's techn. number and/or press "A" to accept.	
E.g: "000001" Depending on the type, the following will be shown:	"A"	Type 3304: Sensor: 000001 Momentary: XX.X%/m Weekly: XX.X%/m	This is a list in which you can scroll or use "→" to see the next information window for the selected sensor. Press "Return" to the Start Sensor. Scroll or write a new techn. number or press "Return" to menu U5. NOTE! XX.X%/m = XX.X % obscuration per meter". XXX = sensor value. Perf. Factor: see below this table. nnnnnn = algorithm short name, see separate table, page 115.
	"→"	Sensor: 000001 Min: XX.X%/m Perf Factor: X.XX%/m Max: XX.X%/m	
	"→"	Sensor: 000001 Current algorithm: nnnnnn	
	"A"	Type 23xx (22xx) & AUT: Sensor: 000002 Momentary: XXX Weekly: XXX	
	"A"	Type 3308 / 3309: Sensor: 000003 Min: XX°C Momentary: XX°C Max: XX°C	
	"→"	Sensor: 000003 Current algorithm: nnnnnn	
	"A"	Type 3316: Sensor: 00000N Momentary: XX.X%/m Weekly: XX.X%/m	
	"→"	Sensor: 00000N Min: XX.X%/m Perf Factor: X.XX%/m Max: XX.X%/m	

	"→"	Sensor: 00000N Current algorithm: nnnnnn	
	"→"	Sensor: 00000N Min: XX°C Momentary: XX°C Max: XX°C	
	"→"	Sensor: 00000N Current algorithm: nnnnnn	
"Return"		Start Sensor : 000000	Write the sensor's techn. number and/or press "A" to accept or press "Return" to menu U5.
"Return"		Sensor values Printout: (1=yes) U5	Scroll or press "Return" to menu H4. Scroll or press "Return" to log off.

When scrolling the message "Please Wait...." might be shown for "a second" and "No more sensors found in the system" (before the lowest and after the highest possible technical number in the system).

Here follows the **alternative "1"** (printout).

Scroll to menu U5.	Sensor values Printout: (1=yes) U5	Press "1" to accept.
"1"	Start Sensor : 000000 End Sensor :	Write the techn. numbers and/or press "A" to accept.
"A"	Printing started. To stop printing press C and 0 simultaneously ACCEPT?	Press "A" and menu U5 will be shown again.
"A"	Start Sensor : 000000	Write the sensor's techn. number and/or press "A" to accept or press "Return" to menu U5.
"Return"	Sensor values Printout: (1=yes) U5	Scroll or press "Return" to menu H4. Scroll or press "Return" to log off.

Perf. Factor = Performance factor:

Low (min. 0) = The detector is mounted in a "stable" environment.

High (max. 2.55) = The detector is mounted in an "unstable" environment.

See also Planning Instructions, chapter "Performance factor".

Table showing the algorithms and the shortenings respectively:

Algorithm	Short name (nnnnn) ¹⁰⁰
Normal sensitivity & Normal detection (15 s)	N-15
High sensitivity & Normal detection (15 s)	H-15
Low sensitivity & Normal detection (15 s)	L-15 ¹⁰¹
Normal sensitivity & Slow detection (35 s)	N-35 ¹⁰¹
High sensitivity & Slow detection (35 s)	H-35 ¹⁰¹
Low sensitivity & Slow detection (35 s)	L-35 ¹⁰¹
Heat algorithm, Class A1	A1
Heat algorithm, Class A2 (S)	A2
Heat algorithm, Class B (S)	B
Decision algorithm	Dec ¹⁰²

Default is N-15 and A1 respectively.

27.5.1 Reset of a week average sensor value

If a sensor (analog smoke detector) is replaced without having generated SERVICE signal, its week average sensor value has to be set to the default value otherwise the new / clean sensor will inherit the old sensor's value. It is possible to clear the week average sensor value for each sensor individually, see chapter "Clear weekly average (H8/S5)", page 146. See also chapter "Acknowledge SERVICE signal (H8/S4)", page 145.

NOTE! Authorised service personnel only, must do the reset to default value. Used incorrectly it can cause nuisance fire alarms.

¹⁰⁰ If some other short name is wanted, it can be changed in Win512. Up to six characters can be used. In the DBI (Danish) convention, up to five characters.

¹⁰¹ Low sensitivity and/or slow detection (35 s) might not fulfil the EN54-7 specifications.

¹⁰² Analog multi detector 3316 only.

27.5.2

Algorithm setting via menu H4/U5

NOTE! Algorithm setting via menu H4/U5 is only valid for the "British Standard Marine Application" convention.

In a mixed system (see chapter "Mixed system", page 11), this function is not supported.

The alarm algorithm can be set (changed) via menu H4/U5 for the following detectors:

3304 in NORMAL mode

3308 / 3309 in NORMAL mode

3316 in NORMAL mode (the "Decision algorithm" is not possible to use)

No alternative algorithm can be used.

No values (offset, level, etc.) can be set via menu H4/U5 (i.e. these values have to be set via Win512).

The "Short name" (set in Win512) can be ≤ 5 characters.

When scrolling the message "Please Wait...." might be shown for " a second" and "No more sensors found in the system" (before the lowest and after the highest possible technical number in the system).

NOTE! If an algorithm is set (changed) via menu H4/U5, the site specific data (SSD) in the c.i.e. is not equal to the SSD file downloaded from Win512, i.e. a back up is required to update the SSD file (xxxxxx.512).

If an algorithm is set (changed) via menu H4/U5, the information in menu H5/A4 will be changed from "Downloaded: xxxx" to "Modified by CU: xxxx".

Follow the instructions for 3304, 3308 / 3309 and 3316 respectively:

Show sensor values and setting alarm algorithm for the Analog photo electric detector 3304:

	Text in display	Comments
"Access"		According to chapter "Access", see page 92.
Scroll to menu H4.	Present system status on display and printer ACCEPT? H4	
"A"	Disablement Printout: (1=yes) U1	
Scroll to menu U5.	Sensor values Printout: (1=yes) U5	To make a printout, press "1", else press "A" to accept.
"A"	Enter technical number: 000000	Write the sensor's technical number and/or press "A" to accept.
"A"	Sensor: 000001 Momentary: XX.X%/m Weekly: XX.X%/m	This is a list in which you can scroll or use "→" to see the next information window for the selected sensor. Press "Return" to Enter technical number.
"→"	Sensor: 000001 Min: XX.X%/m Perf Factor: X.XX%/m Max: XX.X%/m	NOTE! XX.X%/m = XX.X % obscuration per meter". Perf Factor: see below this table.
"→"	Sensor: 000001 Current algorithm: N-15	N-15 = short name, see separate table, page 115. Press "Return" to Enter technical number or press "Access" to change the algorithm.
"Access"	Access code: _	If login was made with code for level 3, no code is needed.
Enter code for level 3 (4 digits)	Access code: ****	The digits are replaced (****) in the display
	Change algorithm: (000001 Current N-15) L-15 L-35 <u>N</u> -15 N-35 H-15 H-35	Use "→" or "←".
"→"	Change algorithm: (000001 Current N-15) L-15 L-35 N-15 <u>N</u> -35 H-15 H-35	

"A"	Algorithm for sensor 000001 is changed from N-15 to N-35	
"Return"	Enter technical number: <u>000000</u>	Write the sensor's techn. number and/or press "A" to accept or press "Return" to carry out the change of algorithm(s).
"Return"	Alarm algorithms have been changed. The affected CU:s will now restart. ACCEPT?	
"A"	Sensor values Printout: (1=yes) U5	Menu U5 will be shown for a few seconds and then the affected control unit(s) will restart.
See chapter "Restart", page 88.		

NOTE!

The new algorithm will not be in use until after the restart.

In case of an automatic log off (and one or more algorithms are changed), the affected control unit(s) will restart.

Perf. Factor = Performance factor:

Low (min. 0) = The detector is mounted in a "stable" environment.

High (max. 2.55) = The detector is mounted in an "unstable" environment.

See also Planning Instructions, chapter "Performance factor".

Sensor values and setting alarm algorithm for the Analog heat detector 3308 / 3309:

	Text in display	Comments
"Access"		According to chapter "Access", see page 92.
Scroll to menu H4.	Present system status on display and printer ACCEPT? H4	
"A"	Disablement Printout: (1=yes) U1	
Scroll to menu U5.	Sensor values Printout: (1=yes) U5	To make a printout, press "1", else press "A" to accept.
"A"	Enter technical number: <u>0</u> 00000	Write the sensor's techn. number and/or press "A" to accept.
"A"	Sensor: 000003 Min: XX°C Momentary: XX°C Max: XX°C	This is a list in which you can scroll or use "→" to see the next information window for the selected sensor. Press "Return" to Enter technical number.
"→"	Sensor: 000003 Current algorithm: A1	A1 = short name, see separate table, page 115. Press "Return" to Enter technical number or press "Access" to change the algorithm.
"Access"	Access code: _	If login was made with code for level 3, no code is needed.
Enter code for level 3 (4 digits)	Access code: ****	The digits are replaced (****) in the display
	Change algorithm: (000003 Current A1) <u>A</u> 1 A2 B	Use "→" or "←".
"→"	Change algorithm: (000003 Current A1)	
"→"	A1 A2 <u>B</u>	
"A"	Algorithm for sensor 000003 is changed from A1 to B	

"Return"	Enter technical number: 000000	Write the sensor's techn. number and/or press "A" to accept or press "Return" to carry out the change of algorithm(s).
"Return"	Alarm algorithms have been changed. The affected CU:s will now restart. ACCEPT?	
"A"	Sensor values Printout: (1=yes) U5	Menu U5 will be shown for a few seconds and then the affected control unit(s) will restart.
See chapter "Restart", page 88.		

NOTE!

The new algorithm will not be in use until after the restart.
 In case of an automatic log off (and one or more algorithms are changed), the affected control unit(s) will restart.

Sensor values and setting alarm algorithm for the Analog multi detector 3316:

The procedure is similar to the procedure for 3304 and 3308 respectively. When using "→", the smoke detector information will be shown before the heat detector information.

The algorithms can only be changed one at a time, i.e. if both algorithms are to be changed, start with the smoke detector algorithm and continue with the heat detector algorithm as follows:

If a smoke detector algorithm shall be changed, do as for 3304.

If a heat detector algorithm shall be changed, use "→" to pass the smoke detector windows. Then do as for 3308.

27.6 Sensors activating SERVICE signal (H4/U6)

Service signal is indicated by LED "Service" (L12). The sensor week average value is below or over the service level respectively for one or more sensors. (Regarding the service signal levels, see Planning Instructions, chapter "Service signal".

Menu H4/U6 is a list of the sensor(s) activating service signal.

NOTE! Service signal is only information that the sensors have to be cleaned / replaced soon. The service signal has to be acknowledged, see chapter "Acknowledge SERVICE signal (H8/S4)", page 145.

It is not possible to get a print-out from menu H4/U6.

Action	Text in display	Comments
"Access"		According to chapter "Access", see page 92.
Scroll to menu H4.	Present system status on display and printer ACCEPT? H4	
"A"	Disablement Printout: (1=yes) U1	
Scroll to menu U6.	Sensors activating SERVICE signal U6	Press "A" to accept.
"A"	Sensor : xxxxxx needs service L	L = a list in which you can scroll. Press "Return" to menu U6. (If there are no sensors in the list, menu U6 will be shown again.).
"Return"	Sensors activating SERVICE signal U6	Scroll or press "Return" to menu H4. Scroll or press "Return" to log off.

27.7 Event log (H4/U7)

This is a list of events. Type and number of events in the list, etc. can be set in Win512 (see Planning Instructions and Win512 help).

From this menu, it is possible to get a print-out.

The events can be listed:

Via display: See Alternative "A" below.

Via a print-out: See Alternative "1" below.

NOTE! The event logging is disabled as long as menu H4/U7 is open.

Action	Text in display	Comments
"Access"		According to chapter "Access", see page 92.
Scroll to menu H4.	Present system status on display and printer ACCEPT? H4	
"A"	Disablement Printout: (1=yes) U1	
Scroll to menu U7.	Event log Printout: (1=yes) U7	Press "A" for display presentation or Press "1" for print-out.
<u>Alternative "A"</u>	<i>When "A" is pressed, an event will be shown in the display, e.g:</i> FIRE ALARM zone 123 address 45 MM-DD HH:MM XX or FIRE ALARM zone 456 Many alarms in zone ^{A)} MM-DD HH:MM XX	The most recent event will be shown, i.e. use "↑" to scroll upwards in the list. Press "Return" to menu U7. (XX in the example = control unit number. XX=99=Win512).
<u>Alternative "1"</u>	How many events should be printed? 000 ACCEPT?	
Write number of events to be printed, e.g. "010"	How many events should be printed? 010 ACCEPT?	Press "A" to start print-out.
"A"	Printing started. To stop printing press C and 0 simultaneously. ACCEPT?	
"A"	Show event log Printout: (1=yes) U7	Scroll or press "Return" to menu H4. Scroll or press "Return" to log off.

^{A)} More than one alarm point in zone 456 have activated fire alarm.

27.8 Configuration (H4/U8)

In a control unit the menu H4/U8 can be used to see the following settings (made in Win512, "Tools" menu) for that specific control unit:

Number of addresses that can be used, i.e. xxx = 128, 256 or 512 (set in "EBL512 settings" dialog box).

Language The language for texts presented in the alphanumeric display / print-outs. Language file (nnnn.SST) to be downloaded is selected (in "Download software..." dialog box)

Convention Different countries have different conventions, i.e. country specific functions, etc. The convention is set (changed) via Win512, menu Tools | Settings...("Win512 Settings" dialog box).¹⁰³

It is not possible to get a print-out from this menu.

Action	Text in display	Comments
"Access"		According to chapter "Access", see page 92.
Scroll to menu H4.	Present system status on display and printer ACCEPT? H4	
"A"	Disablement Printout: (1=yes) U1	
Scroll to menu U8.	Show configuration U8	Press "A" to accept.
"A"	Max number of allowed loop units xxx Language:nnnnnnnnnn Conv.:ccccccccc	Press "Return" to menu U8.
"Return"	Show configuration U8	Scroll or press "Return" to menu H4. Scroll or press "Return" to log off.

¹⁰³ To set (change) the convention in Win512, Level 2 has to be selected and a password is required.

28 Service (H5)

When commissioning an installation and by maintenance (power on and programming a control unit / a system), menu H5 is used to get certain information and help.

Only authorised personnel have access to level 4 menus. Access code for level 4 is required.

Via a PC¹⁰⁴ and Win512 (+ access code for level 5) you can:

- download / backup site specific data (SSD)
- download of S/W / settings / configurations / C.U. & system data
- create and download the user definable text messages shown in the alphanumeric display in the C.U. / ext. FBP and in the Display units.

Via a PC¹⁰⁵ and TLON Manager you can do the TLON network programming / configuration.

TLON Manager is used for programming of network data / addresses / etc.

¹⁰⁴ Connected to the "D" connector J1 on the main board 1556.

¹⁰⁵ Connected to the modular connector J2 on the main board 1556.

28.1 Access code for service (H5)

Access code to level 4 is required.

If login to level 2 was made with code for level 4, no code is required here.

Action	Text in display	Comments
"Access"		According to chapter "Access", page 92
	Perform monthly test ACCEPT? H1	
Scroll to menu H5	Service ACCEPT? H5	
"A"	Access code: _	If login was made with code for level 4, no code is needed.
Enter code for level 4 (4 digits)	Access code: ****	The digits are replaced (****) in the display
	NO ACCESS!	The access code was not correct. Try again.
	Calibration of supervised outputs ACCEPT? A1	The access code was correct. This is menu H5/A1. Press "A" to accept, scroll or press return to menu H5.

28.2 Calibration of supervised outputs (H5/A1)

Supervised (monitored) outputs:

The voltage outputs (S0-S3) in each control unit

The voltage outputs (VO0-VO1) in the COM loop output unit 3364

The voltage outputs (0-3) in the COM loop output units 2262 & 2263.

When all alarm devices (sounders, etc.) have been connected, including required end-of-line devices¹⁰⁶ and when the SSD download is ready, a calibration has to be done.

Function: If the actual value differs from the calibrated value \pm a small tolerance or if the calibrated value is outside the calibration range¹⁰⁷, a fault will be generated.

NOTE!

Each output's logic is programmable via Win512, i.e. normally low (default) or normally high (24V) but during the calibration the outputs will automatically be low, i.e. a normally high output will be low during the calibration (a few seconds).

Action	Text in display	Comments
"Access"		According to chapter "Access code for service (H5)", see page 126.
	Calibration of supervised outputs ACCEPT? A1	
"A"	Calibration in progress Please wait.....	
	Calibration of supervised outputs ACCEPT? A1	Calibration is ready. Scroll or press "Return" to H5. Scroll or press "Return" to log off.

NOTE! After the calibration it is recommended do a "Safe shutdown of the control unit" (see menu H8/S8). This will save the SSW data (e.g. the calibration values) in a Flash ROM (see page 88).

¹⁰⁶ Control unit and 2262/2262 outputs: One end-of-line resistor (33K) in the last unit or one resistor (33K) in up to five units.

3364 outputs: One end-of-line capacitor (470 nF) in the last unit or one capacitor (470 nF) in up to five units.

¹⁰⁷ 4K7 – 50K and 470 – 5x470 nF respectively.

28.3 Sensitive fault detection mode (H5/A2)

To increase the possibilities to detect faults during the commissioning, it is possible to use the "Sensitive fault detection mode. (The time delay for each fault will be reduced).

NOTE! Don't forget to turn off this mode after the commissioning.

Action	Text in display	Comments
"Access"		According to chapter "Access code for service (H5)", see page 126.
Scroll to menu A2	Sensitive fault detection mode ACCEPT? A2	
"A"	Sensitive fault detection mode: <u>0</u> (0 = off, 1 = on)	Press "A" or "1" and "A" to accept. ON is indicated by LED "Fault tx activated" (L11) and the "Fault" output for routing equipment. This mode is ON until turned OFF in this menu (A2).
"A" or "1", "A"	Sensitive fault detection mode ACCEPT? A2	Scroll or press "Return" to H5. Scroll or press "Return" to log off.

28.4 Direction for communication on COM-/BS4-loop (H5/A3)

NOTE! If the selected control unit number is an **EBL512 G3** unit in a **mixed system** the function is different, see Operating Instructions (MEW01473) for the EBL512 G3 system.

The communication direction is normally automatically changed every minute, to ensure that the wires are okay all the way. To make trouble shooting easier (e.g. during the commissioning) it is possible to lock the communication on a COM or BS4¹⁰⁸ loop in one direction. **FAULT: No reply techn. no. xxxxxx** will be generated with a reduced delay time. This function can be used to list all technical numbers "behind" a loop cut-off.

NOTE! Loop cut-off and short-circuit faults cannot be generated, since they require communication in both directions at the same time. The locking only works as long as you see the text:

COM-loop is currently communicating in A-direction (alternatively **B-direction**) in menu A3.

When you log out or if you are automatically logged out (after 60 min.), the communication will start in the A-direction.

Action	Text in display	Comments
"Access"		According to chapter "Access code for service (H5)", see page 126.
Scroll to menu A3	Direction for communication on COM-/BS4-loop ACCEPT? A3	
"A"	Select type of loop: <u>0</u> (0=COM, 1=BS4) ACCEPT?	Press "A" or "1" and "A" to accept.
"A" or "1", "A"	Lock COM-loop: <u>0</u> (0-3) Control unit: 00 ACCEPT? ----- Lock direction on BS4-loop: <u>0</u> , Board: 0, Control unit: 00 ACCEPT?	Write loop number (board number) and control unit number. Press "A" to accept.
"A"	COM-loop is currently communicating in A-direction See NOTE! above. <i>(When you select a BS4 loop, the text in this menu will still be COM loop).</i>	(Maybe the B-direction is shown instead.). Press "A" to change direction. Press "Return" to finish the locking (and return to menu A3).
"Return"	Direction for communication on COM-/BS4-loop ACCEPT? A3	Scroll or press "Return" to H5. Scroll or press "Return" to log off.

¹⁰⁸ An Autronica interface board 1584 is required in the control unit.

28.5 Show information about Site Specific Data (H5/A4)

Information regarding the current site specific data (SSD) is shown. New SSD can be downloaded via a PC and Win512.

Action	Text in display	Comments
"Access"		According to chapter "Access code for service (H5)", see page 126.
Scroll to menu A4	Show information about site specific data ACCEPT? A4	
"A"	Name: xxx ¹⁰⁹ Downloaded: YY-MM-DD hh:mm ACCEPT? (see NOTE! below)	YY=year, MM=month, DD=day. hh=hour, mm=minute
"A"	Show information about site specific data ACCEPT? A4	Scroll or press "Return" to H5. Scroll or press "Return" to log off.

If there is no SSD downloaded to the control unit the following text message will be shown:

"No SSD downloaded".

NOTE! In the "British Standard Marine Application" convention it is possible to change the alarm algorithm for some type of analog detectors, see chapter "Algorithm setting via menu H4/U5", page 117.

If one or more alarm algorithms are changed, the following information will be shown instead of the information shown above:

"A"	Name: xxx Modified by CU: YY-MM-DD hh:mm ACCEPT?	YY=year, MM=month, DD=day. hh=hour, mm=minute
-----	---	--

If an algorithm is set (changed) via menu H4/U5, the site specific data (SSD) in the c.i.e. is not equal to the SSD file downloaded from Win512, i.e. a back up is required to update the SSD file (xxxxxx.512).

"Modified by CU" will be changed back to "Downloaded" after the next SSD download and the alarm algorithms will be according to that SSD.

¹⁰⁹ "Logical Name" as written in Win512 dialog box "System Properties", tab "System Data".

28.6 Display current consumption in unit (H5/A5)

The resolution is not very high, i.e. the displayed values give only a rough idea of the current consumption.

Control unit: The total current consumption (including the charging current at 24V) for the selected control unit (c.i.e.) when it is connected to the mains (230 V AC), i.e. this function is not working by battery backup.

Charging: The battery charging current for the selected control unit (c.i.e.). This is at 24 V, i.e. before the DC/DC converter for battery charging voltage etc.

NOTE! Control unit current >3800 mA is presented as >3800 mA.
Charging current <100 mA can not be correctly presented.
The displayed "Charging" value (xxxx mA) shall be multiplied by two when "High current charging mode" has been selected via jumper "JP2" on the Charger board 1657. (JP2 shunted = High current charging mode.)

Action	Text in display	Comments
"Access"		According to chapter "Access code for service (H5)", see page 126.
Scroll to menu A5	Display current consumption in unit ACCEPT? A5	
"A"	From which control unit shall current consumption be displayed: 00 ACCEPT?	Write control unit number. Press "A" to accept.
"A"	Wait.....	
	No reply from control unit.....	If the control unit don't exist or don't answer, this message will be shown.
	Current consumption control unit 00 Control unit: xxxx mA Charging: xxxx mA	
"A"	Display current consumption in unit ACCEPT? A5	Scroll or press "Return" to H5. Scroll or press "Return" to log off.

28.7 Display current consumption COM-/BS4-loop (H5/A6)

The resolution is not very high, i.e. the displayed values give only a rough idea of the current consumption.

The current consumption (an average value) for each COM loop and BS4 loop¹¹⁰ can be displayed.

NOTE! No or very small current consumption can not be presented correctly / precisely.

Action	Text in display	Comments
"Access"		According to chapter "Access code for service (H5)", see page 126.
Scroll to menu A6	Display current consumption on COM-/BS4-loop ACCEPT? A6	
"A"	Select type of loop: <u>0</u> (0=COM, 1=BS4) ACCEPT?	Select type of loop. Press "A" to accept.
"A" or "1", "A"	Display current consumption on COM-loop: <u>0</u> , CU: 00 ACCEPT? ----- Display current consumption on BS4- loop: <u>0</u> , board: 0, CU: 00 ACCEPT?	Write loop number, (board number; 0-3) and control unit number. Press "A" to accept.
"A"	Wait.....	
	No reply from control unit.....	If the control unit don't exist or don't answer, this message will be shown.
	Current consumption on COM-loop: 0 control unit: 00 is xxxx mA ----- Current consumption on BS4-loop: 0, board: 0, control unit: 00 is xxx mA	The current consumption accuracy is ±5 mA.
"Return"	Display current consumption on COM-/BS4-loop ACCEPT? A6	Scroll or press "Return" to H5. Scroll or press "Return" to log off.

¹¹⁰ An Autronica interface board 1584 is required in the control unit.

28.8 Display statistics for COM-loop (H5/A7)

The statistics can be used during commissioning, service, etc.

Pollings are the number of pollings ("questions") sent out by the control unit to the units connected on the COM loop.

Parity are the received number of parity faults and % (faults in relation to pollings).

Bit are the received number of bit faults and % (faults in relation to pollings).

Answer are the received number of answer faults / no answers and % (faults in relation to pollings).

The Parity, Bit and Answer values shall normally be "0" or as close to "0" as possible. If not, there are some communication problems that have to be investigated. Check the COM loop, connections and the loop units.

All values are set to "0" after restart and/or after re-connection of COM loop (menu H8/S3).

Action	Text in display	Comments
"Access"		According to chapter "Access code for service (H5)", see page 126.
Scroll to menu A7	Display statistics for COM-loop ACCEPT? A7	
"A"	For which CU 00 and COM-loop 0 shall statistics be displayed? ACCEPT?	Write control unit and loop number. Press "A" to accept.
"A"	Wait.....	
	No reply from control unit.....	If the control unit don't exist or don't answer, this message will be shown.
	Pollings 1234567 Parity 000000 00.0% Bit 000000 00.0% Answer 000000 00.0%	¹¹¹ Press "A" to menu A7.
"A"	Display statistics for COM-loop ACCEPT? A7	Scroll or press "Return" to H5. Scroll or press "Return" to log off.

¹¹¹ Note! The values are not live updated, i.e. the shown values were valid when "A" was pressed in menu A7. To see the actual values, press "A" to menu A7, press "A" and write control unit and loop number again and press "A". Normally is only the value "Pollings" changed.

28.9 Select unit on COM-loop to use for triggering (H5/A8)

NOTE! This menu is not valid for an **EBL512 G3** control unit in a **mixed system**.

This function is used by service engineer and by R&D for troubleshooting.

On the pin¹¹² respectively you will get a pulse to trig an oscilloscope etc.

COM loop

Main board 1556, JP2, "upper" pin: Each unit not giving a correct answer.

Main board 1556, JP2, "lower" pin: A specific unit is being polled.

BS4 loop

Autronica interface board 1584 (in the c.i.e.), BY3, "left" pin: A specific unit is being polled.

Autronica interface board 1584, BY3, "right" pin: 0 V.

(BS4 board = Autronica interface board 1584)

Action	Text in display	Comments
"Access"		According to chapter "Access code for service (H5)", see page 126.
Scroll to menu A8	Select unit on COM-/BS4-loop to use for triggering ACCEPT? A8	
"A"	Select type of loop: <u>0</u> (0=COM, 1=BS4) ACCEPT?	Select type of loop. Press "A" to accept.
"A" or "1", "A"	CU: <u>00</u> Loop: 0 Address: 000 ACCEPT? ----- CU <u>00</u> , BS4-Board 0, Loop: 0, Address: 00 ACCEPT?	Write control unit number, (board number; 0-3), loop number and address. Press "A" to accept.
"A"	Select type of loop: <u>0</u> (0=COM, 1=BS4) ACCEPT?	Select type of loop. Press "A" to accept or press "Return" to menu A8..
"Return"	Select unit on COM-/BS4-loop to use for triggering ACCEPT? A8	Scroll or press "Return" to H5. Scroll or press "Return" to log off.

¹¹² The pin might be removed from the p.c.b.

28.10 Activate address setting mode for DU (H5/A9)

This function can be used by commissioning / service engineer to activate the address setting mode in the following Display Units connected to an Ext. FBP / DU interface board 1587 in the c.i.e.:

- Ext. Presentation unit 1728
- Alert Annunciation unit 1735 / 1736
- Ext. FBP 1826 / 1828

A specific unit or all units connected to one 1587 board can be activated for address setting.

NOTE! The units have to be in operation and in quiescent condition, i.e. the units have to have an address already.

Action	Text in display	Comments
"Access"		According to chapter "Access code for service (H5)", see page 126.
Scroll to menu A9	Activate address setting mode for DU ACCEPT? A9	
"A"	Activate address setting mode for DU CU <u>00</u> , 1587-board 0, DU 00 ACCEPT?	Write control unit number, the board number (0-1) and the unit's address (99 = All units on the selected 1587-board). Press "A" to accept.
"A"	Activate address setting mode for DU ACCEPT? A9	Scroll or press "Return" to H5. Scroll or press "Return" to log off.

The address is thereafter edited in the unit respectively.

28.11 Change access code for PC-communication (H5/A10)

As a protection against unauthorised personnel programming the system (via Win512), an access code (level 5) for PC-connection is required. For security reasons, the default code should be changed.

NOTE! This code requires eight (8) digits.

Action	Text in display	Comments
"Access"		According to chapter "Access code for service (H5)", see page 126.
Scroll to menu A10	Change access code for PC-communication ACCEPT? A10	
"A"	Access code: _ New code: ***** Verify: *****	The digits are replaced (*****) in the display.
	Incorrect access code, NO change	The code was not correct. Try again.
	Change access code for PC-communication ACCEPT? A10	The code was correct and is now changed to the new code. Scroll or press "Return" to H5. Scroll or press "Return" to log off.

NOTE! After change of access code it is recommended do a "Safe shutdown of the control unit" (see menu H8/S8). This will save the SSW data (e.g. the new code) in a Flash ROM (see page 88).

28.12 Change access code for service (H5/A11)

For security reasons, the default code should be changed.

Action	Text in display	Comments
"Access"		According to chapter "Access code for service (H5)", see page 126.
Scroll to menu A11	Change access code for service ACCEPT? A11	
"A"	Access code: _ New code: Verify:	
Enter the old code, the new code and the new code again.	Access code: **** New code: **** Verify: ****	The digits are replaced (****) in the display.
	Incorrect access code, NO change	The code was not correct. Try again.
	Change access code for service ACCEPT? A11	The code was correct and is now changed to the new code. Scroll or press "Return" to H5. Scroll or press "Return" to log off.

NOTE! After change of access code it is recommended do a "Safe shutdown of the control unit" (see menu H8/S8). This will save the SSW data (e.g. the new code) in a Flash ROM (see page 88).

If the valid access code is unknown a "back door code" is available.

29 Acknowledge FAULTS (H6)

Regarding fault indication, etc., see chapter "Fault", page 55.

See also chapter "Fault acknowledge", page 76.

All faults (i.e. not acknowledged faults, acknowledged faults and corrected / serviced faults) are stored in the event log and can be listed, see chapter "Event log (H4/U7)", page 123.

In menu H6 are up to 300 faults listed (not acknowledged and acknowledged but not corrected / not serviced faults).

Action	Text in display	Comments
"Access"		According to chapter "Access", see page 92.
Scroll to menu H6.	Acknowledge FAULTS ACCEPT? H6	
"A"	FAULT: XXXXXXXX..... Date: MM-DD Time: HH:MM See comments NOTE! The date is in some conventions / languages shown as DD-MM .	This is a list in which you can scroll. The first fault in the list is the most recent fault. If a fault is corrected, the text: Serviced ¹¹³ is shown. To acknowledge the fault shown in the display, press "Fault acknowledge".
"Fault acknowledge"	FAULT: XXXXXXXX..... Date: MM-DD Time: HH:MM Acknowledged	The fault is now Acknowledged . If / when the fault is corrected , it is no longer shown in this list. Scroll in the list (e.g. to acknowledge more faults) or press "Return" to menu H6. ¹¹⁴
"Return"	Acknowledge FAULTS ACCEPT? H6	Scroll or press "Return" to log off.

¹¹³ If faults are selected (via Win512) to be "not latched", the text *Serviced* will never be shown.

¹¹⁴ When the list is empty, i.e. when all faults are acknowledged and corrected / serviced, you will automatically return to menu H6:

30 Perform ZONE TEST (test mode) (H7)

Normally, zones are tested during the monthly test via menu H1. Via this menu (H7) it is possible to perform the zone test solely.

In test mode, only the alarm points are tested, i.e. no outputs (no sounders) will be activated during the test. (Alarm devices can be tested via menu H8/S7.)

If a real fire alarm is activated, for example by **an alarm point not in test mode**, the normal fire alarm functions will be activated, i.e. fire alarm presentation, outputs (sounders) activated, routing equipment (fire brigade tx) activated, etc.

See also chapter "Alphanumeric display (LCD) in EBL512", page 21.

NOTE! If the control unit door is left open, the output(s) for routing equipment (fire brigade tx) might be disabled (if set so in Win512).

There will be an automatic ending of the test mode one hour after the latest tested alarm point.

Action	Text in display	Comments
"Access"		According to chapter "Access", see page 92.
Scroll to menu H7.	Perform ZONE TEST ACCEPT? H7	
"A"	Zone to be set in TEST MODE: ??? ??? ??? ??? Start test: ACCEPT	
Write zone numbers (e.g. 001, 002, 003, 004).	Zone to be set in TEST MODE: 001 002 003 004 Start test: ACCEPT	Press "A" to start the test mode.
"A"	Zones are set in test mode wait...	LED "Test mode" (L9) will light up.
	Zone in TEST MODE: 001 002 003 004 End test: ACCEPT	Perform the tests.

The zone(s) will stay in test mode until the test mode is ended but after 60 minutes or if you press "Return" two times you will be logged out from menu H7.

Perform the test as quickly as possible, since the output(s) for routing equipment (fire brigade tx) are disabled (also the parts of the zones in test mode, not visible for the test personnel, are disabled).

In order to shorten the testing time, any time delay for the detectors / zones in test mode will be "disabled", i.e. fire alarm will be detected faster than normally.

In the tested alarm point, the LED will light up, and the LEDs "Fire" (L1) in the C.U. will light up, about ten seconds, then the alarm point will be automatically reset. The printer, if available, will print out every tested alarm point (Zone: xxx Address: xx Time: HH.MM).

A sensor in test mode will not be able to activate fault.

<p>After 60 minutes or "Return" "Return"</p>	<p>Zones in test mode: 001, 002, 003, 004</p> <p>NOTE! See chapter "Alphanumeric display (LCD) in EBL512", page 21 regarding priority order.</p>	<p>You are no longer in menu H7 but still in test mode.</p>
<p>(When required: "Access", "code") Scroll to menu H7 "A"</p>	<p>Zone in TEST MODE: 001 002 003 004 End test: ACCEPT</p>	<p>Press "A" to end the test mode.</p>
<p>"A"</p>	<p>Perform ZONE TEST</p> <p>ACCEPT? H7</p>	<p>The LED "Test mode" is turned OFF. If more zones are to be tested, continue as above. If not, scroll or press "Return" to log off.</p>

NOTE! During the test, the following information will be shown in all other c.i.e. displays:

Zones in test mode: 001, 002, 003, 004

(In DBI (Danish) convention, only one zone.)

NOTE_2! If an alarm point (e.g. a manual call point) is in alarm state when the test mode is ended, there will not be a fire alarm activated. Instead the alarm point will be disabled and has to be re-enabled again via menu H2/B5.

When the "Fire door closing" function is used, the fire door will be closed when the detectors controlling the door are tested via the test mode.

31 Maintenance (H8)

31.1 Access code for maintenance

Access code for access level 3 is required for menu H8.

NOTE! If login to level 2 was made with code for level 3 or 4, no code to access level 3 is required here.

Action	Text in display	Comments
"Access"		According to chapter "Access", see page 92.
Scroll to menu H8.	Maintenance ACCEPT? H8	
"A"	Access code: _	When required (see above), enter the access code for level 3.
Enter the code (4 digits)	Access code: ****	The digits are replaced (****) in the display.
	NO ACCESS!	The access code was not correct. Try again.
	Disable or re-enable outputs for routing equipment ACCEPT? S1	The access code was correct. This is menu S1. Press "A" to accept or scroll to the following menus (S2-S8).

31.2 Disable or re-enable outputs for routing equipment (H8/S1)

Outputs for routing equipment (fire brigade tx / fault tx) can be disabled via this menu. They stay disabled, until re-enabled again via this menu. Can be useful during an installation test period, when only local alarms are required.

Disabled outputs are indicated by LEDs "Disablements" (L8) and "**Fault / Disablements** Fire brigade tx" (L15).

Disabled outputs are listed in menu H4/U1.

Action	Text in display	Comments
"Access"		According to chapter "Access code for maintenance", see page 141.
	Disable or re-enable outputs for routing equipment ACCEPT? S1	
"A"	Routing equipment for FIRE:1, FAULT:1 (1=enabled, 0=disabled) ACCEPT?	To move the cursor, press "→". Edit and/or press "A" to accept.
"A"	Disable or re-enable outputs for routing equipment ACCEPT? S1	Scroll or press "Return" to return to H8. Scroll or press "Return" to log off.

31.3 Disconnect loop (H8/S2)

Before physical connection / disconnection of loop units, etc. the loop (or zone line) shall be disconnected (disabled), i.e. there will be no voltage on the "loop" to avoid damage on the units and the c.i.e.

BS4 loop require an Autronica interface board 1584 in the control unit. DET8 "loop" (zone line) requires an 8 zones expansion board 1580 in the control unit.

Action	Text in display	Comments
"Access"		According to chapter "Access code for maintenance", see page 141.
Scroll to menu S2.	Disconnect loop ACCEPT? S2	
"A"	Disconnect type: <u>0</u> (0=COM, 1=BS4,) 2=DET8, 3=Loop Unit) ACCEPT?	Press: "0"=COM loop "1"=BS4 loop "2"=Expansion board 1580 "3"=Addr. zone interface 2226 / 2335 / 2821 or 3361 ¹¹⁵ (MIO). Press "A" to accept.
"A" Depending on the chosen type, 0, 1, 2 or 3, the following will be shown:	Disconnect COM-Loop: <u>0</u> , CU: 00 ACCEPT? ----- Disconnect BS4-Loop: <u>0</u> , Board: 0, CU: 00 ACCEPT? ----- Disconnect DET8-input: <u>0</u> , Board: 0, CU: 00 ACCEPT? ----- Disconnect input technical no.: 000000 ¹¹⁵ ACCEPT?	Write the required numbers. Press "A" to accept.
"A"	Disconnect type: <u>0</u> (0=COM, 1=BS4,) 2=DET8, 3=Loop Unit) ACCEPT?	LED "Disablesments" indicates disconnected loops, etc. Continue to disconnect or press "Return" to menu S2.
"Return"	Disconnect loop ACCEPT? S2	Scroll or press "Return" to return to menu H8. Scroll or press "Return" to log off.

Don't forget to re-connect the loop / zone line again, via menu H8/S3.

¹¹⁵ Only valid for input 0 as a zone line input (Z), i.e. trigger cond. no. 19.

31.4 Re-connect loop (H8/S3)

Disconnected (disabled) loops / zone lines (via menu H8/S2) are indicated by LED "Disablesments" and listed in menu H4/U1.

NOTE! When you re-connect a COM loop all the statistics shown in menu H5/A7 will be erased and set to "0".

Action	Text in display	Comments
"Access"		According to chapter "Access code for maintenance", see page 141.
Scroll to menu S3.	Re-connect loop ACCEPT? S3	
"A"	Re-connect type: <u>0</u> (0=COM, 1=BS4, 2=DET8, 3=Loop Unit) ACCEPT?	Press: "0"=COM loop "1"=BS4 loop "2"=Expansion board 1580 "3"=Addr. zone interface 2226 / 2335 3361 (MIO). Press "A" to accept.
"A" Depending on the chosen type, 0, 1, 2 or 3, the following will be shown:	Re-connect COM-Loop: <u>0</u> , CU: 00 ACCEPT? ----- Re-connect BS4-Loop: <u>0</u> , Board: 0, CU: 00 ACCEPT? ----- Re-connect DET8-input: <u>0</u> , Board: 0, CU: 00 ACCEPT? ----- Re-connect input technical no.: 000000 ACCEPT?	Write the required numbers. Press "A" to accept.
"A"	Re-connect type: <u>0</u> (0=COM, 1=BS4, 2=DET8, 3=Loop Unit) ACCEPT?	Continue to re-connect or press "Return" to menu S2. LED "Disablesments" will be turned off if there are no other disablesments in the system.
"Return"	Re-connect loop ACCEPT? S3	Scroll or press "Return" to return to menu H8. Scroll or press "Return" to log off.

31.5 Acknowledge SERVICE signal (H8/S4)

See chapter "Sensors activating SERVICE signal (H4/U6)", page 122.

When service signal from a sensor is acknowledged, the sensor is given a default sensor value (for a new / clean sensor), i.e. **first** replace the sensor, **then** acknowledge the service signal **as soon as possible**.

The first week average sensor value (after acknowledge) will be calculated within one hour and thereafter each week.

NOTE! If a sensor is replaced without having generated service signal, it has to be reset to the default sensor value, see chapter "Clear weekly average (H8/S5)", page 146.

Action	Text in display	Comments
"Access"		According to chapter "Access code for maintenance", see page 141.
Scroll to menu S4.	Acknowledge SERVICE signal ACCEPT? S4	
"A"	Sensor : xxxxxx needs service L NOTE! The list order in this menu is as follows: a) Technical number order in the control unit this menu is opened. b) Technical number order in the rest of the system.	If there are no sensors to acknowledge, menu S4 will be shown again. L = a list in which you can scroll. If it is the correct sensor to acknowledge, press "Fault acknowledge". If not, scroll or write the wanted sensor and press "Fault acknowledge" or press "Return" to S4.
"Fault acknowledge"	<i>The service signal for that sensor is now acknowledged and the next sensor will be shown in the display.</i> Sensor : yyyyyy needs service L	If more service signal acknowledgements shall be done, continue like above. If not, press "Return" to menu S4.
"Return"	Acknowledge SERVICE signal ACCEPT? S4	Scroll or press "Return" to menu H8. Scroll or press "Return" to log off.

LED "Service" (L12) will be turned off when all sensors have been acknowledged.

31.6 Clear weekly average (H8/S5)

If a sensor (analog smoke detector) is replaced without having generated SERVICE signal, its week average sensor value has to be set to the default value otherwise the new / clean sensor will inherit the old sensor's value. It is possible to clear the week average sensor value for each sensor individually.

NOTE! First replace the sensor, **then** clear the week average value **as soon as possible**. Authorised service personnel only, must do this. Used incorrectly it can cause nuisance fire alarms.

The first week average sensor value (after clearing) will be calculated within one hour and after that each week.

Action	Text in display	Comments
"Access"		According to chapter "Access code for maintenance", see page 141.
Scroll to menu S5.	Clear weekly average ACCEPT? S5	
"A"	Enter technical number to clear: 000000 ACCEPT?	Write the wanted techn. no. and/or press "A" to accept.
"A"	Clear weekly average ACCEPT? S5	Scroll or press "Return" to return to menu H8. Scroll or press "Return" to log off.

31.7 De-activate alert annunciation function (H8/S6)

Normal function (1):

For alarm points / zones programmed for Alert Annunciation (via Win512) is normally this function enabled via a time channel, e.g. enabled daytime (during working hours) and disabled night time. As an alternative for alarm points / zones programmed for Alert Annunciation can this function be continuously enabled.

Off (0)

Via this menu (H8/S6) it is possible to de-activate (disable) the **AA** function, i.e. the **AA** function will be disabled for the alarm points / zones programmed for Alert Annunciation in spite of the time channel is "on" or if they are programmed to be continuously enabled.

The **AA** function will stay de-activated (disabled) until re-activated (re-enabled) again via this menu.

Action	Text in display	Comments
"Access"		According to chapter "Access code for maintenance", see page 141.
Scroll to menu S6.	De-activate alert annunciation function ACCEPT? S6	
"A"	Alert annunciation function? <u>1</u> (1 = Normal, 0 = Off) ACCEPT?	Write "0" or "1" and press "A" to accept.
"A"	De-activate alert annunciation function ACCEPT? S6	Scroll or press "Return" to return to menu H8. Scroll or press "Return" to log off.

31.8 Test alarm devices (H8/S7)

The programmable outputs¹¹⁶ type "Alarm device" can be collectively activated via this menu (H8/S7), which make it possible to test the alarm devices.

The test cannot be started if fire alarm is activated in the system.

One or all control units can be selected. When the test starts the alarm devices will sound for approx. 5 seconds, be silent for approx. 25 seconds, sound for approx. 5 seconds and so on.¹¹⁷

NOTE! Also disabled (and silenced) alarm devices will be tested.

The test will continue for one hour, is stopped via this menu (H8/S7) or if a fire alarm is activated in the system.

Action	Text in display	Comments
"Access"		According to chapter "Access code for maintenance", see page 141.
Scroll to menu S7.	Test alarm devices ACCEPT? S7	
"A"	Test alarm devices on CU 00? (99 = All) ACCEPT?	Write a CU no. (or "99" for all CUs) and press "A" to accept.
"A"	Test of alarm devices in progress. End test? ACCEPT?	The test will continue for one hour if not stopped via this menu (S7) or if a fire alarm is activated in the system. Press "A" to accept / stop the test.
"A"	Test alarm devices ACCEPT? S7	Scroll or press "Return" to return to menu H8. Scroll or press "Return" to log off.

¹¹⁶ Including Addressable siren 3377 and Addressable sounder base 3378.

¹¹⁷ The output activation will be continuously (steady). For the alarm devices 3377 and 3378, the tone with the highest priority level (and type "alarm device") will be automatically selected.

31.9 Safe shut down of control unit (H8/S8)

It's not recommended to power off a control unit (i.e. no 230 V AC and no battery) without first doing a safe shut down of control unit.¹¹⁸ Safe shut down will save the SSW and put the CPU at rest. See also chapter "Restart", page 88.

It's recommended to do a safe shut down after commissioning the installation and after the calibration of supervised outputs, change of access code etc. in order to save the new values, codes etc.

Safe shut down can be performed from any control unit and any control unit can be selected, e.g. a control unit without a front has to be shut down from another control unit.

NOTE! By restart and power off, the Fault tx output(s) will be "activated".

Action	Text in display	Comments
"Access"		According to chapter "Access code for maintenance", see page 141.
Scroll to menu S8.	Safe shut down of control unit ACCEPT? S8	
"A"	Shut down control unit <u>00</u> ? 0 (1 = Yes, 0 = No) ACCEPT?	
Write the C.U. number, "1" (=yes) and "A"	Please Wait ...	Shown for 3 sec. then one of the three alternatives: Count down starts from nnn = 300 seconds. Disconnect the power supply (mains <u>and</u> battery). When the power supply is connected again or after 300 seconds (if powered all time), there will be an automatic reset / restart.
	In the CU that will be shut down (when a front is available): Ready for shut-down, break the power. Automatic restart within nnn seconds!	
	In the CU:s that will not be shut down: Control unit xx ready for power off	
	No reply from the selected CU xx , i.e. no safe shut down: No reply from control unit.	
	FAULT: Restart CU xx code xx yyyyyyy Date: mm-dd Time: hh:mm Serviced NOTE! The date is in the Ukrainian convention (S/W version \geq 2.2.3) and the Australian convention shown as DD-MM .	After restart / power on (see page 88), there will be a fault activated. This fault has to be acknowledged, see chapter "Acknowledge FAULTS (H6)", page 138.

¹¹⁸ If not, a fault ("FAULT: Read/write site data (SSW), CU xx") might be generated when you power up the control unit again.

31.10 Activate address in alarm mode (H8/S9)

One alarm point (address), not a whole zone, can be set in alarm status. The built-in LED in the alarm point (detector) will be turned on to indicate the alarm. Among other applications, this function is used for installations on ships.

NOTE! All outputs, standard and programmable, which would have been activated by a real fire alarm from the same alarm point, will be activated by this manual alarm as well.

Alarm activated via this menu will be automatically reset after one hour.

Action	Text in display	Comments
"Access"		According to chapter "Access code for maintenance", see page 141.
Scroll to menu S9.	Activate address in alarm mode ACCEPT? S9	
"A"	Select zone: 000 address: 00 ACCEPT?	
Write the zone and address.	Select zone: 123 address: 45 ACCEPT?	Press "A" to accept / start the fire alarm.
"A"	POINT: 123-45 No.: 001 User definable text, if programmed	Normal fire alarm presentation in the control unit(s) / FBPs display. If more alarm points have to be set in alarm status, press "Return" to select another zone - address and continue as above.
"Return"	Select zone: 000 address: 00 ACCEPT?	
Write the zone and address.	Select zone: 012 address: 34 ACCEPT?	Press "A" to accept / start the fire alarm.
"A"	POINT: 123-45 LAST: 012-34 No.: 002 User definable text, if programmed	

What happens by reset of the fire alarm(s) is depending on:

- a) if you still are in menu H8/S9 and single reset is used
- b) if you still are in menu H8/S9 and multiple reset is used or if you are logged out (by pressing "Return" two times **or** automatically after 10 minutes).

Alternative a) "Reset"	Activate address in alarm mode ACCEPT? S9	Scroll or press "Return" to menu H8. Scroll or press "Return" to log off.
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Alternative b) "Reset"	(Blank)	
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NOTE!

Multiple reset is default.¹¹⁹

By Single reset each point has to be reset individually.

¹¹⁹ Alarm reset is selected in the Win512 "System" dialog box.

31.11 Synchronize the control units (H8/S10)

Synchronization can also be done via Win512.

The control units have to be synchronized when:

- The following fault message is shown:

FAULT: CU xx has wrong information¹²⁰

During the synchronization there will be displayed information for the control unit respectively. The information is shown on the second row in positions 1 to 30, i.e. one position for each control unit 00-29.

- = Synchronization not started.

X and ? alternating = Synchronization in progress for CU = X (X is the last digit in the control unit number, e.g. 8 for CU no. 18 and 28).

+ = Synchronization completed

<Blank> = There is no control unit with that number in the system.

Action	Text in display	Comments
"Access"		According to chapter "Access code for maintenance", see page 141.
Scroll to menu S10.	Synchronize the control units ACCEPT? S10	
"A"	Shall synchronization be started? <u>0</u> (1 = Yes, 0 = No) ACCEPT?	Press "1" and "A" to start the synchronisation <u>or</u> press "A" to go directly to the field "Synchronization completed" <u>or</u> press "Return" to menu S10.
"1", "A"	Synchronization in progress... 0+--4+?78+??+-4 +8+0?2?+?+78+ ACCEPT?	During the synchronization the information on each position (on row 2) is changing all the time. 28 CUs are shown in the example (i.e. 15 & 16 are not programmed). Press "A" to continue.
"A"	Synchronization completed MM-DD HH:MM +++++ ACCEPT?	Month (MM), day (DD) and time for the latest completed synchronization
"A"	Shall synchronization be started? <u>0</u> (1 = Yes, 0 = No) ACCEPT?	Press "Return" to menu S10. (Or press "1" and

¹²⁰ If the CU restarts in conjunction with this fault, the synchronization will start automatically otherwise it has to be started via this menu.

		"A" to start the synchronisation <u>or</u> press "A" to go directly to the field "Synchronization completed"
"Return"	Synchronize the control units ACCEPT? S10	Scroll or press "Return" to menu H8. Scroll or press "Return" to log off.

31.12 Change access code for maintenance (H8/S11)

For security reasons, the default code should be changed.

Action	Text in display	Comments
"Access"		According to chapter "Access code for maintenance", see page 141.
Scroll to menu S9.	Change access code for maintenance ACCEPT? S11	
"A"	Access code: _ New code: Verify:	
Enter the old code, the new code and the new code again.	Access code: **** New code: **** Verify: ****	The digits are replaced (****) in the display.
	Incorrect access code, NO change	The code was not correct. Try again.
	Change access code for maintenance ACCEPT? S11	The code was correct and is now changed to the new code. Scroll or press "Return" to menu H8. Scroll or press "Return" to log off.

NOTE! After change of access code it is recommended do a "Safe shutdown of the control unit" (see menu H8/S8). This will save the SSW data (e.g. the new code) in a Flash ROM (see page 88).

If the valid access code is unknown a "back door code" is available.

32 Interlocking outputs and inputs (H9)

32.1 Activated interlocking outputs/inputs (H9/C1)

Action	Text in display	Comments
"Access"		According to chapter "Access", see page 92.
Scroll to menu H9.	Interlocking outputs and inputs ACCEPT? H9	
"A"	Activated interlocking outputs/inputs ACCEPT? C1	
"A" Depending on activated output and/or input, the following will be shown:	Output AAA/PP activated at HH:MM User definable text message (if progr.) ----- Output AAA/PP act HH:MM, input act HH:MM User definable text message (if progr.) ----- Input AAA/PP activated at HH:MM User definable text message (if progr.)	This is a list in which you can scroll. AAA=interlocking comb. area PP= interlocking comb. point within the area. Press "Return" to menu C1.
"Return"	Activated interlocking outputs/inputs ACCEPT? C1	Scroll or press "Return" to menu H9. Scroll or press "Return" to log off.

32.2 Activate interlocking output (H9/C2)

The output in each interlocking combination (area / point) can be manually activated via this menu. The corresponding interlocking input will be "monitored" in the same way as if the output was activated by its control expression.

Reset has to be performed via menu H9/C3.

Action	Text in display	Comments
"Access"		According to chapter "Access", see page 92.
Scroll to menu H9.	Interlocking outputs and inputs ACCEPT? H9	
"A"	Activated interlocking outputs/inputs ACCEPT? C1	
Scroll to menu C2.	Activate interlocking output ACCEPT? C2	
"A"	Activate interlocking output area 000 point 00 ACCEPT?	
Write the area and point, e.g.:	Activate interlocking output area 001 point 01 ACCEPT?	Press "A" to accept and/or "Return" to menu C2.
"A"	Activate interlocking output ACCEPT? C2	Scroll or press "Return" to menu H9. Scroll or press "Return" to log off.

32.3 Reset interlocking output (H9/C3)

All activated interlocking outputs are listed in this menu.

Interlocking output activated via its control expression and with latching output not selected: The output can be reset via this menu.

Interlocking output activated via its control expression and with latching output selected (in Win512): The output has to be reset via this menu.

Interlocking output activated via menu H9/C2: The output has to be reset via this menu.

Interlocking output activated via Web-server II: The output has to be reset via this menu.

Action	Text in display	Comments
"Access"		According to chapter "Access", see page 92.
Scroll to menu H9.	Interlocking outputs and inputs ACCEPT? H9	
"A"	Activated interlocking outputs/inputs ACCEPT? C1	
Scroll to menu C3.	Reset interlocking output ACCEPT? C3	
"A"	Reset interlocking output area 000 point 00 ACCEPT?	This is a list in which you can scroll. If there are no activated outputs, menu C3 will be shown again. Press "A" (for reset) or "Return" (no reset) to menu C3.
"A" or "Return"	Reset interlocking output ACCEPT? C3	Scroll or press "Return" to menu H9. Scroll or press "Return" to log off.

32.4 Disable interlocking output (H9/C4)

Interlocking outputs (Type = Interlocking) can be disabled via this menu but not via menu H2/B3.

The "Interlocking Combination" (Area / Point) is to be entered to disable the output. If "000/00" is entered, **all** interlocking outputs will be disabled at the same time.

Up to 200 interlocking outputs can be disabled.

Disabled interlocking outputs are listed in menu H4/U1 from which it is also possible to get a print-out.

The LED "Disablements" (L8) is also indicating one or more disabled interlocking outputs.

Action	Text in display	Comments
"Access"		According to chapter "Access", see page 92.
Scroll to menu H9.	Interlocking outputs and inputs ACCEPT? H9	
"A"	Activated interlocking outputs/inputs ACCEPT? C1	
Scroll to menu C4.	Disable interlocking output ACCEPT? C4	
"A"	Disable interlocking output area 000 point 00 ACCEPT?	
Write the area and point, e.g.:	Disable interlocking output area 001 point 01 ACCEPT?	Press "A" to accept and/or "Return" to menu C3.
"A"	Disable interlocking output ACCEPT? C4	Scroll or press "Return" to menu H9. Scroll or press "Return" to log off.

32.5 Re-enable interlocking output (H9/C5)

Disabled interlocking outputs are listed in menu H4/U1 from which it is also possible to get a print-out.

Interlocking outputs (Type = Interlocking) can be re-enabled via this menu but not via menu H2/B6.

If "000/00" is entered, **all** interlocking outputs, disabled via menu H9/C4 and "000/00", will be re-enabled at the same time.

Action	Text in display	Comments
"Access"		According to chapter "Access", see page 92.
Scroll to menu H9.	Interlocking outputs and inputs ACCEPT? H9	
"A"	Activated interlocking outputs/inputs ACCEPT? C1	
Scroll to menu C5.	Re-enable interlocking output ACCEPT? C5	
"A"	Re-enable interlocking output area 000 point 00 ACCEPT?	This is a list in which you can scroll. If there are no disabled outputs, menu C5 will be shown again. Press "A" (for re-enable) or "Return" (not re-enable) to menu C5.
"A" or "Return"	Re-enable interlocking output ACCEPT? C5	Scroll or press "Return" to menu H9. Scroll or press "Return" to log off.

33 Change access code for daily duties (H10)

For security reasons, the default code should be changed.

Action	Text in display	Comments
"Access"		According to chapter "Access", see page 92.
Scroll to menu H10.	Change access code for daily duties ACCEPT? H10	
"A"	Access code: _ New code: Verify:	
Enter the old code, the new code and the new code again.	Access code: **** New code: **** Verify: ****	The digits are replaced (****) in the display.
	Incorrect access code, NO change	The code was not correct. Try again.
	Change access code for daily duties ACCEPT? H10	The code was correct and is now changed to the new code. Scroll or press "Return" to log off.

NOTE! After change of access code it is recommended do a "Safe shutdown of the control unit" (see menu H8/S8). This will save the SSW data (e.g. the new code) in a Flash ROM (see page 88).

If the valid access code is unknown a "back door code" is available.

34 Annual control

The building occupier is highly recommended, once a year, to do some tests, beside the monthly tests. To avoid the Fault tx output(s) to be activated, they can be disabled via menu H8/S1 (or via an open door, see chapter "Door open", page 35.).

Regarding the fault condition, see chapters "Fault", page 55 and "Fault messages", page 56.

NOTE! Most of the faults have a delay.

Each control unit should be tested as follows:

- * Perform monthly test (menu H1).
- * Remove one battery fuse (F2 or F3 on the charger board 1557/1657). The following fault message is to be shown:

FAULT: Battery not connected CU xx

NOTE! xx is depending on control unit.

- * Put back the fuse and acknowledge the fault (Menu H6).
- * Remove fuse F5 (**not F1 - F4**) on the connection board 1555. The following fault message is to be shown:

FAULT: Supervised output 0, CU xx

NOTE! xx is depending on control unit.

- * Put back the fuse and acknowledge the fault.

When output units type 2262 / 2263 are installed:

- * Remove the battery fuse F3 on the rectifier p.c.b. The following fault message is to be shown:

FAULT: Battery output unit xxxxxxx

NOTE! xxxxxxx is depending on output unit and control unit.

- * Put back the fuse and acknowledge the fault.
- * Remove fuse F8 on the output p.c.b. The following fault message is to be shown:

FAULT: Superv. output 3 tech.no. xxxxxxx

NOTE! xxxxxxx is depending on output unit and control unit.

- * Check the manual call points (the glass). Take required measures. Use the manual call point alarm test key.
- * Check some control outputs. Are they activated according to programmed control expressions?

35 **How to change paper in the printer**

When the paper roll is almost empty, a red line appears on one edge of the paper. Change the paper roll before it's completely empty! Always have a spare paper roll on site.

Change the paper roll as follows:

- * Read all instructions before changing the paper roll.
- * Open the control unit door. Unlock the (metal) inner door by removing the screw, placed on top, to the left of the inner door. Open the inner door.
- * Remove the old paper roll carefully, cut the paper so that the paper within the printer remains there.
- * Take the new paper roll, tape the new paper to the old paper and place the paper roll on the printer.
- * Press the "Paper feed" button (P7) until the new paper comes out of the printer.

Cut off the paper and lock the inner door. Close the control unit door.

36 Replacing a TLON connection board and/or a main board

By the TLON network programming, some unique data will be stored on the **1590 TLON connection board** and some unique data will be stored on the **1556 Main board**.

After replacing a TLON connection board to another or replacing both a TLON connection board and a main board, do "Replace", "Update" and "Save" in TLON Manager. (In TLON Manager version 2.0, "Save" will be automatically done after "Update".)

After replacing a main board to another (not the TLON connection board), do "Update" and "Save" in TLON Manager. (In TLON Manager version 2.0, "Save" will be automatically done after "Update".)

37 Battery maintenance

The batteries (2 x 12 V, 24 Ah) are normally placed in the control unit. Larger batteries (≤ 60 Ah) are placed outside the control unit.

The control unit supervises the batteries and a fault will be generated if something goes wrong.

They are rechargeable sealed lead-acid batteries and normally maintenance-free. The producer's instructions shall always be followed.

The ambient temperature affects the battery capacity, self discharge and life span. It should not be higher than normal room temperature (approx. 20-22°C). For highest safety, batteries used in a fire alarm installation should never be older than four years.

38 **How to avoid unnecessary (nuisance) fire alarms**

We all realise, when life, buildings, production facilities, etc. shall be saved, it is of utmost importance that an initial fire is detected as soon as possible. That's why more and more automatic fire alarm systems are installed.

In an automatic fire alarm installation, especially if smoke detectors (sensors) are used, everybody in the building needs to be informed how to avoid so called unnecessary (nuisance) fire alarms.

To avoid trouble and unnecessary expenses there are a couple of things to bear in mind. Here are some advice and tips.

Tobacco smoke

The detectors (sensors) can not sense the difference between "smoke" and "smoke". They can not separate tobacco smoke from smoke from a fire. Intensive tobacco smoking in connection with bad ventilation can cause a fire alarm.

Welding, grinding, cutting, sawing & drilling

These kind of jobs cause smoke.

Carpet welding

Welding of plastic carpets causes a smoke that can be almost invisible, but it still influences the smoke detectors (sensors).

Cooking fumes, toasting & candles

It is not only "normal smoke" that influences smoke detectors (sensors). It is all kinds of "combustion products", caused by cooking (frying/grilling), toasting, etc. Warning! Be careful when there are smoke detectors (sensors) near such activity.

Special environments

In certain premises a special environment can exist, which can influence smoke detectors (sensors) and cause alarm. It can be ions (from plastics), flour dust, oil haze, aerosols, strong perfumes, strong ventilation, insecticides, disinfecting sprays, etc. If many odd and unnecessary alarms occur, the environment must be examined and perhaps other detector types have to be chosen.

Steam / hot air

Smoke and heat detectors are influenced by steam and hot air, e.g. from an oven, dry-blower, heater, etc.

Exhausts

Exhausts from cars / trucks, lift trucks, lawn mowers, etc. influences smoke detectors (sensors). If windows and doors are open, exhausts can "slip in" that way.

Lack of maintenance

Smoke detectors (sensors) are influenced by their environment and become "dirty". In an analog system (like EBL512) a Service signal is given when it is time to clean or exchange the smoke detectors (sensors). The alternative is to exchange detectors at even intervals, to be on the safe side.

Change in activities or wrong choice of detector

If the activities in the premises are altered, the detector choice might also need altering. Due to special environments, see above, an inappropriate detector type might have been chosen from the beginning and thus cause unnecessary alarms.

Miscellaneous

Choosing another type of detector can solve certain problems. Bear also in mind, that the coverage area can be different for different types of detectors.

It is however not always the best action to change detector type. Here is a list of other actions, programmed via Win512, which can be used:

- * Another alarm algorithm can be used.
- * Alarm delay for smoke detectors / sensors can be used.
- * Two-zone or two-unit dependent (co-incident) fire alarm activation can be used.
- * In an installation with addressable detectors / sensors (e.g. EBL512), the affected detectors can be individually disabled (or whole zones) when the work is in progress. Bear in mind that the smoke spreads, and consideration must be taken to adjacent detectors / zones. Disablements can be done automatically via a time channel (built-in or external) or via menu (H2/B1-B3). Automatic re-enabling can be used.
- * If there is an alarm organisation for the personnel on site, the alert annunciation function can be used.
- * Pre-warning can be used.

39 Information regarding radioactive radiation source

The installation might contain old smoke sensors / detectors of the ionization type. They contain a small radioactive radiation source, Americium 241.

When the sensor / detector gets dirty and when service signal has been activated in the system, contact your local dealer for replacement of the sensors / detectors.

Metal objects must absolutely not be stuck into the sensor / detector. Static electricity might destroy the detector.

Defective / faulty, discarded and replaced sensors / detectors shall be taken care of as radioactive waste. They shall be packed in chock absorbing material to make a stable parcel.

PLEASE NOTE!

Damaged sensors / detectors shall also be packed in a sealed packet whose surface must not be contaminated, that is, not be soiled with loose radioactive dust.

40 **Revision history**

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